

# Andalusia. Basic Data 2002

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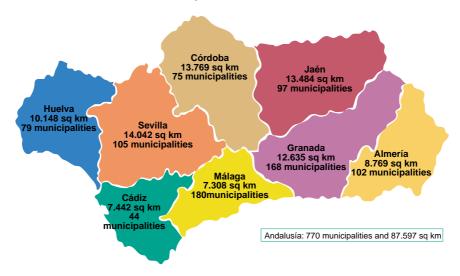
-	nil value	m³	Cubic metre
	Data not available	Hm³	Cubic hectometre
%	Percentage	°C	Degree centigrade
<	Less than	€	Euro
>	Greater than	I	Litre
Nº	Number	Ha	Hectare
inhab	Inhabitant	Tm	Metric ton
Km	Kilometre	μ <b>g</b>	Microgram
sq m	Square metre	Mwh	Megawatt/hour
sq Km	Square kilometre	TEP	Equivalent ton of petroleum
KTEP	Kilo TEP	$SO_2$	Sulphur dioxide
$NO_2$	Nitrogen dioxide	CO	Carbon monoxide

# Territory and environment

This chapter offers a selection of tables showing some aspects relating to the territory, such as total area, use and vegetation of the land and the environment, on which

data concerning quality and protection policies of the natural areas, their characteristics and state of conservation are provided.

#### 1.1. Total area and number of municipalities.2001



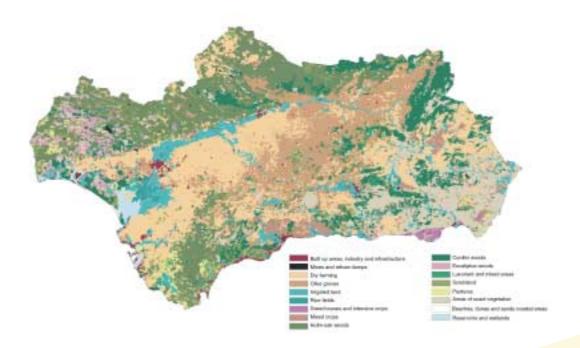
SOURCE: IEA. Multi-territorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)

#### 1.2. Classification of the municipalities according to total area by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Less than 30 sq km	30	6	12	64	14	6	37	30	199
From 30 to 49 sq km	n 20	5	7	26	14	19	21	13	125
From 50 to 99 sq km	n 31	12	13	46	16	24	20	20	182
From 100 to 199 sq	km 8	10	21	19	17	29	19	20	143
From 200 to 499 sq	km 12	9	16	11	17	17	2	18	102
500 sq km and over	1	2	6	2	1	2	1	4	19
Total	102	44	75	168	79	97	100	105	770

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. Cartographic Institute of Andalusia.

#### 1.3. Vegetation and uses of the land in Andalusia. 1995

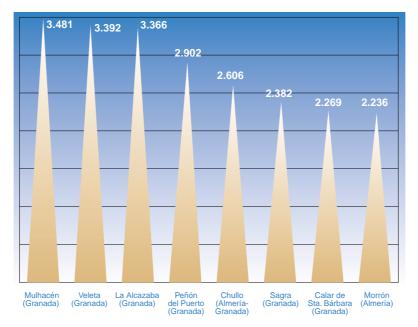


SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

Statistics of vegetation in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Made with the objective of having detailed and updated information on vegetation and use of the land in Andalusia, its distri-

bution and evolution. For this, the vegetation data base obtained from the digital treatment of satellite images of the Autonomous Community and their subsequent interpretation is exploited statistically at different spatial levels.

## 1.4. The highest peaks of Andalusia\* (meters)



SOURCE: National Geographic Institute. National Atlas of Spain

#### 1.5. Demand of water according to use and water balance by basin. 2001

Basin		Use (perce	ntage)		Final	<b>balance</b> (Hm	³/year)
	Urban	Industrial Ag	ricultural	Other	Demand	Resources	Balance
Guadalquivir	11,7	1,6	80,3	6,4	3.578	3.362	-216
Guadalete/Barbate	25,7	2,9	65,0	6,4	409	476	67
Sur	18,0	2,3	77,7	2,0	1.377	1.220	-157
Guadiana I	31,3	6,3	62,5	-	16	12	-4
Guadiana II	16,2	22,6	55,6	5,6	234	350	116
Segura	10,6	-	89,4		47	6	-41
-							
Total	14,5	2,8	77,6	5,2	5.661	5.426	-235
	14,0	2,0	, 0	0,2	3.001	3.420	200

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport

<sup>\*</sup>The peaks have been chosen because they visually dominate their surrondings, but they are not necessarily the highest.

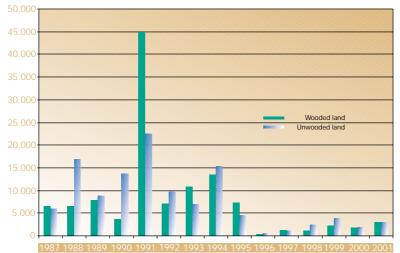
Statistics of investments and reforestations in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. These statistics determine the type of reforestation and the costs derived from it in public and private mountains, by means of the study of the following variables: hectares reforested by species and type of

reforestation in public and private mountains, total and unitary costs and the distribution of the costs in seeds, seedlings, machinery, labour and others. The reforestations are considered according to whether they are preferentially protective or productive.

1.6. Refore	stations ac	cordir	ng to spe	ecies by	provin	ice. 199	9-2000		
	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
1999									
Conifer	142,68		152,87	_		342,86	71,03		
Luxuriant	-		116,80	6,76		134,37	57,80		
Bushy	54,02		-	6,24		61,91	-		
Total	196,70		269,67	13,00		539,14	128,83		
2000 Conifer		_	_	_		_	542,77		
Luxuriant		_	_	_		_	119,33		
Bushy		-	-	-		-	· -		
Total		-	-	-		-	662,10		

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

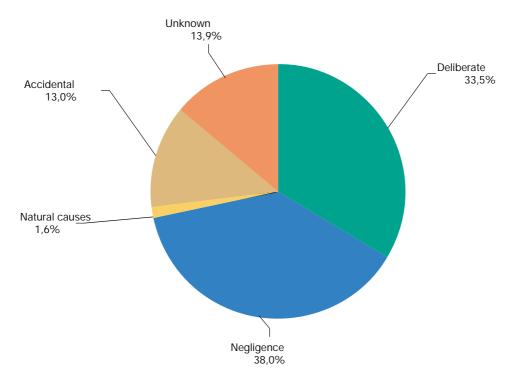
## 1.7. Evolution of the areas set afire acording to type in Andalusia (Ha)



SOURCES: 1986-1992: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries 1993-2001: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

Statistics of forest fires in Andalu<mark>sia. Region</mark>al Government Ministry of the Environment. The objective of this activity is to respond to the Administration and the forestry sector's requirements for information about the area affected by forest fires in each province and in Andalusia as a whole. For that reason, the following variables are analysed: number of incidents, threats and forest fires, areas crossed by the fire; causes of fires; means and resources assigned to the fire; duration; time of outset; etc.

## 1.8. Causes of forest fires in Andalusia. 2001\* (percentage)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment \*The percentages have been calculated with regard to the total number of forest fires in each province.

1.9. Rainfal	l in	Anda	lusia
(l/sq m)			

Geographical Area	Name	January	Februar	y March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Anr Rair
erra Morena Oriental	Puente Nuevo Reservoir	174,6	36,7	170,5	6,7	21,9	2,5	-	_	71,4	164,7	71,2	52,2	77
erra Morena Occidental	Constantina	469,6	57,9	282,0	8,0	70,6	5,1	5,1	0,5	93,3	169,6	114,7	89,2	1.36
to Guadalquivir	Linares "Torrubia"	93,1	23,5	110,8	3,0	53,1	1,6	-	23,0	39,8	93,7	33,8	62,5	5
edio Guadalquivir	Montoro "Loma Corrales"	160,3	47,8	208,5	11,5	89,5	9,9	-	-	59,5	129,6	55,0	64,2	8
dio-Bajo Guadalquivir	Écija "Aforos"	109,4	20,8	105,1	1,2	40,2	7,0	-	-	20,0	89,2	62,2	51,8	5
jo Guadalquivir	Sanlúcar la Mayor	183,5	34,5	157,3	3,5	7,5	-	-	-		108,0	119,5	86,0	
erras Subbéticas Orientales	Cazorla - Vadillo, "Centro de Capacitación	232,4	92,0	244,0	37,5	97,0	5,5	-	18,5	51,0	138,0	50,5	72,0	1.0
erras Subbéticas Centrales	Alcaudete "Los Peñones"	182,1	27,1	83,4	49,0	61,9	-	-	-	59,0	74,2	27,8	42,4	(
erras Subbéticas Occidentales	Grazalema	613,5	125,1	371,4	21,6	95,6	12,6	0,2	-	78,6	184,3	115,2	164,5	1.3
rco Intrabético Septentrional	Huéscar "San Clemente"	93,5	48,4	50,7	4,7	53,9	1,1	0,1	28,6	27,3	50,5	72,6	54,5	
rco Intrabético Central	Granada "Airport"	69,8	27,7	52,4	1,0	34,0	-	0,1	3,6	61,2	92,6	61,3	58,0	4
rco Intrabético Occidental	Bobadilla "Destacamento"	52,9	14,3	48,2	-	60,5	-	0,5	0,5	63,2	86,5		26,7	
erras Penibéticas Septentrionales	Huércal-Overa	8,7	15,5		33,0	8,0		-		41,0	9,7	21,5	52,2	
erras Penibéticas Centrales	Órjiva	73,2												
erras Penibéticas Occidentales	Medina Sidonia "Los Alburejos"	195,5	37,8	118,5	2,0	31,8	-	-	-	48,8	67,4	45,9	42,1	
oral Oriental Almería	Níjar	7,0	11,5	1,0	10,0	7,0		-	-	23,0	38,0	27,0	47,5	
oral Occidental Almería	Almería "Airpor"	4,5	4,4	0,5	1,8	14,1	-	-	0,1	12,9	28,9	14,5	34,0	
oral Costa del Sol	Málaga "Airpor"	52,4	13,3	48,0	0,1	25,9	-	0,2	3,5	101,3	61,3	66,6	52,2	4
oral gaditano	Barbate	114,5	26,6	53,9	0,5	17,9	-	0,1	1,1	41,7	37,5	19,5	41,4	

SOURCE: Regional Government of the Environment

1.10. Maximum and minimum temperatures in Andalusia. 2001  $({}^\circ\!\mathbb{C})$ 

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Almería (airport)												
Minimum	9,7	9,9	12,9	13,5	14,5	19,8	21,3	23,4	21,1	18,2	11,8	9,3
Maximum	17,5	18,3	21,3	21,8	23,7	29,2	29,0	31,0	28,1	25,8	19,0	16,6
Cádiz (Cortadura)												
Minimum	11,4	11,7	13,6	14,6	16,5	20,0	20,2	21,8	20,1	18,2	11,8	10,5
Maximum	16,4	17,5	19,3	21,4	22,2	26,3	25,6	27,3	25,2	23,9	18,4	16,7
Córdoba (airport)												
Minimum	6,8	6,1	10,4	9,4	12,6	16,1	17,6	19,4	17,6	14,4	6,5	4,5
Maximum	14,2	17,2	20,3	24,9	26,5	35,1	34,8	36,5	30,9	26,0	17,9	15,3
Granada (airport)												
Minimum	3,5	2,6	6,9	6,3	10,1	14,3	15,5	16,4	14,4	11,2	3,8	1,6
Maximum	13,5	16,0	19,8	23,3	24,7	33,8	33,7	34,7	28,9	24,6	15,6	13,3
Huelva (Ronda es	te)											
Minimum	8,6	8,1	11,0	10,6	12,8	17,3	18,2	19,3	17,3	15,6	8,4	6,9
Maximum	16,0	17,9	19,9	23,8	24,8	31,4	31,2	31,3	27,6	24,9	18,7	15,9
Jaén (Institute)												
Minimum	6,6	7,2	10,2	10,8	12,9	19,6	20,3	21,6	17,8	15,2	6,9	6,2
Maximum	12,2	13,8	17,9	20,0	22,9	32,1	31,7	32,8	27,3	23,3	14,2	13,2
Málaga (airport)												
Mínima	8,6	8,3	11,6	12,7	14,7	19,5	20,9	22,8	20,0	16,5	10,7	9,5
Maximum	17,2	18,6	21,6	23,8	24,4	30,1	30,6	31,7	28,5	24,8	18,4	16,5
Sevilla (airport)												
Minimum	8,4	8,6	11,8	12,4	14,6	19,0	18,9	20,8	19,0	16,3	8,8	6,7
Maximum	15,8	18,6	21,8	25,7	27,2	35,0	34,3	35,5	30,3	26,3	18,8	16,3

SORCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

Statistics of levels of emission of atmospheric polluting agents in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. These statistics show the levels of contamination in Andalusian localities with possibility of inhalation risks, through the study of particles in suspension, sulphur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, ozone and hydrocarbons.

#### 1.11. Days with inadmisible atmospheric pollution by province. 2001

Province	Municipality	Station		Period 1/1/		18/7/2001 <sup>6</sup>	a		riod 19/7			
			SO <sub>2</sub>	Vol Organio Compounds		CO	Ozone	SO <sub>2</sub>	Vol Organi Compound	ic NO2 Is	СО	Ozone
Almería	Almería	Mediterráneo	-	-	-	-	43	-	7	-	-	-
		Pza. Concordia	-	-	-	-	10	-	1	-	-	-
	Cuevas de la											
	Almanzora	Palomares	4	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
		Villaricos						-	5	-	-	-
	Ejido (El)	El Ejido	-	-	-	-	101	-	-	-	-	2
	Garrucha	Garrucha						-	2	-	-	-
Cádiz	Algeciras	Algeciras						1	4	-	-	-
	Barrios (Los)	Cortijillos						-	22	-	-	-
		Los Barrios						-	2	-	-	-
	Cádiz	Avda. Marconi	-	2	-	-	68	-	5	-	-	3
	Jerez de la Frontera Línea de la	Jerez	-	-	-	-	17	-	42	-	-	-
	Concepción (La)	La Línea	-	-	-	-	31	-	4	-	-	-
	Puerto Real	Río San Pedro	-	-	-	-	55					
	San Fernando	San Fernando	-	-	-	-	68	-	8	-	-	8
	San Roque	Economato	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
		Guadarranque	1	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
Córdoba	Córdoba	Gran Vía Parque	-	-	-	-	55	-	49	-	-	12
		Pta. Colodro	-	-	-	-	50	-	36	-	-	-
Granada	Granada	Avda. de Cádiz	-	-	5	-	-	-	5	1	-	-
		Constitución (P.F.)	-	-	-	-	4	-	20	-	-	-
		Granada-Norte	-	-	-	-	52	-	18	-	-	1
	Motril	Motril						-	3	-	-	-
Huelva	Huelva	El Estadio						-	7	-	-	-
		La Orden	-	-	-	-	38	-	3	-	-	4
		Los Rosales						-	8	-	-	-
		Manuel Lois	-	-	-	-	35	-	1	-	-	-
		Marismas del Titan						-	4	-	-	-
		Pozo Dulce						-	1	-	-	-
	Moguer	Moguer						-	15	-	-	-
	Niebla	Niebla	1	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-
	Palos de la Frontera	La Rábida	-	1	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
		Palos						-	1	-	-	-
	Punta Umbría	Punta Umbría						-	6	-	-	-
	Rábida (La)	Príncipes						-	3	-	-	-
	San Juan del Puerto	San Juan del Puerto						-	19	-	-	-
Jaén	Bailén	Bailén	-	1	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-
	Jaén	Avda. de Madrid	-	-	-	-	48	-	31	-	-	-
		Hosp. Ciudad Jaen	-	-	-	-	53	-	1	-	-	-
	Linares	Linares						-	10	-	-	-
Málaga	Málaga	Hilera	-	1	-	-	20	-	13	-	-	2
		Paseo de Martiricos	-	-	-	-	45	-	1	-	-	-
Sevilla	Alcalá de Guadaira	Hda. Dolores	-	47	-	-	32	-	90	-	-	5
	Sevilla	Enramadilla	-	-	3	-	-	-	11	2	-	-
		Macarena	-	-	1	-	-	-	25	2	-	-
		Ranilla	-	-	-	-	38	-	29	-	-	-
		R. Mercedes						-	1	-	-	-
		San Jerónimo	-	-	-	-	15	-	4	-	-	7
		Santa Clara	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
		Torneo	-	-	18	-	17	-	-	2	-	-
	Villanueva del											
	Río y Minas	Villanueva						-	11	-	-	-

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

SO<sub>2</sub>: daily average value over 100 µg/m³.

Volatile Organic Compounds.: daily average value over 150 µg/m³.

NO<sub>2</sub>: Hourly maximum value in a day over 200 µg/m³.

CO: mobil value every 8 hours in a day over 10.000 µg/m³.

Ozone:maximum hourly value in a day over 110 µg/m³

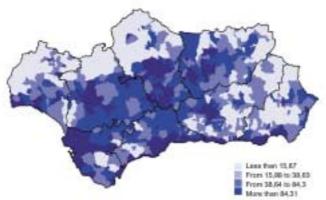
"Criterion: SO 2 daily average value over 125 \(\mu g/m^3\) or maximum hourly value over 470 \(\mu g/m^3\) or value for 3 consecutive hours over 500 \(\mu g/m^3\). Volatile Organic Compounds.: daily average value over 70 \(\mu g/m^3\). NO 2: Hourly maximum value in a day over 290 \(\mu g/m^3\) or value for 3 consecutive hours over 400 \(\mu g/m^3\). CO, mobil value every 8 hours in a day over 16.000 \(\mu g/m^3\). Ozone: mobil value every 8 hours in a day over 120 \(\mu g/m^3\), maximum hourly value in a day over 180 \(\mu g/m^3\).

- For more information:
  Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Andalusian vegetation statistics
  Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Forest fire statistics
  Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Statistics of levels of emission of atmospheric polluting agents in Andalusia
  Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Andalusian environmental report

## **2** Population

The most basic and updated information available on the population of Andalusia is included in this chapter: data relating to its structure, Natural Movement of Population (MNP) and residential variations, that is to say, the migratory movements that take place from or towards Andalusia.

## 2.1. Population density in Andalusian municipalities. 2001 (inhab/sq Km)



SOURCES: Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 2001 Regional Government of Public Works and Transport. Cartographic Institute of Andalusia

#### 2.2. Population by gender and province. 2001

		Year 2001		Variation	Density
	Men	Women	Total	2000-2001	2001
Andalusia	3.647.194	3.756.774	7.403.968	63.916	84,52
Almería	269.545	263.623	533.168	14.939	60,80
Cádiz	561.330	570.016	1.131.346	6.241	152,02
Córdoba	376.511	393.114	769.625	388	55,90
Granada	398.272	414.365	812.637	3.633	64,32
Huelva	228.771	232.959	461.730	2.732	45,50
Jaén	319.613	326.168	645.781	70	47,89
Málaga	636.274	665.966	1.302.240	23.389	178,19
Sevilla	856.878	890.563	1.747.441	12.524	124,44
Spain	20.165.514	20.951.328	41.116.842	617.051	81,46

SOURCES: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 2000 INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 2001 Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport

Census of Population of Andalusia 1991. The Census of Population is a statistical source, of doubtless interest, for the demographic knowledge of the Spanish population and the Andalusian in particular. It is taken every ten years and one of its main objectives is to determine the number

of inhabitants of each territorial area and to know certain demographic, cultural, economic and social characteristics about them, facilitating a structural image of the population that serves the Administration and a multitude of users as a basis for decision making and research.

## 2.3. Distribution of the population by great age bands. 1999 (percentage)

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Men										
From 0 to 14 years	18,56	19,26	19,49	18,78	18,01	18,23	19,16	17,63	18,45	15,52
From 15 to 64 years	69,21	68,92	70,62	67,08	67,86	69,15	65,62	70,29	70,53	70,10
65 years and over	12,23	11,83	9,90	14,13	14,13	12,62	15,22	12,08	11,02	14,38
Women										
From 0 to 14 years	17,14	18,13	18,07	16,89	16,44	16,81	17,79	16,85	16,74	14,09
From 15 to 64 years	66,68	66,52	68,43	64,40	65,73	65,91	63,37	67,69	67,79	66,87
65 years and over	16,18	15,34	13,51	18,71	17,83	17,29	18,84	15,46	15,47	19,04

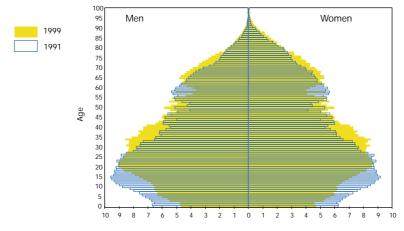
SOURCE: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 1999

The last available census is the one taken 1991. It was characterised as being the first to record and exploit all the statistical information collected and not only a sample as had been the case in previous census.

The Institute of Statistics of Andalusia played an active role in taking this census and carried out a wide ranging

exploitation of the data obtained. The dissemination of the census was by computerised application and in paper format in nine volumes, one for the Autonomous Community and another for each of the Andalusian provinces.

### 2.4. Population pyramid of Andalusia. 1991 and 1999 (thousands of people)



SOURCES: INE-IEA. Census of 1991 INE. Revision of the Municipal Register 1st of January 1999

Municipal Register of Inhabitants (PMH). The PMH is the roll of inhabitants of each municipality, which includes name, last names and address, that must permanently be updated. It is, therefore, an administrative register, but also has a statistical use as it provides a population count and knowledge of important demographic variables, such as gender and age.

The PMH was corrected annually (these were the so called census corrections) and it was completely renewed every five years (the so called census renewals) until the Law 4/1996 of 10th of January came into effect, by which the law of 7/1985 of 2nd of April, regulating the Bases of the Local Regime in connection with the Municipal Register is modified. From this law, a continuous register through the coordination and confrontation of the registers of all the municipalities was implanted; in this way, the census revisions are obtained on 1st of January of every year. The organism in charge of this task is the INE.

#### 2.5. Natural movement of the population. 2000°

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain <sup>b</sup>
Absolute numbers										
Marriages	41.514	2.814	6.521	4.362	4.544	2.602	3.404	6.998	10.269	209.854
Births	80.581	6.077	12.744	7.988	8.812	4.829	6.770	13.848	19.513	395.756
Deaths <sup>c</sup>	59.488	3.873	8.335	6.627	6.985	4.179	5.661	10.147	13.681	359.148
Deaths <1 year <sup>c</sup>	392	25	72	41	51	15	44	67	77	1.535
Natural growth <sup>c</sup>	21.093	2.204	4.409	1.361	1.827	650	1.109	3.701	5.832	36.608
Relative numbers <sup>d</sup>										
Marriages	5,69	5,45	5,85	5,68	5,63	5,71	5,28	5,57	5,93	5,26
Births	11,05	11,77	11,44	10,40	10,92	10,60	10,50	11,02	11,27	9,91
Deaths <sup>c</sup>	8,28	7,69	7,54	8,80	8,84	9,27	9,07	8,15	7,97	9,00
Infant mortality <sup>c</sup>	4,97	4,14	5,69	5,26	6,11	3,53	6,48	4,99	3,97	3,86
Natural growth <sup>c</sup>	2,77	4,08	3,89	1,61	2,08	1,33	1,43	2,87	3,30	0,92
Average age at maternity	30,16	29,30	30,09	30,32	30,13	30,03	30,03	30,25	30,43	30,66
Average age of men at first matrimony	29,26	28,65	29,73	28,85	29,20	29,48	28,46	29,48	29,44	29,64
Average age of women at first matrimony	27,38	26,70	27,81	27,06	27,23	27,42	26,49	27,61	27,70	27,66

SOURCES: IEA. Natural Movement of the Population INE. Natural Movement of the Population

Births: (Births/Population)\*1000. Deaths: (Deaths/Population)\*1000. Marriages: (Marriages/Population)\*1000. Infant Mortality: (quotient of deaths of children between 0 and 1 year) \* 1000. Natural growth: Gross birth rate minus gross death rate.

Natural Movement of the Population (MNP)

The statistics of the MNP refer basically to births, marriages and deaths that have taken place in the Spanish territory. It is the classic statistical operation that serves to improve knowledge of population flow. The different statistics from the MNP gather data from statistical bulletins filled in on registering these demographic facts in the Civil Register.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Events classified by province of residence.

<sup>b</sup>Provisional data for 2000. The average ages have been elaborated by the IEA from data of 1999.

<sup>c</sup>Provisional data. The deaths of Andalusian residents that take place outside the Autonomous Community have not been included.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm d}\text{Gross}$  rate. The average estimated population of 2000 has been used as a denominator.

The classification criteria of the three demographic events that integrate the MNP are multiple. Thus, births appear tabulated according to gender, birthplace, age of the parents, etc. Likewise, deaths are classified according to age, place and cause of death. Finally, for marriages, age, civil state, profession of the spouses etc, are taken into account.

#### 2.6. Short-term indicator of fertility

	Andalusia	Germany	France	Italy	Sweden	Spain
1976	3,24	1,48	1,93	2,20	1,77	2,80
1980	2,75	1,56	1,95	1,64	1,68	2,04
1986	1,89	1,37	1,81	1,42	1,74	1,55
1991	1,62	1,33	1,77	1,31	2,11	1,33
1996	1,30	1,32	1,72	1,21	1,6	1,17
2000*	1,34	1,34	1,88	1,25	1,54	1,23

SOURCES: IEA INE EUROSTAT

\*Provisional data except for Andalusia.

**Short term indicator of fertility:** average number of children per woman in child bearing age.

#### 2.7.Life expectancy at birth. 2000<sup>a</sup>

	Men	Women	
Andalusia	74,82	81,42	
Almería	75,18	81,82	
Cádiz	73,93	80,62	
Córdoba	75,99	82,23	
Granada	74,73	81,42	
Huelva	74,62	81,19	
Jaén	75,19	82,02	
Málaga	74,80	81,29	
Sevilla	74,44	81,62	
Spain <sup>b</sup>	75,14	82,11	

SOURCE: IEA

<sup>a</sup>Provisional data. <sup>b</sup>Elaboration from INE-MNP. Data 1999.

Life expectancy: Average number of years a person is expected to live.

#### 2.8. Inmigration and emigration of Andalusia. 2000<sup>a</sup>

	Inmig	rations	Emig	rations	Migratory	Balance		Rates⁵	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Inmigration	Emigration	n Net
Almería	6.839	6.554	8.298	6.438	-1.459	116	25,48	28,03	-2,55
Cádiz	11.442	10.849	12.344	11.178	-902	-329	19,76	20,85	-1,09
Córdoba	4.898	5.152	6.228	6.330	-1.330	-1.178	13,06	16,32	-3,26
Granada	11.113	11.034	12.185	12.157	-1.072	-1.123	27,31	30,02	-2,71
Huelva	4.610	4.277	4.775	4.376	-165	-99	19,30	19,88	-0,57
Jaén	4.842	4.654	5.957	5.867	-1.115	-1.213	14,71	18,31	-3,61
Málaga	15.394	15.720	13.263	13.471	2.131	2.249	24,11	20,72	3,39
Sevilla	18.031	18.485	19.326	18.928	-1.295	-443	20,97	21,97	-1,00
Andalusia	77.169	76.725	82.376	78.745	-5.207	-2.020	20,88	21,86	-0,98

SOURCE: IEA. Statistics of residential variation in Andalusia 2000

<sup>a</sup>International migrations have not been included. <sup>b</sup>Gross valuations.The valuation denominators are the average population of 2000 estimated from official population numbers.

Migratory Balance: Inmigrations minus Emigrations; Inmigration Rate: (Inmigrations/Population)\*1000. Emigration rate: (Emigrations/Population)\*1000; Net rate: Inmigration rate minus Emigration rate.

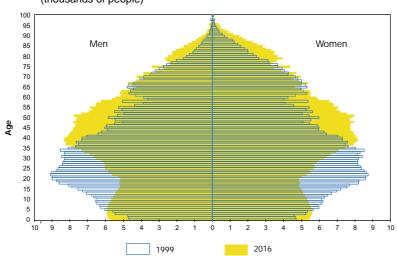
Statistics of Residential Variations (EVR). The EVR is elaborated with information coming from registrations and cancellations of the municipal registers and serves to quantify the migratory movements that take place between different places of origin and destiny. It allows migratory classification in different categories, the best-known being that which differentiates between internal and external migrations, based on whether the displacements take place within the country or between the country and abroad. In addition, the data are facilitated according to different criteria, such as gender, age band, academic qualification, etc.

#### 2.9. Resident population in Andalusia according to birthplace. 1999

	In the same municipality	In Andalusia In another municipality of the province	In another province	In another autonomous community	In foreign countries
Almería	251.703	153.564	48.889	36.640	22.047
Cádiz	722.269	251.643	67.030	59.146	19.713
Córdoba	545.574	137.046	43.033	37.001	6.022
Granada	487.695	210.874	50.026	47.608	16.858
Huelva	273.633	121.273	30.353	24.406	7.843
Jaén	466.080	122.148	26.849	30.617	3.966
Málaga	678.991	277.280	112.916	96.152	92.745
Sevilla	974.332	469.170	145.428	114.913	21.638
Andalusia	4.400.277	1.742.998	524.524	446.483	190.832

SOURCE: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 1999

#### 2.10. Population pyramid of Andalusia. 1999 and 2016 (thousands of people)



The object of the elaboration of population projections by statistical institutes is the accomplishment of long and short term forecasts, with several possible scenarios of the future evolution of the population based on likely hypothesis. These revisions facilitate planning and public management in diverse fields (health, education, etc.) as well as dealing with the statistical requirements for the elaboration of demographic and social indicators.

IEA. Andalusian population projection 1998-2051. Advanced results. INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 1st of January 1999

For more information:

- For more information:
  IEA. Andalusian population census 1991
  IEA. Multiterritorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)
  IEA. Multiterritorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)
  IEA. Andalusian population projection 1998-2051. Advanced results
  IEA. Natural Movement of the Population (MNP)
  IEA. Statistics of Residential Variations
  IEA. Population mobility in Andalusia 1981-1990
  INE. Natural Movement of the Population (MNP)
  INE Migrations

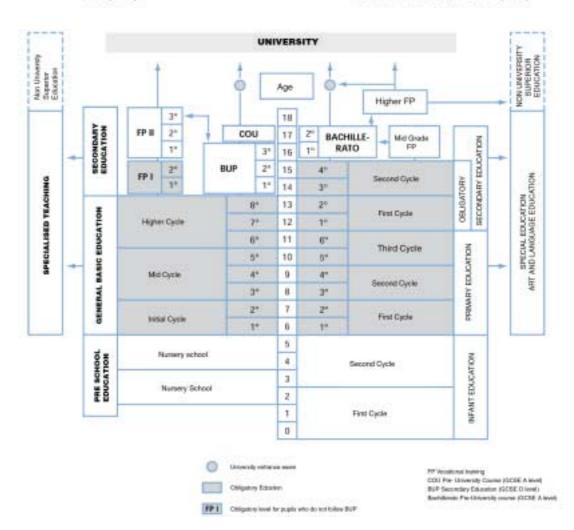
- INE. MigrationsINE. Survey of Active Population (EPA)



This chapter offers, as in previous editions, basic statistical information relating to pupils, units and teaching staff belonging to the diverse educative levels of regulated education (Nursery, Primary, Special Education, Adult Education, BUP/COU, FP, ESO, Bachillerato LOGSE, Formative Cycles, University) and specialised education (Music, Dance, Dramatic Art, Languages, Applied Arts).

#### SPANISH EDUCATION SYSTEM

GENERAL EDUCATION LAW LGE (1970) LAW ON THE PLANNING OF THE EDUCATION SYSTEM LOGSE (1990)



It includes data on university students enrolled and graduated according to branch, scholarships and study aids, as well as on the Education budget and its distribution in diverse budgetary programs. The data correspond to the academic course 2000-2001, the most recent for which there is information.

#### 3.1. Evolution of pupils enroled in the different education levels in Andalusia

	School year 1992-1993	School year 1993-1994	School year 1994-1995	School year 1995-1996	School year 1996-1997	School year 1997-1998	School year 1998-1999	School year 1999-2000	School year 2000-2001
Nursery and preschool	192.311	194.024	195.907	196.637	196.916	198.060	204.751	201.268	208.058
Primary education	935.955	907.996	866.559	831.908	693.608	565.684	555.774	546.242	537.301
Special education <sup>a</sup>	30.344	30.788	31.596	30.277	27.307	24.465	25.271	26.299	26.584
Adult education	86.797	93.525	97.895	100.301	111.603	86.912	81.903	86.824	90.424
BUP-COU <sup>b</sup>	264.701	268.882	264.840	234.211	210.083	174.143	109.075	63.572	29.833
FP <sup>c</sup>	157.703	151.993	142.784	130.610	111.055	92.953	60.325	33.426	18.235
LOGSE-EEMM <sup>d</sup>	45.025	62.367	91.779	127.702	296.761	442.070	510.934	569.055	617.801
University	199.914	219.429	230.708	247.750	257.550	266.972	269.233	271.919	266.957

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

#### **Regional Government Ministry of Education and Skills**

The Regional Government Ministry of Education and Skills of the Junta of Andalusia is the main statistical source of information in the area of education and research in Andalusia. As can be observed in the following tables, through these statistics it is possible to know, among others, data on the structure, resources, demand and efficiency of the education system in Andalusia.

#### 3.2. Pupils and units according to education levels and province. School year 2000-2001

	Preso	chool	Prir	mary	Special	education	COUª		
-	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils <sup>b</sup>	Units	
Almería	15.910	794	39.712	1.878	1.936	52	2.821	81	
Cádiz	31.271	1.425	85.667	3.856	3.226	116	5.591	154	
Córdoba	21.293	1.039	55.741	2.589	2.718	72	3.480	90	
Granada	25.051	1.270	58.533	2.884	4.792	135	2.981	81	
Huelva	14.716	700	33.731	1.618	1.745	24	1.150	35	
Jaén	20.010	974	50.629	2.323	2.164	33	2.298	57	
Málaga	33.265	1.579	88.601	4.047	4.043	126	4.258	121	
Sevilla	46.542	2.064	124.687	5.414	5.960	172	7.254	198	
Andalusia	208.058	9.845	537.301	24.609	26.584	730	29.833	817	
SOURCE: Re									

Continuing >

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Three types of pupil are distinguished: pupils in Nursery/Preschool centres, in substitute classrooms in Nursery/Preschool centres and in specific

Special Education centres.

BUP-COU: Higher Secondary Education (GCSE)

FP: Vocational Training (GNVQ)

From the course of 1996-1997 the following levels are made up: Obligatory Secondary Education, Higher Secondary Education LOGSE

(Basic General Law of Secondary Education), Formative cycles/Professional modules and Social Guarantee programs. Prior to the course of 1996-1997 pupils of obligatory secondary education were also included here. The course of 2000-2001 also includes Secondary Adult Education (ECA)

#### 3.2. Pupils and units according to education levels and province. School year 2000-2001

	FP'	C	ESO <sup>e</sup>			Adult Education		erato <sup>g</sup> SE	Training courses/ Profesional modules		Social Guarantee	
	Pupils <sup>d</sup>	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils <sup>h</sup>	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units
Almería	354	11	30.093	1.115	749	15	6.783	234	3.969	168	242	21
Cádiz	4.346	155	69.464	2.490	2.303	53	20.029	646	11.189	462	1.359	82
Córdoba	2.973	105	42.809	1.558	811	16	10.641	351	4.476	194	612	45
Granada	2.186	88	45.672	1.716	968	21	14.241	483	6.425	250	692	49
Huelva	712	28	26.886	1.013	1.202	11	8.018	258	3.882	180	361	25
Jaén	562	23	37.320	1.383	903	10	9.951	331	4.420	213	337	26
Málaga	2.128	71	70.843	2.566	2.183	48	21.514	711	10.197	423	979	75
Sevilla	4.974	176	97.579	3.516	2.503	61	28.337	940	15.468	615	1.391	93
Andalusia	18,235	657	420,666	15.357	11.622	235	119.514	3.954	60.026	2.505	5.973	416

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

<sup>a</sup>COU =Universitary Education Course (GCSE-A level).
<sup>b</sup>1.833 pupils on correspondence courses who do not correspond to units have been included. On the introduction of the LOGSE (Basic General Law of Secondary Education), BUP (Higher Secondary Education) disappeared in 2000-2001.
<sup>c</sup>FP = Vocational Training (GNVQ).
<sup>d</sup>These are pupils of the 2<sup>o</sup> grade of FP( Vocational Training or GNVQ), as with the introduction of theLOGSE, the 1st grade of FP(GNVQ) disappeared in 2000-2001.

<sup>e</sup>ESO = Obligatory Secondary Education.

<sup>1</sup>4.672 pupils on correspondence courses who do not correspond to units have been included.

<sup>8</sup>Bachillerato: Pre-University course (GCSE A level).

<sup>1</sup>2.786 pupils on correspondence courses who do not correspond to units have been included.

#### 3.3 Scolarships and grants by province. year 2000-2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Scholarships, general official annound	ement								
(MECD) Secondary education Applications submitted	4.303	16.237	7.829	8.992	4.921	6.438	13.334	16.024	78.078
Applications approved Total amount of scholarships approved	3.268	12.968	6.188	7.171	3.938	5.120	10.251	11.980	60.884
( thousands of euros)	2.821,88	10.920,14	5.115,28	6.544,20	2.829,04	3.770,98	8.910,98	9.018,11	49.930,62
Scholarships, general official									
announcement (MECD) Universities Applications submitted	3.742	7.804	6.561	16.352	5.665	5.301	11.896	27.137	84,458
Applications approved Total amount of scholarships approved	2.592	5.766	4.507	11.860	3.355	3.659	8.378	16.111	56.228
( thousands of euros)	5.641,66	9.976,16	7.250,30	25.193,61	6.791,01	8.145,03	17.478,34	30.926,82	111.402,92
Grants for student residences									
(Junta of Andalusia)	698	845	1.098	1.439	122	810	1.248	289	6.549

Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport (MECD). Subdepartment of Scholarships and Promotion Regional Government Ministry of Education SOURCES:

#### 3.4. Enroled pupils and graduates according to university and branch\*

								Pablo		
	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Olavide	Sevilla	Andalusia
Enroled pupils										
Humanities	829	2.152	1.888	7.539	780	958	4.171	395	9.628	28.340
Experimental Sciences	1.062	2.186	2.716	7.752	909	1.777	2.774	586	5.894	25.656
Social and Legal Sciences	9.708	11.505	8.661	29.374	7.303	8.313	20.599	4.631	32.226	132.320
Technical Education	2.726	5.253	4.550	8.115	3.867	4.318	9.806	-	19.889	58.524
Health Care Sciences	446	2.003	2.893	7.033	396	377	2.632	-	6.337	22.117
Total	14.771	23.099	20.708	59.813	13.255	15.743	39.982	5.612	73.974	266.957
Graduates										
Humanities	68	195	289	920	48	138	510	-	1.213	3.381
Experimental Sciences	99	201	352	926	71	147	295	-	741	2.832
Social and Legal Sciences	1.141	1.353	1.440	4.065	1.186	1.328	2.483	330	4.590	17.916
Technical Education	72	290	507	770	183	575	447	-	1.579	4.423
Health Care Sciences	113	434	441	983	140	90	507	-	1.064	3.772
Total	1.493	2.473	3.029	7.664	1.628	2.278	4.242	330	9.187	32.324

FUENTE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

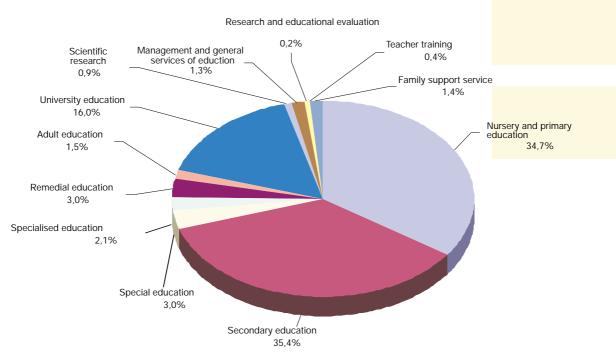
\*Pupils enroled: school year 2000-2001; graduates: school year 1999-2000.

#### 3.5. Special Education. School year 2000-2001

	Mus conserva			Dance conservatoires		Schools of dramatic art		chool of nguages*	Art Schools	
	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers
Almería	1.828	107	361	24	-		2.245	33	198	34
Cádiz	2.499	147	119	9	-	-	4.664	61	447	67
Córdoba	3.197	217	435	27	122	20	1.156	17	444	57
Granada	3.195	198	259	22	-	-	607	12	653	104
Huelva	1.365	90	-	-	-	-	1.253	22	214	30
Jaén	3.286	187	-	-	-	-	2.077	30	372	70
Málaga	4.207	271	534	39	216	32	8.994	101	326	42
Sevilla	4.697	285	554	37	112	23	795	14	624	66
Andalusia	24.274	1.502	2.262	158	450	75	21.791	290	3.278	470

FUENTE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

## 3.6. Distribution of the budget of the Regional Government of Education in Andalusia by programs. 2002 (percentage)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

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<sup>\*</sup>Corespondence pupils of the programme "That's English" have not been included.



In this chapter a compendium of data is offered on diverse aspects of the labour market - active and employed population, employment and unemployment, workers' earnings, labour costs, industrial accidents and recruitments.

#### 4.1. Active and working population. 2001\* (thousands of people)

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Active	2.905.68	198.53	461.70	303,43	305.28	186.45	244.05	486.20	720.05	16.981,53
Working population	2.303,00	190,00	401,70	303,43	303,20	100,43	244,00	400,20	720,03	10.301,33
by sectors										
Agriculture	258,80	32,47	27,87	28,75	32,05	24,17	44,75	24,54	44,20	980,25
Industry	277,94	10,61	39,29	39,26	22,52	21,08	33,26	35,30	76,62	2.913,50
Construction	287,35	23,24	45,84	24,85	26,28	21,23	20,51	70,91	54,50	1.689,43
Services	1.439,14	105,94	223,43	129,81	153,98	74,94	99,32	275,54	376,18	9.185,20
Total	2.263,23	172,26	336,43	222,68	234,84	141,42	197,83	406,29	551,49	14.768,41
Population aged 16										
and over	5.845,98	388,63	899,75	622,38	666,70	365,50	522,90	1.000,33	1.379,80	32.938,75

SOURCE: INE. Survey of Active Population (EPA)

Active: People of 16 and over who, during the week of reference, supplied labour for the production of goods and ecomomic services or were available and took the necessary steps to do so.

Unemployed: People of 16 and over who, during the week of reference, did not have a job, were available and looking for

 $<sup>{}^\</sup>star\!$  Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

#### 4.2. Activity and employment rates. 2001\*

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Activity rates										
Men	63,66	63,81	66,01	62,76	58,21	63,71	61,58	64,40	65,39	64,02
Women	36,79	39,74	37,29	36,20	34,21	38,93	32,28	34,25	40,08	40,01
Total	49,70	51,08	51,31	48,75	45,79	51,01	46,67	48,60	52,19	51,55
Employment rates										
Men	53,37	58,43	52,79	50,87	48,17	53,43	53,01	56,10	54,15	58,17
Women	25,16	31,72	22,69	22,25	23,15	24,71	23,19	26,55	26,97	32,48
Total	38,71	44,32	37,39	35,78	35,23	38,69	37,83	40,62	39,97	44,84
Unemployment rates										
Men	16,17	8,44	20,03	18,94	17,25	16,17	13,93	12,89	17,20	9,13
Women	31,62	20,15	39,16	38,55	32,32	36,58	28,17	22,48	32,70	18,81
Total	22,1	13,2	27,1	26,6	23,1	24,2	18,9	16,4	23,4	13,0

SOURCE: INE. Survey of the Active Population (EPA)

Activity rate: (Active/Population of 16 and over)\*100. Employment rate: (Employed/Population of 16 and over)\*100. Unemployment rate: (Unemployed/Active)\*100.

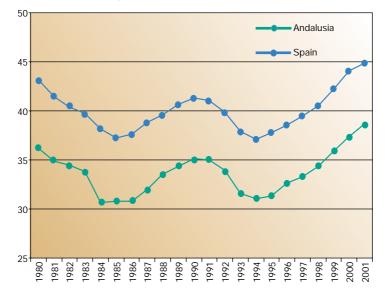
Survey of the Active Population (EPA). Elaborated by the National Institute of Statistics (INE) since 1964, it is, as its name indicates, an investigation by sampling and not an exhaustive study, whose regularity - which has been periodically modified - is, at the present, quarterly.

The main objective of this survey is to know the composition and evolution of the number of active, employed, unemployed and inactive people according to

different criteria of classification, such as gender, age, economic sector, profession and other relevant aspects of the labour market. At the same time, this information is available for different levels of spatial aggregation: Spain, autonomous communities and provinces.

The survey is aimed at households and the sample size is of 65.000 houses, implying a coverage of approximately 200.000 people.

#### 4.3. Evolution of employment rates\*

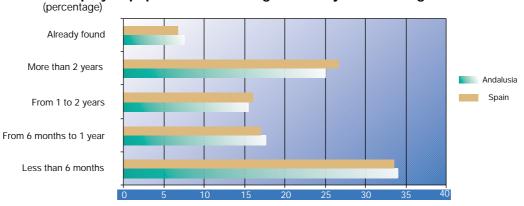


SOURCE: INE. Survey of the Active Population (EPA)

<sup>\*</sup>Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

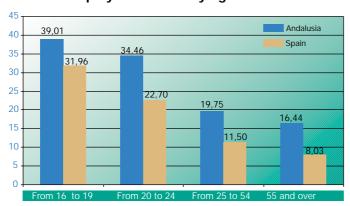
#### 4.4. Unemployed population according to time job searching. 2001\*



SOURCE: INE. Survey of the Active Population (EPA)

\*Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

#### 4.5. Unemployment rates by age band. 2001\*



SOURCE: INE. Survey of the Active Population (EPA)

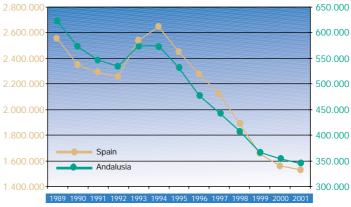
## 4.6. Registered unemployment by province. 2001\* (thousands of people)

	Unemployed
Andalusia	345,46
Almería	13,68
Cádiz	71.07
Córdoba	39.43
Granada	33,48
Huelva	17,28
Jaén	21,06
Málaga	56.59
Sevilla	92,87
Spain	1.529,88
•	,

SOURCE: INEM. Statistics of employment

\*Annual average calculated from the twelve months of the year.

#### 4.7. Evolution of the registered unemployment\*



SOURCE: INEM. Statistics of employment

<sup>\*</sup>Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Annual average calculated from the twelve months of the year.

Labour costs index. This is a continuous statistical operation on a quarterly basis, elaborated by the INE, whose objective is to know the level and the evolution of labour costs by worker and hour worked, not only in reference to wage costs but also to other costs. It also allows the monitoring of time worked and not worked to obtain estimations of the average workday carried out.

## 4.8. Labour and earning costs by worker and month according to sector. 2001\* (euros)

	And	dalusia	Spain					
	Labour costs	Wage costs	Labour costs	Wage costs				
Industry	1.895,89	1.410,66	2.066,85	1.541,78				
Construction	1.626,92	1.153,90	1.708,92	1.235,12				
Services	1.621,82	1.229,04	1.769,90	1.338,42				
Total	1.666,30	1.245,26	1.830,90	1.372,38				

SOURCE: INE. Labour cost index.

\*Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

#### Sectorial coverage:

Industry: sections C, D and E of the CNAE-93.

- C Mining and quarrying industries.
- D Manufacturing industries.
- E Electricity, gas and water supply.

Construction: section F of the CNAE-93.

F Construction.

Services: sections G,H,I,J,K,M,N and O of the CNAE-93.

- G Repair of motor vehicules, motorcycles and mopeds and household articles..
- H Hotels, restaurants.
- I Transport, storage and communications.
- J Financial intermediation.
- K Real state, renting and business activity.
- M Education.
- N Health, veterinary and social services.
- O Other social activities and community and personal services.

Labour costs: employers costs due to labour, measured in net terms deducting subsidies received. Made up of wage and other costs.

**Wage costs:** made up of all the remunerations, in cash or kind, paid to the workforce. These include basic wage, extra pay, overtime, arrears and payments in kind.

## **4.9. Labour cost and its components. 1996** (in euros per worker)

_	Andalusia	Spain
Gross cost	21.458,54	22.940,63
Wages and salaries	15.937,04	17.045,91
Contributions to the Social Security	4.368,76	4.592,93
Voluntary contributions	139,43	177,90
Social assistance	364,21	343,18
Severance pay	376,23	494,03
Other expenses	273,46	286,68
Subsidies	88,95	84,74
Net cost	21.370,19	22.855,89

SOURCE: INE. Labour cost survey

Survey of the labour costs. INE. The survey of labour costs is a statistical operation on a four yearly basis, within the framework of the European Union with common criteria of methodology and contents with the purpose of obtaining comparable results on the level and structure of labour costs.

The statistical unit is the account of contributions paid to the Social Security. This unit does not correspond to

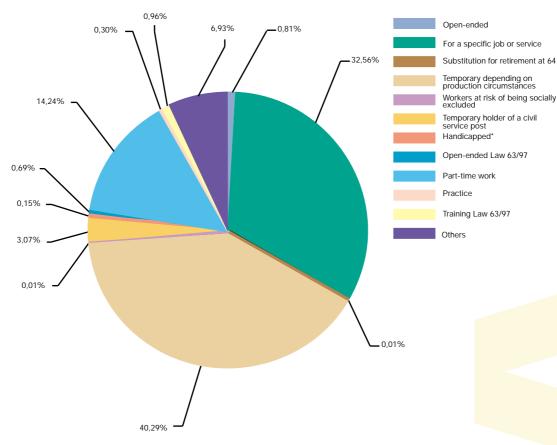
company, establishment nor work centre, although it coincides, in numerous cases, with the work centre. The population scope is formed by all accounts of contributions paid to the Social Security from companies with ten or more workers.

## 4.10. Industrial accidents and occupational diseases with sick leave according to sector by province. 2001

na Sevilla	Spain
ga Covilla	Opuni
18 2.534	41.084
2 9	626
68 7.925	268.537
89 92	11.299
72 8.028	243.841
56 41	2.299
48 14.672	405.031
64 120	6.057
06 33.159	958.493
11 262	20.281
100 E	2 9 168 7.925 89 92 172 8.028 56 41 148 14.672 64 120 176 33.159

SOURCE: Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Industrial accident and occupational disease statistics

#### 4.11. Work contracts registered according to contract model. 2001 (percentage)



SOURCE: INEM (National Institute of Employment). Statistics of registered contracts

\*Groups together the models: contracts and temporary contracts for the handicapped and contracts for handicapped workers in special work centers.

- For more information:

   IEA. Labour market in Andalusia. Structural data

   IEA. Multi-territorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)

   IEA. Population census

   Regional Government Ministry of Employment and Technological Development. Notebook of social-labour statistics

   INE. Population census

   INEM. Employment statistics

   INE. Labour situation survey

   Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Yearbook of labour statistics and social affairs

   INE. TEMPUS data bank

27 Labour Market

# Sanitary resources and public health

The information that this chapter makes available refers to sanitary resources (sanitary centres, personnel of the SAS, hospitals, beds, etc.), their distribution, the use the population makes of them, through consultations, admissions and stays in hospital and the way in which they affect, together with many other social and economic factors, their state of health.

## 5.1. Sanitary centres and staff of the Andalusian Health Service by province.

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Centres									
Primary Care									
Health centres	29	48	33	46	25	34	53	69	337
Local surgeries	69	40	72	138	58	80	79	96	632
Auxiliary surgeries	122	27	31	138	37	71	41	15	482
Surgeries not									
reorganise <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specialist Care Specialist outpatients									
centres	1	9	3	5	1	4	3	8	34
Hospitals <sup>b</sup>	2	5	3	4	3	4	5	4	30
Personal									
Primary Care	1.327	2.434	1.873	2.122	1.219	1.689	2.893	3.831	17.388
Specialist care	3.074	7.927	6.449	8.837	3.700	4.829	9.986	15.101	59.903

SOURCE: Andalusian Health Service (SAS)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The reorganisation of Primary Care ended on 31st of december of 2001. Hospital complexes made up of several hospitals are counted as one centre.

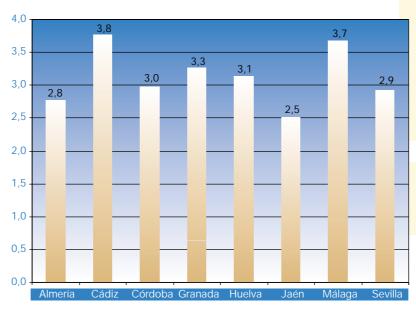
## 5.2. Number of general hospitals and beds by province and type of hospital.

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Nº of general									
hospitals									
Public	3	6	3	4	3	5	6	6	36
Private	3	9	2	1	1	-	10	6	32
Total	6	15	5	5	4	5	16	12	68
Beds*									
Public	1.258	2.716	1.816	2.297	1.205	1.564	2.699	4.057	17.612
Private	182	1.518	295	80	200	-	872	610	3.757
Total	1.440	4.234	2.111	2.377	1.405	1.564	3.571	4.667	21.369

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian Hospital Catalogue

\*Number of existing beds on 31st of december, some of them may not be available on that date for different reasons.

## 5.3. Number of beds per thousand inhabitants in general hospitals by province. 2000<sup>ab</sup>



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian Hospital Catalogue

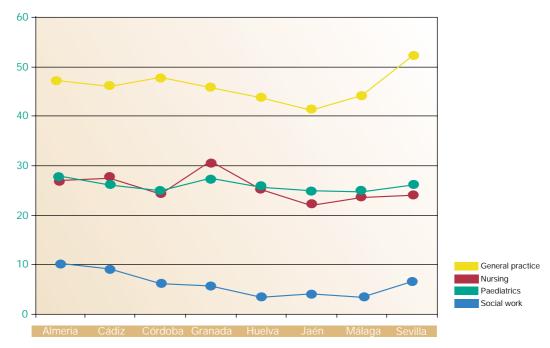
\*Number of existing beds on 31st of december, some of them may not be available on that date for different reasons. bThe population of reference corresponds to the revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants 2000.

Sanitary resources and their distribution. The statistics that provide knowledge of the sanitary resources come basically from the Regional Government Ministry of Health and the Andalusian Health Service. These contribute information on the sanitary resources on two levels:

•Primary Care: corresponds to the first level of health care. It is carried out in health centres, doctor's surgeries

and other centres and integrates preventive, curative, rehabilitation care and promotion of health. The information offered in this area refers, fundamentally, to centres and public services and constitutes the Statistics of welfare activity in the districts of primary care, elaborated by the Andalusian Health Service.

## 5.4. Average daily direct care and personal social services consultations in primary care centres by province. 2000\*



 ${\tt SOURCE: And alusian \ Health \ Service. \ Information \ System \ for \ \ Primary \ Care \ Management \ (SIGAP)}$ 

<sup>\*</sup>On demand and programmed consultations in primary care centres have been included. House calls have not been included.

• Specialist Care: offers the means of diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation that, for their specialisation or characteristics, cannot be solved at the level of primary care; it includes clinics, out patients departments and hospitals. The information offered in this area may refer to public as well as private centres, depending on the source studied. Thus, data from the *Catalogue of Andalusian Hospitals*, elaborated by the Regional

Government Ministry of Health can be offered, in which the basic characteristics of all the Andalusian hospitals public and private are included. On the other hand, when the source used is the Andalusian Health Service (Statistics of activities in specialist care), more detailed information is provided on the hospitals that make up the public network that depends on it.

## 5.5. Admissions and stays in Andalusian Health Service hospitals by service and province. 2000\*

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
-									
Admissions									
Medical specialities	13.578	29.082	22.859	22.496	13.312	18.357	26.172	42.508	188.364
Surgery	11.834	24.689	24.065	32.149	11.615	20.141	34.059	42.545	201.097
Obstretics	7.265	18.622	11.986	21.721	8.709	11.773	20.636	31.127	131.839
Paediatrics	3.341	9.258	5.504	9.282	2.763	7.157	6.848	17.080	61.233
Psychiatry	1.039	1.569	932	1.234	753	1.252	1.360	3.084	11.223
Intensive care	1.513	4.092	2.220	4.087	1.688	2.231	5.897	9.376	31.104
Rehabilitation	289	195	140	166	_	_	157	170	1.117
Total	38.859	87.507	67.706	91.135	38.840	60.911	95.129	145.890	625.977
Stays									
Medical specialities	133.866	243.520	237.449	206.991	126.490	153.788	243.164	418.914	1.764.182
Surgery	81.286	192.662	197.829	187.317	81.143	107.011	234.892	316.771	1.398.911
Obstretics	27.517	78.480	48.048	64.146	34.223	43.937	103.476	111.684	511.511
Paediatrics	18.437	46.426	29.787	44.886	13.084	27.631	49.987	101.059	331.297
Psychiatry	14.219	20.392	20.321	22.296	8.220	14.711	17.601	47.987	165.747
Intensive care	8.248	22.700	13.224	21.591	8.523	9.998	27.770	52.859	164.913
Rehabilitation	9.897	5.417	4.201	8.259	_	-	5.589	5.258	38.621
Total	293.470	609.597	550.859	555.486	271.683	357.076	682.479	1.054.532	4.375.182

SOURCE: Andalusian Health Service. Interhospital Information System (INIHOS)

<sup>\*</sup>Refers exclusively to public hospitals of the Andalusian Health Service.

Use of the sanitary resources. In this case, the information also refers to primary or specialist care to which it is possible to add the information provided by the Statistics of sanitary inpatient establishments, elaborated by the Regional Government Ministry of Health and Statistics on basic hospital data of the Andalusian Health Service.

In all of them, along with the statistics on specialist care already referred to in the Andalusian Health Service,

detailed information about the hospital process as well as on the Register of appointments, that provides all the data relating to the consultations, is offered.

Furthermore, other specific sources provide information on pharmaceutical benefits and the use of certain centres and sanitary services in the area of infant vaccinations, organ transplants, blood donation, abortions, ...etc.

#### 5.6. Evolution of Obligatory Notifiable Diseases (EDO). Registered cases in Andalusia\*

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Parotitis (mumps)	2.500	1.636	1.586	1.127	1.036	932	456	507	2.179	3.598
Varicella	127.328	77.238	103.600	91.268	59.187	25.208	19.942	29.470	13.342	15.162
Hepatitis	2.611	2.413	2.183	1.614	1.568	1.108	972	680	617	530
Influenza	649.805	1.163.881	774.504	1.069.256	927.775	83.311	121.007	108.244	85.433	14.467
Tuberculosis	1.516	1.527	1.486	1.510	1.227	1.488	1.352	1.417	1.223	1.232
Meningococcal Meningitis	248	171	203	145	153	367	115	343	336	152
Other meningitis	593	511	391	540	207	608	170	276	1.021	709

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health

\*Since 1997 only diseases with the patients personal data have been included in this group. This may cause significant variations in the number of declared cases from that date.

#### 5.7. Deaths according to age band and gender by province. 2000<sup>a</sup>

	Andalusia.	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain⁵
Men										
From 0 to 14	335	20	50	33	50	14	45	51	72	1.568
From 15 to 64	7.750	530	1.270	706	818	517	631	1.401	1.877	46.061
65 and over	23.129	1.543	3.135	2.640	2.801	1.572	2.327	3.896	5.215	147.626
Total	31.214	2.093	4.455	3.379	3.669	2.103	3.003	5.348	7.164	195.255
Women										
From 0 to 14	274	23	48	33	30	18	27	42	53	1.217
From 15 to 64	3.065	204	509	284	320	186	240	620	702	18.177
65 and over	24.935	1.553	3.323	2.931	2.966	1.872	2.391	4.137	5.762	156.453
Total	28.274	1.780	3.880	3.248	3.316	2.076	2.658	4.799	6.517	175.847

SOURCES: IEA-Regional Government of Health. Unit of the Natural Movement of the Population ( MNP) INE. Death statistics by cause of death

<sup>a</sup>Provisional data. Deaths of Andalusian residents outside the community have not been included.
<sup>b</sup>Data 1999.

State of public health. The information on the state of health is based, on the one hand, on data on the diseases the population suffers and constitutes a set of statistics elaborated by the Regional Government Ministry of Health: Statistics of tuberculosis, AIDS or Obligatory Notifiable Diseases(EDO). On the other hand, information may also be obtained on mortality and causes of death, for which, the statistics obtained from the unit of the MNP, elaborated jointly by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia and the Regional Government Ministry of Health may be consulted.

#### 5.8. Deaths by large groups of the CIE<sup>a</sup> 10<sup>a</sup> according to cause. 2000<sup>b</sup>

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	67	243	116	132	70	83	200	279	1.190	
Tumours [neoplasias]	870	2.139	1.587	1.609	1.014	1.315	2.434	3.531	14.499	
Blood and hematopoietic										
organ diseases										
and other disorders that										
affect immunity	21	25	35	27	12	16	30	35	201	
Endocrine, nutritional and										
metabolic diseases	136	293	254	253	143	190	305	429	2.003	
Mental and behavioural										
disorders	82	158	165	125	54	103	235	226	1.148	
Nervous system										
diseases	112	214	143	251	104	133	248	285	1.490	
Cardiovascular system										
diseases	1.323	3.078	2.448	2.662	1.657	2.132	3.955	5.592	22.847	
Respiratory system										
diseases	479	836	786	730	457	687	994	1.327	6.296	
Digestive system		40=		400	400		=00			
diseases	213	437	366	420	192	338	562	705	3.233	
Genito- urinary system		004	440	457	450	400	004	000	4.044	
diseases	82	231	112	157	150	122	204	283	1.341	
Symptoms, external signs and										
abnormal clinic and laboratory	454	206	195	174	132	194	339	175	1.566	
findings, not classified elsewhere	151	206	195	174	132	194	339	175	1.000	
External causes of morbidity	000	287	272	321	129	244	468	565	2.549	
and mortality Other	263 74	188	148	124	65	104	173	249	1.125	
Other	74	100	140	124	03	104	173	249	1.123	

SOURCES: IEA-Regional Government of Health. MNP unit

<sup>a</sup>CIE: International Clasification of Diseases. <sup>b</sup>Provisional data. Deaths of Andalusian residents outside the community have not been included.

#### Other:

Ear and mastoid diseases.

Skin and subcutaneous diseases.
Osteomuscular system and conective tissue diseases.

Pregnancy, childbirth and postnatal period. Disorders of the perinatal period.

Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal anomalies.

#### For more information:

- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of Health. Deaths in Andalusia
- Andalusian Health Service. Health care activity in specialist care in Andalusia Andalusian Health Service. Health care activity in primary care in Andalusia Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian epidemiologic bulletin Regional Government Ministry of Health. Annual Memorandum Regional Government Ministry of Health. Catalogue of Andalusian hospitals



In this chapter information on agricultural production, the livestock census, fishing catches and other aspects related to the primary sector in Andalusia, is offered.

## 6.1. Number of farms, total area and area used for farming (SAU) according to extension\* in Andalusia. 1997

	Fa	ırms	Tota	l area	SA	AU
	Number	Percentage	Hectares	Percentage	Hectares	Percentage
With land	273.233	100,00	5.853.953	100,00	4.911.021	100,00
Without SAU	846	0,31	20.935	0,36	-	-
With SAU	272.387	99,69	5.833.018	99,64	4.911.021	100,00
Less than 1	17.663	6,46	18.777	0,32	9.373	0,19
From 1 to 2	54.085	19,79	108.792	1,86	70.200	1,43
From 2 to 5	84.104	30,78	290.362	4,96	249.934	5,09
From 5 to 10	49.939	18,28	370.852	6,34	338.171	6,89
From 10 to 20	30.519	11,17	472.221	8,07	417.012	8,49
From 20 to 30	9.974	3,65	261.089	4,46	239.489	4,88
From 30 to 50	9.492	3,47	419.433	7,16	357.802	7,29
From 50 to 100	7.884	2,89	620.262	10,60	545.862	11,12
More than 100	8.728	3,19	3.271.231	55,88	2.683.179	54,64

SOURCE: INE. Survey on the sutructure of agricultural operations

\*The extension is expressed in Ha of SAU.

**Area Used for Farming (SAU)**: Area of farm land and land for permanent grazing. Farm lands include herbaceous crops, fallow land, family allotments and lands given over to woody crops.

Farm: technical economic unit from which agricultural products are obtained under the responsability of the holder. This unit is characterised, generally, for the use of the same means of production: labour, machinery.

Farm with land: farm whose total area is 0,1 Ha or over in one or several plots, although they are not adjacents.

Survey on the structure of agricultural operations. INE. Its objective is to know the present structure of the agrarian sector and its evolution with respect to previous surveys and to the last Agrarian Census (1989). At the same time, it complies with the demand of the European Union to carry out a program of agrarian surveys in the member countries. The survey is made in the national territory as a whole and refers to the agricultural campaign between the 1st of october of a year and the 30th of

september of the following year, which is considered the year of reference. National and autonomous community results on agricultural area used (size of the operations, type of crop, tenancy, livestock, irrigated area, family and paid labour,...) and on technical-economic direction (economic dimension, gross margin, main direction...), are published.

## **6.2. Production of the main crops by province. 2000\*** (Tm)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Cereals	33.027	349.033	596.096	153.900	90.673	55.662	108.832	933.754	2.320.978
Pulse	384	4.366	10.901	2.353	2.985	3.959	6.089	4.156	35.194
Tubers for human									
consumption	7.324	71.891	92.959	94.933	11.217	48.183	105.689	146.056	578.252
Vegetables	2.490.253	817.044	157.509	560.455	347.724	76.050	422.098	253.721	5.124.854
Industrial crops	-	1.166.692	342.536	71.080	74.874	87.572	58.684	2.018.379	3.819.817
Fodder crops	12.375	174.480	224.502	329.471	111.903	89.445	96.512	545.255	1.583.942
Flowers and ornamental									
plants									
(thousands of units)	43.708	1.387.776	28.780	71.560	7.152	42.486	38.880	215.060	1.835.402
Citric fruit trees	186.188	47.720	78.732	13.049	151.953	16	241.319	267.689	986.666
Non-Citric fruit trees	24.089	2.589	20.554	110.659	25.249	17.484	57.396	104.710	362.730
Vineyards	24.324	117.225	86.314	7.027	40.499	1.695	19.012	28.389	324.484
Olive groves	28.620	25.910	1.039.533	359.372	17.838	2.233.136	274.673	450.426	4.429.508

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

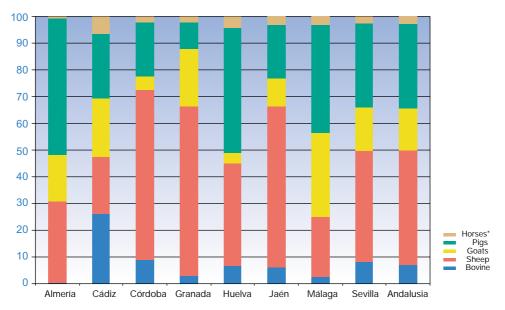
\*Provisional data.

## 6.3. Meat production according to species by province.1999

	Beef	Mutton	Lamb	Pork	Horse	Poultry	Rabbit
Andalusia	34.429,8	4.071,7	1.666,3	240.264,1	35,1	196.553,6	1.125,6
Almería	1.090,5	379,5	69,1	10.530,1	-	16.869,8	-
Cádiz	5.758,7	63,3	8,3	6.883,7	-	4.086,1	-
Córdoba	1.742,4	193,9	10,6	13.622,7	-	13.296,8	-
Granada	757,4	807,2	156,8	19.457,0	-	26.906,0	851,5
Huelva	132,9	166,1	56,9	30.514,1	-	555,6	-
Jaén	483,9	1.163,4	691,2	22.278,2	-	15.982,8	-
Málaga	5.136,9	393,9	216,4	116.951,4	-	15.028,8	157,2
Sevilla	19.327,1	904,5	457,0	20.027,0	35,1	103.827,8	117,0
Spain	659.583,5	153.507,9	7.849,6	2.550.659,7	6.141,9	1.131.243,4	47.320,5

SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Agrarian Statistical Bulletin

## 6.4. Distribution of livestock by province. 2000 (december)(percentage)



SOURCE: Regional Governemnt Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries \*Data 1998.

#### 6.5. Fresh fish auctioned in fish markets according to species by province. 2000

		Quantity (Tm)		Price (thousands of euros)					
	Molluscs	Crustaceans	Fish	Molluscs	Crustaceans	Fish			
Almería	493,3	456,2	6.160,9	1.297,4	6.962,4	9.537,6			
Cádiz	5.627,9	850,4	26.617,7	11.265,5	7.092,0	49.913,5			
Granada	268,5	428,0	2.363,2	722,0	3.180,1	4.716,6			
Huelva	4.480,2	3.011,2	7.083,4	9.718,7	11.550,9	15.987,0			
Málaga	3.228,2	464,1	13.578,0	5.706,7	2.980,0	12.706,5			
Andalusia	14.098,0	5.210,0	55.803,2	28.710,3	31.765,5	92.861,2			

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

Agrarian and fishing statistics yearbook. Published by the Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, it is a compendium of the statistics of the agrarian and fishing sector of Andalusia, corresponding to the year of reference. Its main purpose is the structured dissemination of information of interest relating to the agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishing sub-sectors in

Andalusia. The greater part of the information comes from the departments of statistics of the provincial delegations of the Regional Government Ministry, although data from the State Fishing and Agriculture Office of the Regional Government Ministry, the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia and the National Institute of Statistics are also obtained.

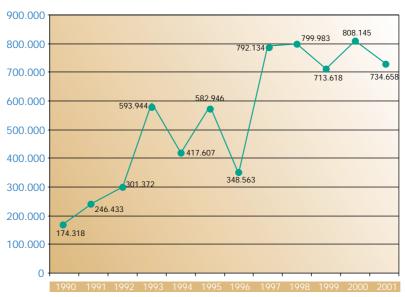
### 6.6. Evolution of olive oil production by province. 1993-2001 (Tm)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001*
Andalusia	403.254	445.822	214.791	782.958	861.417	671.154	467.704	849.817	1.131.620
Almería	1.575	1.050	1.570	2.969	4.978	3.441	5.974	5.037	11.434
Cádiz	2.735	2.155	1.929	3.268	3.030	3.394	2.985	5.462	5.700
Córdoba	86.135	133.798	54.266	210.333	188.815	171.914	110.000	200.202	260.000
Granada	34.510	35.940	20.745	62.821	95.623	47.170	42.345	79.201	89.112
Huelva	5.721	4.600	4.140	3.013	2.997	2.170	3.900	2.390	3.300
Jaén	222.606	188.846	96.807	412.017	428.439	374.511	218.784	463.016	613.723
Málaga	29.518	47.327	13.405	55.817	74.968	35.849	45.320	49.212	72.000
Sevilla	20.454	32.106	21.929	32.720	62.567	32.705	38.396	45.297	76.351
Spain	549.064	526.877	336.076	954.148	1.122.800	744.800	650.100	962.600	1.343.305

SOUCES: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Agrarian Statistical Bulletin

\*Provisional data

### 6.7. Evolution of subsidies for olive oil production from FEOGA\*. 1990-2001 (thousands of euros)



SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

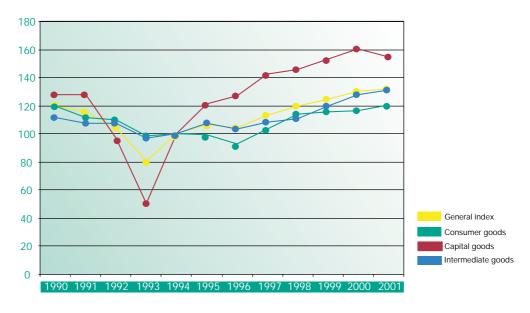
\*FEOGA: European Fund for Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee.

For more information:
• Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. Monthly bulletin of agricultural statistics
• Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Bulletin of agricultural statistics

#### 7 Industrial sector

In this chapter relevant data are provided on the characteristics of Andalusian industry by branches, industrial investment, employment generated and other aspects, as well as on the evolution of the industrial sector.

### 7.1. Evolution of the Industrial Production Index in Andalusia according to type of goods. 1990-2001 (average 1994 = 100)



SOURCE: IEA. Industrial Production Index in Andalusia

#### Index of Industrial Production of Andalusia (IPIAN).

The IPIAN, elaborated by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia, is an indicator whose objective is to measure the short term evolution, concretely on a monthly basis, of the Gross Value Added (VAB) of the Andalusian industrial sector.

The area of implementation of the IPIAN is the economic sector of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. The inclusion of an industrial activity to this

sector is independent of the legal basis of the company and whether it is connected or not to other organisations outside the region. The main factor identifying a production unit as pertaining to the industrial sector of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia is the maintenance of an establishment or permanent work centre in which activities integrated in the industrial sector are developed.

Industrial sector

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### 7.2. Main characteristics of Andalusian industry by large branches of activity. 2000

	Employed people	Income*	Operating costs*	Workforce costs*
Oil extraction industries	7.068	5.524.106	5.319.785	239.005
Food, beverages and tobacc	53.856	9.071.596	8.415.269	1.031.838
Textile, clothing, leather and footwear industry	20.450	1.042.633	989.064	252.061
Wood and cork	9.812	565.705	536.216	128.535
Paper, edition, grafic arts and reproductions of				
engravings	10.835	1.301.070	1.131.490	222.787
Chemical industry	8.331	2.474.947	2.228.179	266.969
Rubber and plastic materials	4.808	576.241	545.388	89.409
Diverse non metalic mineral products	20.714	2.276.123	2.021.111	409.088
Metallurgy and manufacture of metal products	30.142	4.507.938	4.096.256	557.025
Machinery and mechanical equipment	8.864	768.760	694.924	180.921
Electric, electronic and optical equipment and material	9.010	1.515.251	1.467.394	237.144
Transport material	17.519	2.260.136	2.354.004	521.479
Diverse manufacturing industries	20.665	1.024.937	975.054	247.900
Energy and water	9.260	2.948.693	2.512.663	330.008
Total	231.336	35.858.137	33.286.797	4.714.168

SOURCE: INE. Industrial companies survey

\*Thousands of euros.

#### **Industrial Companies Survey and Industrial Product**

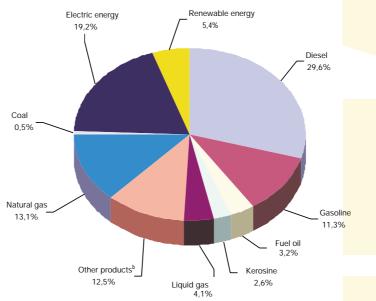
**Survey**. Elaborated by the National Institute of Statistics (INE), the *Industrial Companies Survey* and the *Industrial Product Survey*, a follow up of the *Industrial Survey* which has disappeared, allows a complete analysis of the activity of the industrial sector. In Andalusia, the IEA presents these same publications in greater detail for the Autonomous Community.

These surveys are annual and their main objective is to provide information relating to the main characteristics of the diverse sectors that make up the industrial activity of the economy, not only with respect to the employment they generate but to their operating expenses, investment and production. The intention is, in this way, to satisfy national and international information requirements that

exist on this subject.

The change of denomination of these publications, initiated in 1993, came about through the obligation to adapt to the Regulation PRODCOM (PRODuccion COMunitaria) (COMunitary PRODuction) - relating to the harmonization of the characteristics of industrial production in the countries of the European Union - and it relies on the recommendations of Eurostat, the European official statistical organism. The fundamental difference with respect to the previous *Industrial Survey* is that now the survey unit is the company for the *Industrial Companies Survey* and the establishment for the *Industrial Product Survey*.

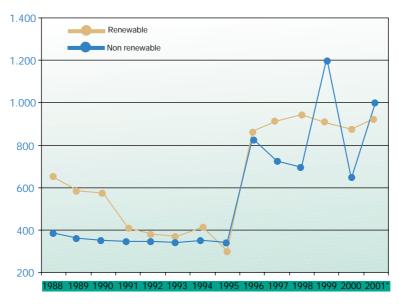
### 7.3. Structure of final energy consumption according to energy sources in Andalusia. 2001<sup>a</sup> (percentage)



SOURCE: Society for the Development of Energy of Andalusia (SODEAN)

<sup>a</sup>Advanced data (these figures may alter significantly once the officilal data from the energy companies have been calculated).
<sup>b</sup>Lubricant bases and oils, asphalt products, coke, naphtas, condensed products, paraffin and others have been included.

### 7.4. Evolution of the consumption of primary Andalusian energy in Andalusia. 1998-2001 (KTEP)



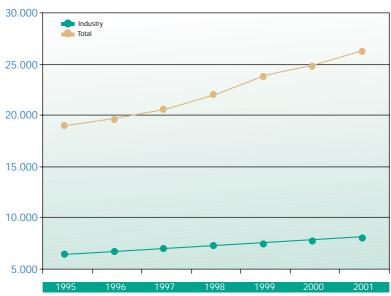
SOURCE: Society for the Development of Energy of Andalusia (SODEAN)

\*Advanced data (these figures may alter significantly once the official data from the energy companies have been calculated).

KTEP: Thousands of tons equivalent of petroleum. It is a unit of energy measurement.

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### 7.5. Evolution of electric energy consumption in Andalucía. 1995-2001 (thousands of Mwh)



SOURCE: Compañía Sevillana de Electricidad (Sevillian Electricity Company)

For more information:

For more information:

IEA: Economic accounting system of Andalusia. Input-output frame 1995

IEA: Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-1999

Regional Government Ministry for Employment and Technological Development. Industrial Register

INE: Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2000

Ministry of Economy. Statistics of the electric energy industry

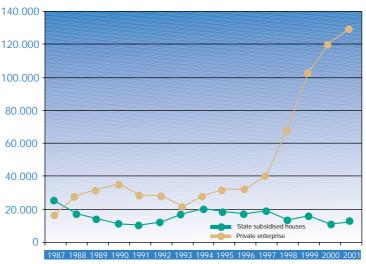
8

# Town planning, housing and construction

This chapter offers information relating to the distribution of urban land, the different types of housing and the activity of the construction sector, contributing to data on the urban units and their cadastral value, types and legal basis of houses and the evolution of public cost in construction and infrastructures.

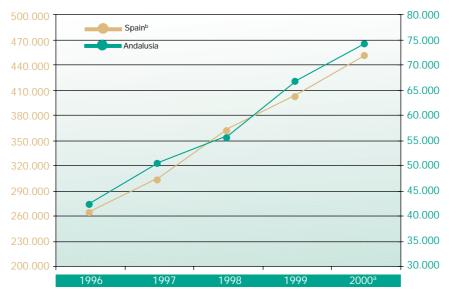
8.1. Urban units and property values. 2000												
	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain		
Urban units Property value	4.353.358	352.558	541.109	440.129	585.062	296.261	406.193	877.178	854.868	26.583.218		
(thousands of euros)	114.984.115	8.779.597	17.494.681	9.556.651	14.700.714	7.116.542	8.802.459	28.184.126	20.349.338	727.966.000		
Property value per urban unit (euros)	26.413	24.903	32.331	21.713	25.127	24.021	21.671	32.130	23.804	27.384		
SOURCE: Ministry of the Treasury. Urban cadastre. Basic statistics by municipalities												

### 8.2. Evolution of number of houses under construction according to systems in Andalusia. 1987-2001



SOURCES: 1987-1993: Ministry of Public Works and Transport. Statistical Yearbook 1994-2001: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport Ministry for Development. Report on the evolution of the sub-sector of housing

#### 8.3. Evolution of the number of new houses and rehabilitation work according to municipal planning permissions. 1996-2000



SOURCE: Ministry for Development. Housing and construction

<sup>a</sup>Provisional data. <sup>b</sup>Data prior to 1998 do not include information about Basque Country.

Ministry for Development. Housing and construction statistics. These are monthly statistics that have been made since 1991 and that derive from the questionnaire the promoter or technician responsible for a project must give the Town Hall when soliciting the license for building works, demolition and rehabilitation of buildings and houses. The main variables on which they offer information are: general characteristics of the work (location, legal basis, class of promoter, predicted duration); estimates

of material of execution; number and characteristics of the buildings (destiny, surface, volume, no of storeys, constructive typology and facilities); number and characteristics of the houses (useful surface, no of rooms and bathrooms and type of finish). Data at autonomous community level are published and operations with municipal data (individualised for those of more than 10.000 inhabitants and aggregates for those of a lesser size) are also made.

#### 8.4. Average price per sq m of houses by type in the principal cities of Andalusia (over 100.000 inhabitants). 2000\* (euros)

	Andalusia	Almería	Algeciras	Jerez de la Frontera	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
New houses	808,69	950,89	744,08	658,62	1.014,12	897,29	1.127,96	870,49	864,19	904,79	1.158,36	1.062,32
Second hand	643,47	804,41	542,58	521,77	865,59	708,70	878,60	685,75	627,47	772,47	825,39	881,59
Total	663,46	<b>828,41</b>	<b>570,16</b>	<b>537,94</b>	<b>877,92</b>	<b>726,85</b>	<b>903,53</b>	<b>715,61</b>	<b>683,40</b>	<b>792,29</b>	<b>843,44</b>	906,96

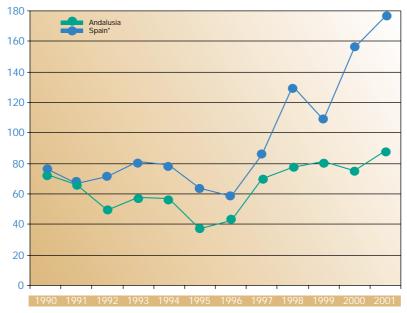
SOURCE: Ministry for Development. House price index

\*Provisional data except for Andalusia and Spain.

Ministry for Development. House price index. Statistics of average price per sq m. The Statistics of the average house price per sq m have been made on a quarterly basis since 1987 and are elaborated with mortgage valuation, information provided by the valuation societies, having the purpose of showing the evolution of house prices. Given the number of valuations used and the geographic distribution, they are an indicator of enormous

interest of the real estate market. The geographic scope is the national territory, except the cities of Ceuta and Melilla. The variables on which information is offered are the following: date in which the valuation is made, square meters of constructed surface, price of the valuation, year of construction, postcode and municipal code.

### 8.5. Evolution of public spending on construction. 1990-2001 (euros/inhabitant)



SOURCE: National Association Construction Companies (SEOPAN). Information circular on construction

\*Since 2001 the series on Spain takes in the demand for building work by public administrations that have been published in the official government gazettes in the referred year. Until 2000 it only took in those demands whose tenders had been carried out in that year.

### 8.6. Evolution of public spending on construction and infrastructure according to the type of building in Andalusia. 1993-2001 (thousands of euros)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total for buildings	412.012	410.756	272.054	306.739	412.775	560.973	594.004	549.415	652.560
Housing	90.398	98.061	36.301	59.560	45.557	49.349	43.766	41.265	60.098
Social equipment	177.924	178.434	106.097	115.418	295.740	371.768	372.814	324.721	329.785
Other buildings	143.690	134.260	129.656	131.760	71.478	139.856	177.425	183.429	262.677
Total infrastructure	1.564.513	916.922	596.480	815.742	686.410	906.555	1.582.092	1.576.064	2.110.881
Transport*	1.040.652	568.437	348.912	589.719	393.759	497.127	1.129.212	547.762	1.580.934
Hydraulics	448.812	256.374	160.392	153.120	139.958	133.455	267.294	902.780	240.220
Housing development	75.048	92.111	87.177	72.903	152.693	275.973	185.587	125.521	289.726

SOURCE: National Association Construction Companies (SEOPAN). Information circular on construction

\*In 1999 234.395 thousands of euros were added to the motorway of the Costa del Sol.

### 8.7. Evolution of public spending on infrastructure. 1990-2001 (euros/inhabitant)



SOURCE: National Association Construction Companies (SEOPAN). Information circular on construction

\*Since 2001 the series on Spain takes in the demand for infrastructure work by public administrations that have been published in the official government gazettes in the referred year. Until 2000 it only took in those demands whose tenders had been carried out in that year.

- For more information:

   IEA. Housing census of Andalusia

   IEA. Directory of stablishments with economic activity in Andalusia

   Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport

   Ministry of the Treasury.

- Ministry of the I feasury. Urban cadastre. National statistics for cadastral piots INE. Building census
  INE. Central directory of business (DIRCE)
  Ministry for Development. Survey of the situation of the construction industry SEOPAN. Information circular
  Ministry for Development. Report on the housing subsector



This chapter offers a selection of data on the transport and communications sectors detailing, among others, road types, density of the road network, vehicle fleet, passenger and goods traffic that Andalusia possesses.

### 9.1. Autonomous road network according to their functional nature by province. 2001

_	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
High capacity network	37	43	13	262	20	23	106	154	658
Motorways and freeways	37	43	-	249	10	-	90	127	556
Dual carriageways	-	-	13	13	10	23	16	27	102
Conventional network	794	1.002	1.582	1.421	741	1.309	1.260	1.743	9.852
Total	831	1.045	1.595	1.683	761	1.332	1.366	1.897	10.510

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. State Roads Office

#### 9.2. Density indicators of the road network by province. 2001

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain*
Total length of the network (Km)	26.991	2.557	2.520	4.918	3.617	2.266	3.743	2.898	4.472	163.557
Length/area (Km/sq Km)	0,31	0,29	0,34	0,36	0,29	0,22	0,28	0,40	0,32	0,32
Length of m.ways, freeways and dual carriageways (Km)	1.959	238	178	120	334	96	195	389	409	10.443
Motorways, freeways and dual carriageways /area (Km/sq Km)	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,03	0,01	0,01	0,05	0,03	0,02

Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. State Roads Office Ministry for Development. Statistical Yearbook

\*Data 2000.

#### 9.3. Accidents with casualties according to where they happened by province 2000\*

_	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
On the road										
Accidents	7.025	783	872	770	916	602	650	1.314	1.118	44.720
With mortal casualties	557	76	70	50	98	39	50	73	101	3.624
In urban areas Accidents With mortal casualties	6.776 74	45 6	1.160	497 9	485 4	249 7	449 3	1.318 13	2.573 26	57.009 748
With mortal casualities	74	0	0	9	4	,	3	13	20	740
Total										
Accidents	13.801	828	2.032	1.267	1.401	851	1.099	2.632	3.691	101.729
With mortal casualties	631	82	76	59	102	46	53	86	127	4.372

SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office. Accidents

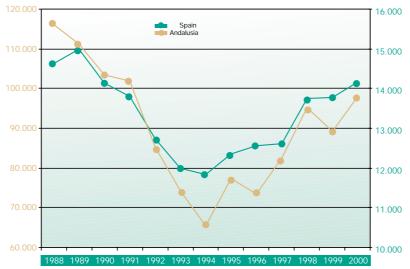
Accidents with casualties: it reflects the number of accidents that occur or originate in a public highway open to the traffic causing death or injuries to one or more people and, at least, one motor vehicle is involved.

**Mortal casualty:** a person deceased as a consequence of the accident. Death can occur during the accident or up 30 days after it.

Statistical yearbook. State Traffic Office. It offers a detailed analysis of the statistical data relating to vehicles, drivers and accusations formulated. It is

complemented with a study of their evolution over the last ten years and their relations with those factors that could have influence in the cases studied.

#### 9.4. Evolution of the number of accidents with casualties\*. 1998-2000



SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office. Accidents

<sup>\*</sup>The casualties count is made every 30 days.

<sup>\*</sup>Since 1993, the casualties count is made every 30 days.

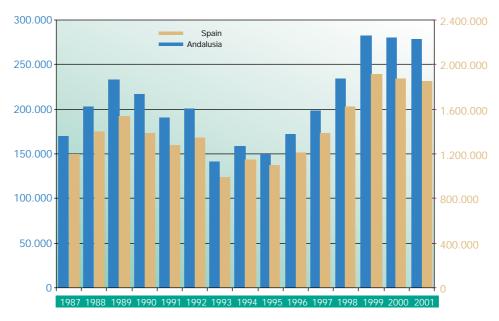
#### 9.5. Motor vehicle fleet by type and province. 2001

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Lorries and vans	682.601	70.307	77.840	76.778	83.048	40.239	86.875	123.937	123.577	3.949.001
Busses	8.147	630	977	767	1.229	625	501	1.506	1.912	56.146
Cars	2.796.356	217.013	408.289	259.309	318.528	156.327	195.200	584.648	657.042	18.150.880
Motorcycles	248.967	20.130	35.943	21.938	39.728	10.912	14.214	53.270	52.832	1.483.442
Tractors	24.797	4.730	2.815	2.379	2.279	1.524	2.074	2.546	6.450	155.957
Other vehicles*	66.712	8.786	8.339	6.807	7.077	4.103	6.447	9.327	15.826	454.445
Total	3.827.580	321.596	534.203	367.978	451.889	213.730	305.311	775.234	857.639	24.249.871

SOURCE: Home Office.StateTraffic Office.General Statistical Yearbook

\*This is made up of those vehicles that, having registration plates, are not included in the other types, such as cranes, public works, agricultural and cleaning machinery and other specialised motor vehicles not for the transport of people and goods.

#### 9.6. Evolution of the number of registered vehicles. 1987-2001



SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office. General Statistical Yearbook

#### 9.7. Passenger and goods traffic by type and province. 2001

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Rail										
Travelers <sup>ab</sup>										
(thousands)										
Board	23.972	178	3.359	1.833	358	183	228	9.301	8.532	466.793
Alight	24.006	180	3.317	1.831	364	178	230	9.334	8.573	466.793
Goods <sup>b</sup> (Tm)										
Departures	2.245.288	1.032	468.310	600.126	29.475	767.463	19.268	147.702	211.912	20.160.414
Arrivals	1.990.452	1.108	267.464	574.606	137.100	55.048	189.069	223.930	542.127	20.160.414
Air <sup>cd</sup>										
Passengers	14.085	860	749	1	504	-	-	9.821	2.149	142.732
(thousands)										
Goods (Tm)	15.171	448	211	-	121	-	-	9.370	5.021	577.031
Sea <sup>e</sup>										
Ships entering	27.139	2.548	20.328	-	-	1.684	-	1.119	1.460	112.074
Passengers										
(thousands)	5.863	861	4.457	-	-	190	-	352	3	18.541
Goods (thousands										
of Tm)	89.320	10.700	53.613	-	-	18.372	-	1.807	4.828	336.617

SOURCE: Ministry for Development. Comercial traffic in Spanish airports. Data gathered in the year Red Nacional de Ferrocarriles Españoles (RENFE) (Spanish National Rail Network) Empresa Pública de Puertos de Andalucía (State Company of Ports of Andalusia)

State Ports

<sup>e</sup>Provisional data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The no of people boarding or alighting in the stations in each area has been taken in. The travellers whose origin and destiny is the same area figure

boarding and alighting.

<sup>b</sup>For Spain only national traffic data have been included, for that reason the data of boardings and alightings coincide, in the same way, for arrival and departure of goods. Cother types of traffic have not been included (military, State, private and air work). Advanced data.

For more information:

• Empresa Pública de Puertos de Andalucía (State Company of Ports of Andalusia)

• Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport

• State Ports. Statistical Yearbook

• Home Office. State Traffic Office. General Statistical Yearbook

• Ministry for Development. Statistical Yearbook

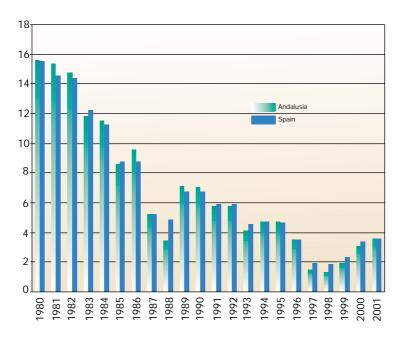
• RENFE

10

## Prices, commerce and tourism

In this chapter significant data are offered to improve the knowledge of not only the commercial situation (establishments dedicated to commerce, registrations in the IAE - economic activity tax -, value of imports and exports, and others...) but also the tourist activity (number and origin of the tourists, degree of hotel occupation, among others) in Andalusia and, at the same time, a factor closely related to both activities: price variations.

### 10.1. Evolution of the variation rate of the Retail Price Index (IPC). 1980-2001 (annual average)



SOURCE: INE. Retail Price Index (IPC)

Retail Price index (IPC). INE. It is a statistical measurement of the evolution of the set of prices of goods and services consumed by householders in Spain. In the System of Retail Price Index Base 1992, the simple arithmetic average of the monthly indexes of that year calculated

according to this System has been made equal to 100. The Survey of Family Budgets (EPF) made from the 1st of April from 1990 to the 31st of March 1991, provided the basic information on household expenses in consumer goods and services.

### 10.2. Retail Price Index (IPC). General and by groups. 2001 (December)

	Anda	lusia	Sp	ain
	index (1992=100)	Annual variation rate*	index (1992=100)	Annual variation rate*
General Index	134,7	2,8	137,0	2,7
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	126,0	5,6	131,0	5,9
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	189,4	4,5	186,9	4,2
Clothing and footwear	127,5	2,7	127,9	3,2
House	144,1	3,6	142,9	1,8
Houshold goods	125,8	2,1	129,3	2,8
Medicine	125,7	2,0	131,5	2,7
Transport	136,6	-2,7	137,2	-2,9
Communications	119,3	-2,8	119,8	-2,6
Leisure and culture	127,0	3,6	134,6	4,3
Education	172,7	4,7	177,7	4,1
Hotels, cafes and restaurants	149,7	4,9	148,5	4,7
Other	140,7	3,3	143,9	3,5

SOURCE: INE. Retail Price Index (IPC)

### 10.3. Distribution of establishments dedicated to commerce according to number of people employed. 2001

Alr	mería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Intermediary									
No employment assigned	47	60	38	50	16	15	182	180	588
0-5 workers	199	245	163	184	57	79	489	473	1.889
6-99 workers	10	21	12	10	3	5	35	37	133
Over than 99 workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Retail									
No employment assigned	575	1.258	912	745	507	512	1.730	2.071	8.310
0-5 workers	7.282	14.981	10.472	10.198	6.456	8.747	17.342	22.178	97.656
6-99 workers	500	988	563	504	366	445	1.374	1.529	6.269
Over than 99 workers	6	17	7	6	2	10	13	21	82
Wholesale									
No employment assigned	244	420	332	323	212	134	554	717	2.936
0-5 workers	1.312	2.046	1.881	1.779	1.018	1.246	2.767	3.403	15.452
6-99 workers	451	557	402	429	255	325	823	1.079	4.321
Over than 99 workers	37	2	2	9	3	1	5	11	70

SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

**Employed people:** average number of people who, in the reference period of a year, have participated in the economic activity of the establishment in return for remuneration in money, kind or profit-share.

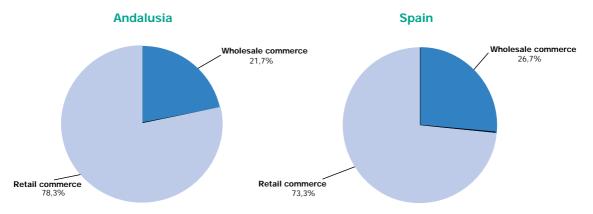
Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia. Elaborated by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia with the objective of knowing basic data of the centres of production of goods and services existing in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. It constitutes, therefore, a reference framework for taking censuses, surveys by sampling and statistical adjustment of data,

whenever the studied units develop an economic activity. It consists of an organised set of information, on magnetic support, with identification, location and classification data according to the number of people employed and the economic activity developed by the establishments, obtained from administrative sources and statistical files, complemented with information from the IEA.

<sup>\*</sup>Average variation of price levels in a year (average annual inflation).

#### 10.4. Distribution of the commerce. 2001\*

(data referred to 1st January)(percentage)



SOURCE: INE.The Central Companies Directory (DIRCE)

Central Directory of Companies (DIRCE). INE. Updated on 1st of January 2001, it constitutes a source of information to analyse the registrations, liquidation and permanence of the companies, which is known as enterprise demography.

It is an organised set of information, on magnetic support, with identification, location, territorial distribution and classification data according to the number of employees and economic activity of the companies, obtained from administrative sources and statistical files, complemented with other information from the INE. Its general objective is to set up a framework that allows the design of sub-populations for the elaboration of surveys and to provide a source to develop structural statistics on the companies.

10.5. Number o	f registra	tions in econom	ic activities tax.	2000 <sup>a</sup>
----------------	------------	-----------------	--------------------	-------------------

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Wholesale commerce	2.121	3.197	2.843	2.846	1.682	1.942	4.406	5.620	24.657
Food, beverage and tobacco	4.658	8.882	6.786	5.143	4.505	6.427	8.406	11.314	56.121
Industrial non foodstuffs	6.661	11.211	8.745	9.499	4.786	7.554	16.162	18.282	82.900
Mixed commerce	1.489	2.483	1.882	2.443	1.242	1.773	3.591	3.705	18.608
Food services	3.688	7.444	4.506	5.840	3.207	3.768	11.003	9.759	49.215
Repairs	1.172	1.911	1.600	1.698	838	1.384	2.568	3.090	14.261
Other <sup>b</sup>	689	903	570	911	325	461	1.748	1.331	6.938

SOURCE: IEA.Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury

<sup>a</sup>Bussines activities and, within this, the divisions: Commerce, restaurants, lodgings and repairs have been taken in. <sup>b</sup>Other: recuperation of products, commercial intermediaries, lodging services.

<sup>\*</sup>The sale of motor vehicles and their fuel have not been included

10.6. Imports and exports in	Andalusia by origin a	nd destination.
2001 <sup>a</sup> (thousands of euros)		

	Imports	Exports	Balance
OCDE countries	4.926.001	8.388.584	3.462.583
European Union	3.865.995	6.765.778	2.899.783
Non-UE Europe	258.457	430.741	172.285
America	582.698	943.891	361.193
Asia	132.100	220.092	87.992
Oceania	86.752	28.083	-58.670
OPEP	4.419.253	263.894	-4.155.359
Newly developed countries <sup>b</sup>	45.935	81.358	35.423
Other countries	2.586.879	1.464.227	-1.122.652
Europe	783.692	388.251	-395.442
America	473.085	269.457	-203.627
Africa	803.484	324.082	-479.402
Others countries	526.618	482.437	-44.182
Total	11.978.068	10.198.063	-1.780.006

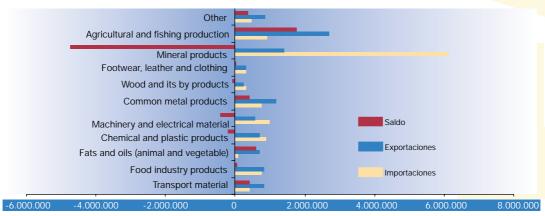
SOURCE: IEA. Foreign trade in Andalusia

<sup>a</sup>Provisional data. <sup>b</sup>Singapour, Taiwan, Hong-Kong.

Foreign trade of Andalusia. Made by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia, this publication has filled since 1990 an important gap within the economic statistics that, at the present, are made in the Autonomous Community. It contains information on the imports and exports carried out in Andalusia, obtained from data provided by the Department of Customs and Excise.

Outer and intra communitarian Commerce of Andalusia refers solely to the commercial interchanges of goods or merchandise with other countries, as the non-existence of 'regional customs' and administrative registers, prevents us from knowing the commercial flow between the different autonomous communities of Spain.

### 10.7. Andalusian imports and exports by large groups. 2001\* (thousands of euros)



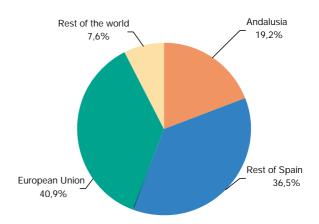
SOURCE: IEA. Foreign trade in Andalusia

\*Provisional data

### 10.8. Number of tourists by province. 2001

	Number of tourists
Almería	2.539.574
Cádiz	3.034.652
Córdoba	852.806
Granada	2.532.907
Huelva	1.179.658
Jaén	952.590
Málaga	7.815.413
Sevilla	1.848.165
Andalusia	20.755.765
SOURCE: IEA.Survey (ECTA)	of Tourist Situation of Andalusia

### 10.9. Distribution of tourists in Andalusia by origin. 2001 (percentage)



SOURCE: IEA.Survey of Tourist Situation of Andalusia (ECTA)

#### Survey of Tourist Situation of Andalusia (ECTA). Made

by the IEA, its goal is to face up to the needs and shortages of relevant information in the tourist sector in Andalusia.

It is a continuous survey of quarterly regularity and is aimed at identifying the profile, spending and valuation of the trip of the tourist who visits Andalusia.

#### 10.10. Tourist establishments. 2001a

	Hotel establishments <sup>b</sup>			urist ments	Camp	osites	Rural houses		
	Number	capacity	Number	capacity	Number	capacity	Number	capacity	
Almería	240	23.408	36	9.205	24	12.754	27	201	
Cádiz	453	28.988	46	3.622	39	19.980	37	234	
Córdoba	171	7.856	4	118	9	3.251	50	342	
Granada	445	23.007	62	2.744	24	7.168	50	365	
Huelva	150	12.913	16	1.411	20	23.758	79	373	
Jaén	193	7.220	22	718	15	5.579	56	359	
Málaga	590	69.879	254	29.146	33	17.589	111	693	
Sevilla	322	22.075	12	998	13	4.568	14	166	
Andalusia	2.564	195.346	452	47.962	177	94.647	424	2.733	

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport

<sup>a</sup>All those establisments registered in the Andalusian Register of Tourism on the a 31<sup>st</sup> of december of 2001 have been taken into account. <sup>b</sup>Hotels, hotel-apartments y boarding houses have been included.

Survey of Hotel Occupation. This survey is an appropriate source to study the Tourist sector that the IEA makes on a monthly basis. The same publication is made by the INE, but for the State as a whole. The information is obtained monthly by means of a survey in all the hotel establishments of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia.

The general aim is to obtain synthetic indexes that evaluate the activity of the tourist sector and allow short term forecasts to be made.

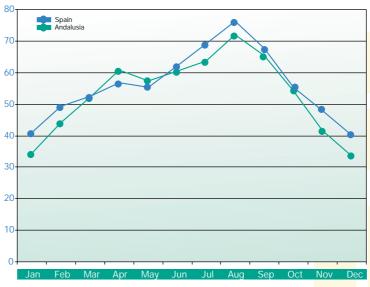
10.11. Movement of travellers in hotel establishments. 2001\*

	Accommodat	ed travellers	Overnig	ıht stays	Aver	Average stay		
	Spanish	Foreigners	Spanish	Foreigners	Spanish	Foreigners		
Almería	564.828	272.684	2.103.499	2.028.488	3,72	7,44		
Cádiz	925.686	555.383	2.522.666	2.026.048	2,73	3,65		
Córdoba	519.514	367.345	763.055	475.483	1,47	1,29		
Granada	986.909	861.322	2.163.795	1.589.228	2,19	1,85		
Huelva	402.703	100.574	1.262.563	487.259	3,14	4,84		
Jaén	428.091	88.308	662.044	129.290	1,55	1,46		
Málaga	1.399.563	1.915.266	4.910.641	10.374.620	3,51	5,42		
Sevilla	1.033.518	940.284	1.905.206	1.860.133	1,84	1,98		
Andalusia	6.260.812	5.101.167	16.293.469	18.970.548	2,60	3,72		

SOURCE: IEA. Survey of hotel occupation

\*Provisional data .

10.12.G. Monthly occupancy rate in hotel establishments. 2001\*



SOURCE: IEA. Survey of hotel occupation INE. Survey of hotel occupation

\*Provisional data. Occupancy rate .

#### For more information:

- IEA. Survey of hotel occupation
  IEA. Survey of Tourist Situation in Andalusia
  IEA. Sales index in hypermarkets
  Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport. Bulletin of tourist indicators of Andalusia
- INE. Central directory of companies

11

# Financial and business activity

This chapter provides information on the evolution of deposits and credits in the banking system, existing mortgages, the creation and liquidation of mercantile societies, the employment level in the companies and

temporary receiverships, all relevant aspects within the financial and business activity in Andalusia

### **11.1. Private sector bank deposits and credits by province.** (Millions of euros) ( 2001 december)

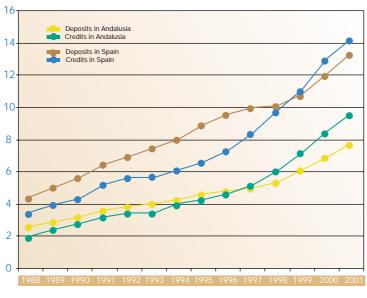
	Total		Private	banking	Saving b	Saving banks Credit coop		peratives
	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits
Andalusia	57.504	71.358	17.913	31.408	31.940	32.621	7.651	7.329
Almería	4.526	7.696	787	2.164	1.546	2.551	2.192	2.981
Cádiz	6.731	9.288	2.450	4.707	4.088	4.235	193	346
Córdoba	6.476	7.121	1.514	2.718	4.408	4.076	554	327
Granada	6.976	7.534	1.559	2.662	4.063	3.779	1.354	1.093
Huelva	3.095	3.887	753	1.434	1.618	1.900	724	553
Jaén	5.151	4.592	1.226	1.554	3.125	2.495	800	543
Málaga	11.601	12.549	4.767	6.623	5.876	5.027	958	899
Sevilla	12.949	18.691	4.857	9.546	7.216	8.558	876	587
Spain	549.621	586.010	231.984	295.063	281.684	260.495	35.953	30.452

SOURCE: Bank of Spain. Statistics Bulletin

**Cooperative**: is a society that carries out any legal socio-economic activity for mutual help among its members, at the service of these and the community, by the contribution and activity of all its members. There are different types of properties: of first, second and last degree, cooperatives federations and associations and rural savings banks.

Credit Cooperatives: made up of non-agrarian credit cooperatives and rural savings banks.

### 11.2. Evolution of private sector deposits and credits in the banking system. 1998-2001 (millions of euros\* per thousand inhabitants)



SOURCE: Bank of Spain. Statistics Bulletin

The most frequently used statistical sources are the Statistical Bulletin of the Bank of Spain and a series of publications of the National Institute of Statistics (INE), such as the *Statistics of Mortgages*, the *Statistics of* 

Mercantile Societies, the Statistics of Declarations of Bankruptcies and Temporary Receiverships and the Central Directory of Companies, among others.

#### 11.3. Property mortgages registered by type and province. 2001\*

(amount in thousands of euros)

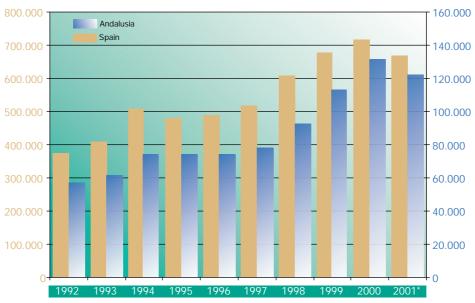
		Rural		Urban
	Number Amount		Number	Amount
Andalusia	6.353	696.236	122.303	8.617.924
Almería	1.503	175.956	13.769	1.028.407
Cádiz	568	67.143	17.108	1.077.324
Córdoba	762	79.242	11.200	634.873
Granada	867	60.268	12.677	823.939
Huelva	313	38.049	11.447	713.401
Jaén	1.046	84.970	9.057	535.546
Málaga	547	75.949	27.118	2.454.261
Sevilla	747	114.659	19.927	1.350.173
Spain	20.776	2.143.059	669.337	57.912.184

SOURCE: INE. Mortgage Statistics

\*Provisional data.

Mortgage statistics. INE. They come from the Statistics of Mortgage Loans that were modified by the Order of Presidency of the Government of 7th of July 1986. They gather the number of mortgaged properties and the quantity of the loans on a monthly basis. The information comes from the property and mercantile registers, they refer to mortgages, real estate and others and the date of reference is that of their inscription in the Property Register

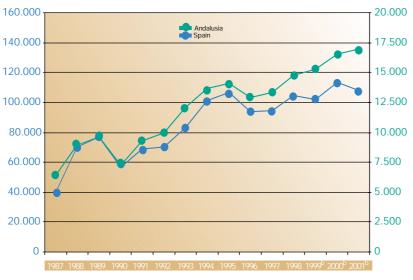
### 11.4. Evolution of the number of urban property mortgages in Andalusia. 1992-2001



SOURCE: INE. Mortgage Statistics

\*Provisional data

#### 11.5. Evolution of the creation of mercantile companies . 1987-2001

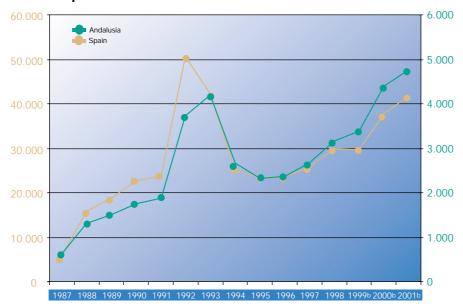


Statistics of mercantile societies. INE. They collect monthly information of created and dissolved societies and of those in which modifications of capital have taken place. The data are provided by the Central Mercantile Register and the date of reference is that of the inscription of the operation in the mercantile registers.

SOURCE: INE. Mercantile Company Statistics

 $^{\rm a}$  Includes limited liability, colective and limited partnership companies  $^{\rm b}$  Provisional data.

### 11.6. Evolution of the number of mercantile companies that increase their capital<sup>a</sup>. 1987-2001



SOURCE: INE. Mercantile Company Statistics

<sup>a</sup>Includes limited liability, colective and limited partnership companies. <sup>b</sup>Provisional data.

#### 11.7. Establishments according to their level of employment by province. 2001

	<b>A.</b> (	0 ( 1)	0′.1.1	0 1			<b>N</b> 4/1	مالند م	
	Almería	Cadiz	Cordoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
								0.000	
No assigned employment	3.821	5.649	4.095	4.419	2.846	2.439	9.972	9.223	42.464
0 workers	117	153	145	208	106	101	444	281	1.555
From 1 to 2	20.707	34.942	27.863	30.053	15.302	22.385	48.616	54.768	254.636
From 3 to 5	3.480	5.687	4.213	4.309	2.492	3.232	7.967	9.604	40.984
From 6 to 9	1.453	2.412	1.739	1.663	1.004	1.355	4.024	4.353	18.003
From 10 to 19	1.129	1.876	1.311	1.280	767	1.055	2.846	3.287	13.551
From 20 to 49	567	1.045	704	620	430	542	1.571	2.021	7.500
From 50 to99	157	280	172	138	92	109	410	488	1.846
From 100 to 199	63	124	29	52	31	36	128	178	641
From 200 to 499	22	47	23	23	20	16	57	86	294
500 or over	5	15	3	2	4	4	9	21	63
Total	31.521	52.230	40.297	42.767	23.094	31.274	76.044	84.310	381.537

SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

#### 11.8. Establishments according to their main activity by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
С	241	106	85	165	89	87	84	107	964
D	2.435	3.795	5.728	4.027	1.820	4.083	5.154	7.519	34.561
E	67	94	83	85	58	76	98	139	700
F	4.577	4.894	4.011	5.265	2.846	3.548	8.960	7.490	41.591
G	11.890	22.554	16.396	16.007	9.681	12.805	28.001	34.779	152.113
Н	3.060	6.416	3.912	4.821	2.587	2.866	9.557	7.981	41.200
1	3.178	4.746	3.585	3.991	1.974	2.687	6.575	9.081	35.817
J	785	1.109	889	981	577	840	1.695	1.899	8.775
K	2.933	4.521	2.635	3.972	1.862	1.978	9.649	8.570	36.120
М	370	801	579	697	266	448	1.074	1.283	5.518
N	364	578	431	471	214	309	1.054	1.349	4.770
0	1.621	2.616	1.963	2.285	1.120	1.547	4.143	4.113	19.408
Total	31.521	52.230	40.297	42.767	23.094	31.274	76.044	84.310	381.537

SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

- SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

  C Mining and quarrying industries.

  D Manufacturing industries.

  E Electric energie, gas and water supply.

  F Construction.

  G Motor vehicle, motorcycle, moped and personal and household goods commerce and repair.

  H Hotel and restaurants.

  I Transport, storage and communication.

  J Financial intermediation.

  K Real state, renting and business activities.

  M Education.

  N Health and veterinary activities and social service.

  O Other social activities and community services, personal services.

### 11.9. Balance of the situation of companies in Andalusia. 1999\* (thousands of euros)

	Almería	Cádiz (	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Active									
Fixed active	341	442	333	397	473	282	322	826	427
Stocks	207	194	268	267	183	264	170	412	236
Realizable	296	354	295	306	273	254	257	740	349
Liquid	53	54	62	68	61	59	59	91	64
Total	898	1.044	958	1.038	991	859	808	2.069	1.076
Passive									
Own resources	252	322	280	318	356	240	253	639	331
Long term borrowed resource	s 141	196	141	183	154	125	118	404	183
Short term borrowed resource	es 506	526	537	536	481	495	437	1.026	562
Total	898	1.044	958	1.038	991	859	808	2.069	1.076

SOURCE: IEA. Balance centre of business activities in Andalusia

\*The values represent average values.

Central of Balances of business activities of Andalusia. Since 1990, Spanish companies have been forced to deposit their annual accounts in the Mercantile Registers of the province of their social address, with the intention of making them public. The origin of this obligation is the Law 19/1989 of adaptation of the mercantile legislation to the EEC directives in matters of societies.

Data provided by the companies forced to present their annual accounts in the mercantile registers have different statistical uses. The Central of Balances serves as the informative base for the estimation of the macro-magnitudes of the Andalusian economy and is of utility for the accomplishment of micro-economic or business studies.

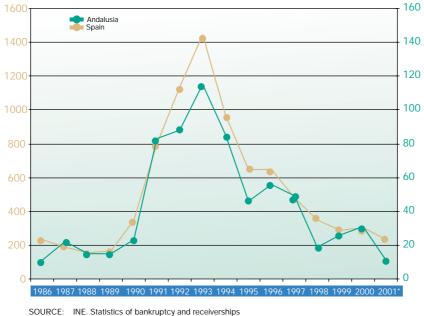
#### 11.10. Account of company gains and losses in Andalusia. 1999\*

(thousands of euros)

_	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Operating income	1.109	1.253	1.659	1.314	1.258	1.300	1.084	2.091	1.351
Operating consumption	744	766	1.276	892	807	913	692	1.374	896
Other operating expenses	125	158	133	142	159	131	133	270	157
Gross value added	240	329	250	280	293	256	259	448	297
Labour expenses	150	254	169	182	209	173	182	320	209
Gross operating results	90	74	80	98	84	82	78	127	88
Net operating results	54	40	52	66	45	51	52	60	52
Ordinary activity results	42	23	35	53	31	37	43	40	39
Results before taxes	54	22	26	65	49	43	47	66	46
Results of the financial year	36	10	18	44	34	28	31	41	30

SOURCE: IEA. Balance centre of business activities in Andalusia

#### 11.11. Evolution of the number of receiverships. 1986-2001



\*Provisional data

Statistics of temporary receiverships and declarations of bankruptcies. INE. They collect 120 information on the number of files of temporary receivership and declarations of bankruptcy that begin in the courts of First Instance and Magistrate's Courts in the national territory. Data of the number of temporary receiverships and bankruptcies by province and autonomous communities are obtained as well as the assets and liabilities of the affected companies. The economic activity and legal nature of the company are also classified by class of bankruptcy, cause of the temporary receivership and proposal of payment. The date of reference is that of the opening of the file.

Receiverships: trader or merchantile entity that, possessing enough resources to cover its debts, foresees the impossibility of settling them on the expired date because of cash flow problems, lack of demand, law productivity and other reasons.

For more information

<sup>\*</sup> The values represent average values.

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**12** 

# Accounts of the public administration

In this chapter data relating to the Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia and the Provincial Councils of the Autonomous Community are presented giving a general knowledge of the evolution of the income and expenses policy of both administrative institutions.

### 12.1. Evolution of income budget in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia by sections\*. 1993-2002 (thousands of euros)

	1993	1994	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Ordinary revenues									
Direct taxes	93.337	125.798	153.559	154.376	175.712	178.164	185.713	211.719	218.589
Indirect taxes	388.356	383.416	491.406	485.251	515.909	610.324	738.037	985.876	1.058.599
Fees and other incomes	410.966	379.124	379.257	369.707	359.200	357.168	385.840	410.866	5.845.176
Current transfers	7.256.764	7.788.732	9.233.012	11.016.570	11.675.661	12.256.686	12.915.920	13.564.030	9.692.766
Incomes from assets	18.181	29.444	31.812	50.112	54.466	43.703	45.599	50.609	54.100
Total	8.167.604	8.706.514	10.289.045	12.076.016	12.780.948	13.446.045	14.271.108	15.223.099	16.869.231
Capital income									
Disposal of valuables	4.808	8.384	5.559	5.890	6.245	24.750	27.647	29.089	27.648
Capital transfers	658.397	1.064.945	1.192.757	1.096.763	1.240.351	1.296.009	1.357.336	1.302.504	1.451.681
Total	663.205	1.073.329	1.198.316	1.102.653	1.246.595	1.320.759	1.384.983	1.331.593	1.479.330
Income from financial operations									
Financial assets	146.112	147.933	8.486	12.591	18.601	14.328	19.353	12.393	12.644
Financial liabilities	901.518	893.465	721.359	524.365	766.056	731.233	763.634	547.508	638.128
Total	1.047.630	1.041.398	729.845	536.956	784.657	745.562	782.986	559.901	650.772
Total income	9.878.439	10.821.241	12.217.206	13.715.625	14.812.200	15.512.365	16.439.078	17.114.594	18.999.333

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia \*In 1995 the budget was extended from 1994.

### 12.2. Consolidated budget of Expenditure of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. 2002 (thousands of euros)

-	Total consolidate	Percentage of the total	Percentual increase 2001-2002
Junta of Andalusia			
Regional Government Ministry of the Presidency	190.598	1,00	10,58
Parliament of Andalusia	40.182	0,21	23,19
National Debt	1.105.771	5,82	7,39
Chamber of Audits	7.189	0,04	12,66
Andalusian Advisory Council	1.648	0,01	12,74
Regional Government Ministry of Institutional Relations	10.265	0,05	61,61
Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury	191.790	1,01	23,00
Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office	218.050	1,15	19,15
Regional Government Ministry of Justice	341.369	1,80	34,76
Regional Government Ministry of Employment	819.940	4,32	28,25
Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport	233.889	1,23	25,21
Regional Govovernment Ministry of Public Works	897.930	4,73	17,75
Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fishe	ries 542.515	2,86	14,00
Regional Government Ministry of Health	375.338	1,98	19,42
Regional Government Ministry of Education	4.187.079	22,04	10,15
Regional Government Ministry of Culture	151.362	0,80	17,78
Regional Government Ministry of the Environment	339.417	1,79	11,79
Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs	405.645	2,14	31,56
Expenses of diverse Regional Government Ministries	47.932	0,25	24,32
Local Government participation in the National Revenue	e 1.595.321	8,40	5,87
Andalusian Fund of Agricultural Guarantee	1.502.530	7,91	-
Pensions	67.722	0,36	-0,91
Autonomous Organisms			
Andalusian Woman's Institute	26.834	0,14	25,56
Andalusian Youth Institute	28.602	0,15	8,24
Institute of Statistics of Andalusia	7.987	0,04	24,37
Andalusian Institute of Public Administration	6.081	0,03	10,97
Andalusian Institute of Agrarian Reform	68.435	0,36	10,02
Andalusian Health Service	5.357.754	28,20	9,29
Alhambra and Generalife Trust	11.252	0,06	16,51
Andalusian Center of Contemporary Art	3.234	0,02	2,12
Andalusian Institute of Social Services	215.675	1,14	8,09
Total	18.999.333	100,00	11,01
			,

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia

With regard to income, the most important question is to know its origin; as for expenses, even though a good classification by administrative organisms gives an adequate idea of their structure, a functional classification reflects the expenses policy, that is to say, the aims or objectives that are pursued.

Statistical information on Budgets is given by the Ministry of the Treasury and the Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury in the national and autonomous plans and by the European Commission in the European Linion

### 12.3 Expenditure policy of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. 2002 (euros)

	Amount	Percentage
Health service	5.648.649.676	29,73
Education	4.149.801.637	21,84
Social services	711.346.702	3,74
Culture and sport	253.844.966	1,34
Housing and town planning	276.257.804	1,45
Justice, security and public protection	263.059.191	1,38
Promotion of employment	596.604.664	3,14
Environmental	339.416.510	1,79
Economic cooperation with local councils	1.759.936.044	9,26
Infrastructure	618.497.276	3,26
Economic development	464.912.266	2,45
Agriculture and fishing	569.056.745	3,00
Grants for the Agricultural Guarantee Fund	1.502.530.261	7,91
Research	238.978.941	1,26
National debt	1.105.770.946	5,82
Pensions	67.722.228	0,36
Other policies	432.947.094	2,28
Total	18.999.332.951	100,00

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia

### 12.4. Expenditure policy of the Provincial Councils. 2000 (thousands of euros)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
General services	15.206	13.060	9.472	14.274	12.146	17.586	15.524	46.368	143.636
Social Security, social protection									
and promotion	34.348	42.353	15.777	29.125	8.949	26.847	22.989	39.486	219.874
Social public goods output	20.290	25.832	22.544	19.178	24.696	15.482	31.349	26.937	186.308
Output of economic goods	21.781	10.914	21.642	34.745	20.981	10.896	10.680	62.902	194.542
Transfers to Public Administrations	2.903	16.474	17.694	12.531	2.945	33.585	36.620	45.322	168.073
National debt	9.610	18.343	25.068	22.682	13.270	21.084	25.194	104.384	239.636
Other*	10.638	16.221	16.149	9.400	10.319	5.656	25.561	26.883	120.827
Total	114.775	143.197	128.346	141.935	93.307	131.135	167.917	352.283	1.272.896

SOURCE: Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the local organisms

<sup>\*</sup>Made up of expenses of civil protection and public security, general economic regulation and the economic regulation of production sectors.

### 13

## Social services and social protection

This chapter offers statistical information on the welfare and care centres that exist in Andalusia at the disposal of different groups; they also offer information

on the number of foster families, adoptions and beneficiaries, for diverse reasons, of social and economic benefits.

#### 13.1. Social services community centres and their workforce by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Social work units	46	82	65	81	32	91	109	122	628
Social work zones	21	22	26	26	9	23	30	46	203
Staff*	135	377	174	269	92	258	308	503	2.116

SOURCE: Regional Government of Social Affairs
\*There are also 4.783 people dedicated to benefits.

#### 13.2. Woman's care centres by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Women's care centres	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Municipal information centres	12	17	16	20	17	19	19	43	163
Mistreated women care centres									
Emergency homes	1	2	1	3	1	2	2	3	15
Refuge	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Protected flats	4	2	2	3	2	2	3	8	26
SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of	the Presiden	cy. Andalı	usian Woman´	s Institute					

Andalusia Basic Data 2002

#### 13.3. Juvenil care centres by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Youth hostel network									
Youth hostels	1	2	1	3	2	1	2	2	14
Hostels-campsites	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	5
Campsites	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Total	2	4	1	3	3	2	3	2	20
Youth information centres	36	45	57	36	44	31	33	82	364

SOURCE: Regional Government of the Presidency. Andalusian Youth Institute

### 13.4. Main drugs used . Distribution by age bands and gender in cases that start treatment. 2000 (percentage of total number of cases)

				Age	e bands				Se	x
	Under 15	From 15 to	From 20 to	From 25 to	From 30 to	From 25 to	From 40 to	45 and	Men	Women
	years	19 years	24 years	29 years	34 years	39 years	44 years	over		
Heroin	-	2,5	9,5	22,8	29,8	21,9	9,3	4,1	89,5	10,5
Heroin + cocaine	0,1	2,9	12,3	23,8	29,5	19,6	8,2	3,5	89,0	11,0
Others opiates	-	0,9	9,7	15,9	27,4	19,5	22,1	4,4	84,7	15,3
Cocaine	0,1	10,5	24,7	25,8	18,0	12,3	5,5	3,1	91,3	8,7
Anfetamines	-	11,1	11,1	38,9	22,2	11,1	-	5,6	72,2	27,8
MDMA* and by pro	ducts -	36,4	54,5	4,5	4,5	-	-	-	63,6	36,4
Hipnotics + sedativ	es -	26,3	14,0	14,0	14,0	7,0	15,8	8,8	68,4	31,6
Cannabis	1,7	34,2	33,7	15,4	5,1	6,5	1,6	1,9	93,6	6,4
LSD	-	22,2	44,4	22,2	11,1	-	-	-	100,0	-
Volatile subtances	50,0	50,0	-	-		-	-	-	100,0	
Other substances	-	3,3	19,0	25,0	28,3	12,5	8,7	3,3	92,2	7,8
Average	0,2	5,2	13,4	22,9	27,2	19,1	8,3	3,7	89,5	10,5

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs

\*MDMA: extasis

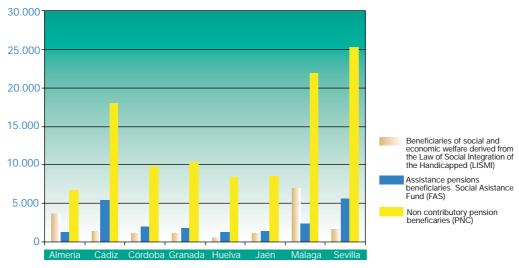
#### 13.5. Foster families and adoptions by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Foster families									
In process	22	139	51	73	50	55	229	135	754
Formalised	13	65	30	45	18	34	105	41	351
Adoptions									
National adoption applications	153	255	164	144	342	210	402	1.132	2.802
International adoption applications	129	90	55	102	31	41	143	435	1.026
Proposed adoptions	9	56	13	63	27	24	85	91	368
Approved adoptions	20	45	18	48	26	42	90	97	386

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs

Foster families: protectional measure by which a minor is temporarily introduced into a family which is not made up by his biological parents or guardians. The foster family assumes the care of the minor without there being a change in the patria potestas or guardianship Adoptions: protectional measure by which a minor is introduced into a family, which is not his by birth, in a definitive way with the same consideration, rights and duties as the natural children. The adopting family takes on all the obligation of the patria potestas, disappearing, except in exceptional cases, all links between the minor and his biological parents

#### 13.6. Financial assistance beneficiary by province. 2001 (up to december)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs. And alusian Institute for Social Affairs

PNC retirement beneficiaries: People aged 65 and over, lacking enough income and living in Spanish territory during a fixed period, have the right to perceive a PNC.

Invalidity PNC beneficiaries: People aged from 18 to 65, lacking enough income and having a handicap of 65% or more or a chronic illness, living in Spanish territory during a fixed period, have the right to perceive a PNC. LISMI: economic aids for handicaped people.

FAS: beneficiaries of Social Assistance Fund, due to old age or illness.

For more information:

- For more information:

  IEA. Social indicators of Andalusia

  Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs. Annual Memorandum of the Andalusian plan on drugs

  Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Work and Social Affairs Yearbook

  Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Work and Social Affairs Bulletin

  INSERSO. Statistical Bulletin of Basic Data (published until 1996)

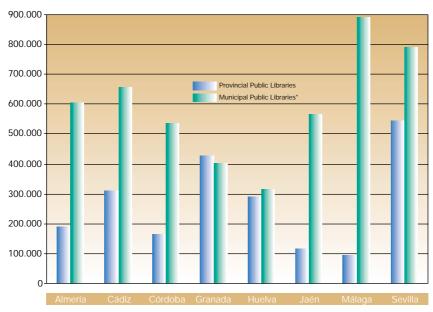
  INSERSO. Annual Memorandum

# 14 Culture

This chapter offers data that reveal aspects relating to culture, as much on visits to libraries, museums, and archaeological remains or monumental sites, as on the

side of supply, through, for example, real estate of cultural interest that exists in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia or the volume of publishing production.

#### 14.1. Number of visitors to public and municipal libraries of Andalusia. 2001



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

\*Data 2000

**Library Statistics. INE.** Their objective are to know the number of libraries and service points existing in Spain, as well as their funds and movements, equipment, workforce, activity and expenses. This study is carried out by type of library and by autonomous community and province.

This study is made biennially and its scope extends to all the libraries installed in the Spanish territory, whatever

their administrative dependency, except the private ones which are not open to the public. The information refers to the natural year, although some characteristics refer to 31 of December of the studied year.

The INE has made these statistics since 1960. However, they were reconstructed in 1972 to adapt to the recommendations of the UNESCO in the conference of 1970.

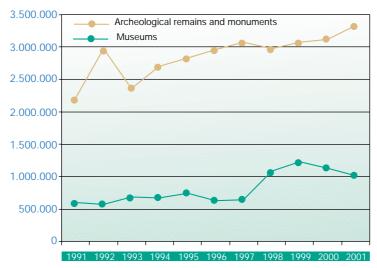
14.2. Real estate under protection orders according to cultural interest by province. 2001 (31st December)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sovilla	Andalusia
_	Aimena	Cauiz	Cordoba	Gianaua	Tiueiva	Jaen	ivialaya	Sevilla	Allualusia
Dessignated as Places									
of Cultural Interest (BIC)	)								
Monuments	167	169	168	213	60	249	157	249	1.432
Ancient monuments	4	19	8	13	8	10	8	11	81
Archeological remains	10	4	4	7	3	-	12	8	48
Historical sites	-	-	1	1	1	1	2	-	6
Historical gardens	-	-	2	6	-	-	3	2	13
Total	181	192	183	240	72	260	182	270	1.580
Files openned for prese	rvation								
notice as Places of									
Cultural Interest (BIC)									
Monuments	22	19	18	50	32	37	40	26	244
Ancient monuments	2	10	5	3	11	13	2	7	53
Archeological remains	12	-	4	14	5	3	22	2	62
Historical sites	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	4
Historical gardens	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Total	36	29	27	67	49	53	66	38	365
With files openned for i registration in the Gene Catalogue of the Andalu Historical Heritage	ral								
Generic	-	2	-	2	1	2	4	1	12
Monuments	2	4	5	2	-	-	2	2	17
Archeological remains	2	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	7
Sites of ethnological interes	est -	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	3
Colective generic	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Total	4	8	5	7	2	4	6	4	40
Registered in the General Catalogue of the Andalu Historical Heritage									
Generic	7	1	20	1	12	11	8	10	70
Monuments *	3	8	2	3	1	1	4	11	33
Archeological remains	1	1	2	-	1	1	1	_	7
Sites of ethnological interes	est -	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	4
Historical sites	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	_	1
Colective generic	145	5	3	1	1	-	3	3	161
Total	156	17	27	5	15	14	16	26	276

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

\*Includes the "Osborne Bull"

## 14.3. Evolution of number of visitors to andalusian museums, archeological remains and monuments. 1991-2001



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

#### 14.4. Editorial production by province. 2001

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Books	4.384	263	193	593	1.097	137	195	630	1.276	53.485
Pamphlets	1.123	39	65	240	146	76	84	177	296	9.040
Periodicals	491	30	40	91	56	26	28	130	90	
Sheets <sup>a</sup>	159	2	5	34	46	-	4	-	68	
Cassettes	307	-	29	174	1	-	-	-	103	
Maps	138	1	88	21	17	-	-	1	10	
Post cards	352	15	2	20	92	1	30	148	44	
C.D.	356	-	1	130	30	1	-	4	190	
Posters	426	2	28	197	31	27	8	2	131	
Diskettes	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Other <sup>b</sup>	150	6	10	20	50	-	10	31	23	
Total	7.890	361	461	1.520	1.566	268	359	1.123	2.232	

**75** 

SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Culture. Andalusian Book Catalogue Number INE. Statistics of the Edition of Books

<sup>a</sup>Includes: sheets, diptychs, triptychs and polytychs. <sup>b</sup>Includes: videos, stickers, scores, engravings, calendars, etc.

Culture

For more information:
• Regional Government Ministry of Culture
• INE. Library statistics



In this chapter data relating to cinema spectators, sport, the volume of games and the time destined to watching television and the number of bullfighting events is offered, giving, in this way, an idea of the use that Andalusian people make of their free time.

15.1. Spectators and takings in cinemas by province. 2000										
	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Spectators National films Foreign films Total	1.543.402 17.741.843 19.285.245	72.192 1.036.857	201.019 3.012.568	128.691 1.215.724		54.911 657.079		290.519 3.817.247		13.422.006 121.968.507 135.390.513
Takings (euros) National films Foreign films	5.154 60.076	1.109.049 263 3.751	3.213.587 607 9.363	444 4.197	2.178.498 689 6.319	180 2.272	356 3.604	1.011 13.583	1.604 16.988	53.746
Total  Average spending by spectator	65.230	4.014	9.970	4.641	7.008	2.453	3.960	14.594	18.592	536.335
(euros) National films Foreign films In general	3,34 3,39 3,38	3,64 3,62 <b>3,62</b>	3,02 3,11 <b>3,10</b>	3,45 3,45 <b>3,45</b>	3,14 3,22 <b>3,22</b>	3,28 3,46 <b>3,44</b>	2,95 2,94 <b>2,94</b>	3,48 3,56 <b>3,55</b>	3,52 3,53 <b>3,52</b>	4,00 3,96 3,96

SOURCES: INE. Cinematography

### 15.2. Bull fights by province. 2001\*

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Bull fights	15	31	18	13	9	27	33	26	172
Bull fights with young bulls and	0	40		0	0	04	45	47	07
novice bullfighters with picadors Bull fights with young bulls and	3	19	11	3	8	21	15	17	97
novice bullfighters without picadors	4	11	8	14	7	12	32	17	105
Fights with young bulls	-	8	6	3	3	3	6	6	35
Comico bull fights	4	10	7	5	7	7	2	2	44
Bullfighting festivals	6	18	4	8	9	10	35	5	95
Bull fights on horseback									
with the lance	2	4	5	2	5	13	4	8	43
Popular festivities	1	41	39	42	16	146	17	12	314
•									
Total	35	142	98	90	64	239	144	93	905

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

**Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport.**It provides statistics of the sporting activity of the population, registering the sporting habits of the Andalusian

population, the basic characteristics of public and private sport facilities, as well as the degrees of accessibility, coverage and frequency of use of the mentioned facilities.

#### 15.3. Licences of the main sporting activities by province. 2001

_	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Andalusian basketball Federation	8.471	2.035	18.154	1.371	731	2.780	7.368	5.439	46.349
Andalusian handball Federation	6.632	847	977	2.996	266	466	3.466	703	16.353
Andalusian hunting Federation	7.247	12.132	16.672	15.266	15.400	14.552	17.335	13.588	112.192
Andalusian soccer Federation	6.659	14.904	8.990	8.662	5.588	5.065	15.108	22.760	87.736
Andalusian indoor soccer Federation	2.702	3.654	2.136	72	1.894	1.933	3.776	1.117	17.284
Andalusian golf Federation	1.365	6.520	882	1.171	1.579	308	15.113	3.887	30.825
Andalusian karate Federation	542	530	403	685	217	694	1.728	1.213	6.012
Andalusian game fishing Federation	974	1.155	1.412	940	929	1.908	1.018	2.737	11.073
Andalusian tennis Federation	465	534	570	702	119	337	914	1.763	5.404
Andalusian olympic shooting Federation	1.242	1.319	811	928	309	545	1.844	1.415	8.413
Andalusian sailing Federation	1.107	8.704	180	86	331	-	1.164	190	11.762
Total*	43.751	63.415	57.752	41.889	31.477	34.414	81.067	72.708	426.765

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Tourism Sport

77 Leisure

<sup>\*</sup>Does not include mixed performances.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes all sport licences in Andalusia.

#### 15.4. Volume of gambling by type and province. 2000

(thousands of euros)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Casinos		52.486		-	_	_	199.903	_	252.389
Bingos	24.660	98.223	28.037	25.645	37.792	11.011	146.346	98.590	470.304
Machines type B	130.390	184.817	114.968	140.180	107.275	115.262	233.247	288.931	1.315.069
National Lotteries*	77.658	116.324	86.639	103.960	43.329	73.834	190.454	175.216	867.414

SOURCE:

Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office Ministry of the Treasury. National organism of lotteries and statal bets

\* Data 1999.

Machines type B: recreational machines with a prize that, in return for the price of the game, give the users a time to play and, eventually, a prize whose value cannot exceede twenty times the price of the game.

Yearbook of Television Audiences. Sofres, media audiences. It measures and controls television audiences using the audiometer, basing the study on a panel of representative homes which have been supplied with audiometers.

The panel is formed from homes in the Peninsula, Baleares and the Canary Islands with television and all the individuals of 4 years and over who live in them. The regional sample is not proportional, since it has been oversized in some communities with autonomous television, with the purpose of guaranteeing sufficient sample for studies that include percentage wise reduced variables. At the moment, panels exist in more than 2.800 homes.

#### 15.5. Daily time spent watching television by day and channel. 2000 (percentage)

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Weekly average
Andalusia								
Time (in minutes)	221	215	215	213	214	209	213	214
Public	27,9	30,4	30,3	30,1	29,3	29,8	31,2	29,9
Private	43,6	42,7	42,5	42,4	43,5	42,1	42,5	42,8
Autonomous	23,0	21,5	21,9	22,0	21,0	21,2	18,7	21,3
Other	5,5	5,3	5,4	5,6	6,2	6,9	7,6	6,1
Total	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Spain								
Time (in minutes)	214	211	211	206	206	205	218	210
Public	31,1	32,7	32,7	32,5	31,7	32,7	33,5	32,4
Private	47,6	46,5	46,3	45,5	46,9	44,1	44,6	45,9
Autonomous	17,0	16,6	16,8	17,6	16,7	17,5	16,1	16,9
Other	4,2	4,2	4,3	4,4	4,8	5,7	5,8	4,8
Total	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
SOURCE: SOFRES, A	A.M. Television A	udience Yearb	ook					

For more information:

For more information:

Regional Government Ministry of the Presidency

Regional Government Ministry of the Tourism and Sport

INE. Statistical Yearbook of Spain

Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport. Cinematography: production, showing, dissemination and promotion

Office for Justification of Dissemination (OJD)

Association for media research

## 16

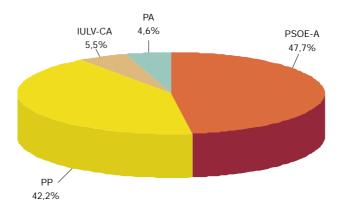
# Social Participation and Justice

This chapter offers data on electoral and other forms of participation, such as those happening through complaints to the Ombudsman or that young people carry out when choosing, responsibly, to do PSS (Community

Service). Information relating to the Andalusian judicial activity that takes place in courts and the crimes that are to be solved in them, is provided.

#### 16.1. Composition of the Andalusian Parliament

(12th March 2000)

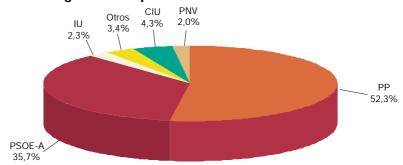


SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

PSOE-A: Partido Socialista Obrero Español de Andalucia (Spanish Socialist Workers Party of Andalusia).
PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).
IULV-CA: IU: Izquierda Unida -Los Verdes- Convocatoria por Andalucia (United Left Front- The Green Party- For Andalusia).
PA: Partido Andaluz (Andalusian Party).

**Voters in the Andalusian parliamentary elections:** voters are all the Spanish people that, having suffrage, are in a municipal register of the Autonomous Community or, living abroad, had their last administrative residence in Andalusia.

#### 16.2. Composition of the Congress of Deputies (12th March 2000)

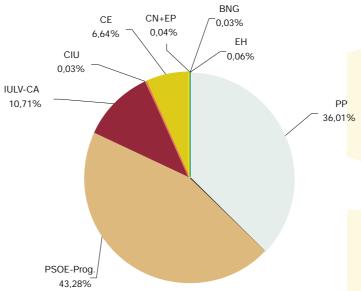


SOURCE: Home Office

PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).
PSOE-A: Partido Socialista Obrero Español de Andalucia (Spanish Socialist Workers Party of Andalusia).
U: Izquierda Unida (United Left Front).
CIU: Convergencia i Unió (Convergence and Union= Catalan National Party).
PNV: Partido Nacionalista Vasco (Basque National Party).

General Election Voters: are all Spaniards over 18, in full use of their civil rights, resident in Spain

## 16.3. Results in Andalusia of the elections to the European Parliament held on $\,$ 13th of June $1999^{\rm ab}$



SOURCE: Central Election Committee-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

 $^{\rm a}\!$  Only the candidates who obtained representation have been included.  $^{\rm b}\!$  It has been calculated on valid votes.

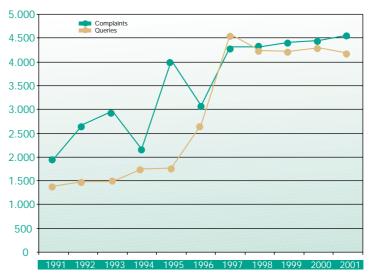
PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).
PSOE-Prog: Partido Socialista Obrero Español -progresistas (Spanish Socialist Workers Party-progressive).
IULV-CA: IU: Izquierda Unida -Los Verdes- Convocatoria por Andalucia (United Left Front- The Green Party- For Andalusia).
CIU: Convergencia I Unió (Convergence and Union= Catalan National Party).
CE: Coalición Europea (European Coaliction).
CN+EP: Coalición Nacionalista+ Europa de los Pueblos (National Coaliction + People's Europe).
BNG: Bloque Nacionalista Galego (Galician National Block).
EH: Euskal Herritarrok (Basque Independence Party).

European Parliamentary Elections voters: are all the Spanish General Election voters and foreign nationals belonging to the member countries of the European Union that, living in Spain, choose to vote in their place of residence.

# 16.4. Queries and complaints to the Andalusian Ombudsman. 2001

_	Queries Co	mplaints				
Almería	181	180				
Cádiz	456	659				
Córdoba	216	491				
Granada	263	395				
Huelva	265	238				
Jaén	203	211				
Málaga	350	532				
Sevilla	2.091	1.692				
Andalusia	4.025	4.398				
Other	157	158				
SOURCE: Andalusian Ombudsman						

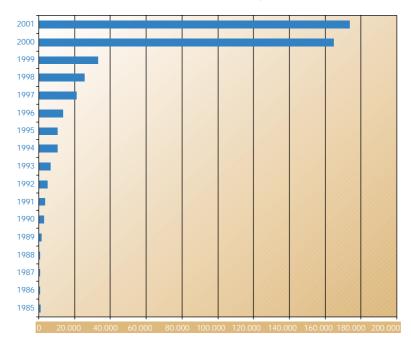
## 16.5. Evolution of the queries and complaints made to the Andalusian Ombudsman\*. 1991-2001



SOURCE: Andalusian Ombudsman

\*Since 1998 the queries made by other provinces to Andalusia have been included.

#### 16.6. Evolution of the number of conscientious objectors\* in Andalusia. 1985-2001



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Justice and Public Administration

 ${}^{\star}\text{All conscientious objectors } \text{ acknowledged } \text{ in the year of reference have been included}.$ 

## 16.7. Court districts by province. 2001

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
High Courts									
Civil and criminal courts	_	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Courts for appeals against									
administrative decisions	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3
Courts for social and labour case	es -	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3
Provincial courts									
Civil and criminal divisions	3	7	3	-	3	3	-	-	19
Civil divisions	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	4	10
Criminal divisions	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	4	10
Courts									
Courts of first instance	6	-	8	13	6	-	16	22	71
Magistrates 'court	4	-	7	8	4	-	12	20	55
First instance and									
magistrates courts	16	49	18	18	12	28	39	31	211
Registry of births, marriages									
and deaths	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Dean's courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Criminal courts	3	9	4	7	4	3	9	12	51
Courts for appeals against		_							
administrative decisions	2	5	2	3	2	2	4	6	26
Courts for social and labour case	s 3	6	3	7	3	4	9	11	46
Courts for the surveillance		0	4	4	4		4	4	
of the criminal sentences	1	2 2	1	1	1	1	1 2	1	9
Juvenil courts	1		1	1	1	1	_	2	11
Justice courts	94	30	63	159	73	86	89	90	684

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Justice and Public Administration

Judicial statistics of Spain. This publication of the INE gathers annually, since 1959, with provincial detail, the activity of the courts of the different judicial fields, with exception of the courts for social affairs. The information extends to very diverse variables: number of cases, sentences, types of crimes, punishments imposed .....

The information is collected in bulletins that on a monthly, quarterly or biannual basis are filled in by the courts.

#### 16.8. Crimes by nature and province.1998

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Homicide	776	61	168	39	97	72	16	119	204	4.114
Against freedom	91	7	19	3	12	6	1	35	8	498
Sexual offences	175	14	40	18	16	15	15	29	28	981
Failure to give assistance	6	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	2	40
Against a person's privacy	23	3	9	2	5	3	-	-	1	118
Against a person's										
honour/reputation	13	4	1	1	1	-	1	2	3	62
Domestic crimes	320	28	45	19	26	6	13	116	67	1.995
Against property	9.802	666	1.767	803	1.506	612	300	1.962	2.186	47.380
Against the environment	53	14	4	1	9	-	9	5	11	146
Collective security offences	25	-	2	3	4	2	-	12	2	120
Public health offences	2.553	112	1.342	36	123	166	56	537	181	7.317
Road traffic offences	4.873	312	551	393	501	277	390	935	1.514	29.310
Fraud and forgery	358	23	51	14	49	17	19	133	52	2.081
Against public administration	46	-	2	-	3	6	2	23	10	242
Against justice proceedings	823	37	160	61	120	89	42	148	166	3.745
Against the Constitution	43	-	5	2	2	-	5	26	3	222
Breach of the peace	791	45	134	49	84	20	43	257	159	3.489
Against peace and independence	34	2	18	2	7	-	1	-	4	587
Against international community	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Offences treated jointly	1.401	116	272	83	162	92	50	359	267	7.428
Not recorded	79	8	11	4	11	6	8	16	15	795
Total	22.285	1.452	4.602	1.533	2.738	1.391	971	4.715	4.883	110.672

SOURCE: INE. Juridical Statistics of Spain

For more information:

<sup>For more information:

IEA. Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. General Elections in Andalusia

IEA. Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Parliamentary Elections in Andalusia

IEA. Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Referendums in Andalusia

IEA. Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Local Elections in Andalusia

IEA. Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Election Statistics in Andalusia</sup> 

Regional Government Ministry of ustice and Public Administration
 Regional Government Ministry of Justice and Public Administration
 The Ombudsman of Andalusia
 Annual Memorandum of General Council of Judicial Power
 Annual Memorandum of Ministry of Work and Social Affairs
 INE. Judicial statistics of Spain
 Home Office. Statistical Yearbook

## The great numbers of the Andalusian economy

The evolution of the great regional numbers (economic macro-magnitudes) is presented in this chapter: the gross domestic product, the gross value added, the remuneration of wage-earners and gross surplus of operation /mixed income, coming from the Regional Accounts of Andalusia (annually and quarterly) and from the Regional Accounts of Spain. Data of provincial distribution of the gross value added are also offered. Likewise, the macroeconomic picture of Andalusia referring to 1998 is included, showing the different components of the gross domestic product at market prices from the angles of demand, supply and generation of income.

#### 17.1. Evolution of the main macro-magnitudes. 1995-1999

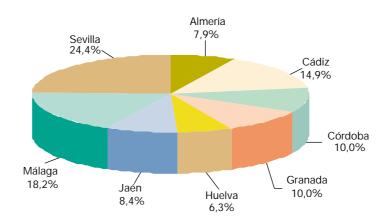
(millions of euros)

	1995	1996	1997 <sup>a</sup>	1998 <sup>b</sup>	1999°
Andalusia					
Gross domestic product at market prices <sup>d</sup>	58.384	60.190	63.627	67.043	70.487
Gross value added at basic prices <sup>d</sup>	53.521	55.225	58.316	61.312	64.339
Remuneration of the workforce	25.902	27.667	28.952	30.966	33.511
Gross operating surplus/Mixed income	27.253	28.639	30.928	33.085	35.852
Spain					
Gross domestic product at market prices <sup>d</sup>	437.787	448.457	466.513	486.744	506.846
Gross value added at basic pricesd	403.517	412.974	428.583	445.865	462.970
Remuneration of the workforce	218.493	231.028	245.977	263.886	283.041
Gross operating surplus/Mixed incomes	181.266	192.230	202.588	213.386	225.070

SOURCES: IEA. Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-1999 INE. National accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Provisional data for Andalusia and final for Spain. <sup>b</sup>Provisional data for Andalusia and Spain. <sup>c</sup>Advanced data for Andalusia and provisional for Spain. <sup>d</sup>Constant prices.

## 17.2. Provincial distribution of the regional gross value added at basic prices. 1999\* (ordinary prices) (percentage)



SOURCE: INE. Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2000 \*Advanced data.

Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2000. This is a set of charts and tables whose aim is to give a systematic and comparable vision of the economic activity of the Spanish regions. The INE has elaborated the Regional Accounts since 1980, and recently it has changed the base year to 1995. This publication is integrated in the European System of Accounts (SEC) and uses the definitions and standards established by this system.

Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-1999. With the Input-Output framework referring to 1995 (MIOAN-95) the elaboration of the System of Economic Accounts of Andalusia begins. This system integrates the Annual Regional Accounts of Andalusia whose objective is to know the main economic magnitudes

of the different branches of activity in Andalusia and their evolution, as well as to allow the comparison of results with those obtained in other territorial areas.

This study adopts the methodology of the new European System of National and Regional Accounts (SEC-95), effective in the European Union.

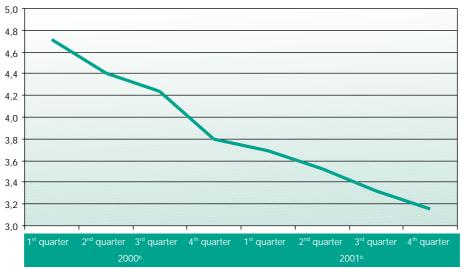
## 17.3. Andalusian macro-economic table.1999\* (ordinary prices)

	Thousands of euros	%
Demand		
Final domestic consumption expenditure	67.706.297	87,54
Individual domestic consumption expenditure	52.717.272	68,16
Expenditure in individual consumption of public administrations and		
non profit making institutions at the service of homes	9.897.728	12,80
Collective consumption expenditure	5.091.297	6,58
Gross capital formation	21.938.280	28,37
Domestic demand	89.644.577	115,91
Foreign balance	-12.302.096	-15,91
Gross domestic product at market prices	77.342.480	100,00
Offer		
Total gross value added at basic prices	72.502.643	93,74
Gross value added of the primary sector at basic prices	5.074.754	6,56
Gross value added of the industrial sector at basic prices	10.614.631	13,72
Gross value added of the construction sector at basic prices	7.273.603	9,40
Gross value added of the services sector at basic prices	49.539.656	64,05
Financial mediation services indirectly measured	-2.628.997	-3,40
Net taxes on products	7.468.834	9,66
Net taxes on products excluiding IVA	2.072.899	2,68
IVA	5.395.934	6,98
Gross domestic product at market prices	77.342.480	100,00
Income		
Remuneration of workforce	33.511.050	43,33
Gross operating surplus	28.210.956	36,48
Mixed incomes	7.641.522	9,88
Net taxes on production and imports	7.978.952	10,32
Gross domestic product at market prices	77.342.480	100,00

SOURCE: IEA. Anual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-1999 \*Advanced data. IVA = VAT

Gross domestic product at market prices (PIBpm) = Gross value added (VAB) at basic prices + Financial mediation services indirectly measured (SIFMI) + Net taxes on products excluiding IVA + Value added tax (IVA) = Remuneration of workforce (RA) + Gross operating surplus (EBE) + Mixed incomes (RM) + net taxes on production + other net taxes on production = final domestic consumption expenditure (individual domestic consumption expenditure + expenditure in individual consumption of public administrations and non profit making institutions at the service of homes + collective consumption expenditure) + Gross Capital Formation (FBC) + Goods and Services Exported at Market Prices (FOB) - Goods and Services Imported at Market Prices (CIF).

## 17.4. Evolution of the rate of interannual growth of the gross domestic product at market prices in Andalusia. 1st quarter 2000 - 4th quarter 2001 (constant prices of 1995)



SOURCE: IEA. Regional Quarterly Accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995

#### 17.5. Growth of the Gross Domestic Product <sup>a</sup> and its components<sup>b</sup>. 2000-2001 (constant prices of 1995)

	Nominal growth	Real growth
	2000-2001 (%)	2000-2001 (%)
Agriculture and Fishing sector	12,5	8,5
Non agrarian Gross Value Added at basic prices	5,5	3,2
Industrial sector	2,9	1,4
Construction	7,0	5,0
Service sector	5,8	3,3
Gross Value Added at basic prices	5,9	3,6
Gross Domestic Product at market prices	5,7	3,4

SOURCE: IEA. Regional Quarterly Accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995

<sup>a</sup>Ciclic-tendency. <sup>b</sup>Advanced data 2000 and 2001.

- For more information:

   IEA: Economic accounting system of Andalusia. Input-output frame 1995

   IEA: Quarterly regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995.

   INE: Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2000

   IEA: Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-1999
- BBVA. Spanish national rent and its provincial distribution