

Andalusia Basic Data 2004



Instituto de Estadística de Andalucía
CONSEJERÍA DE ECONOMÍA Y HACIENDA

Unión Europea

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Andalusia Basic Data 2004



Instituto de Estadística de Andalucía
CONSEJERÍA DE ECONOMÍA Y HACIENDA

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Symbols and abbreviations

-	Nil value	m³	Cubic metre
..	Data not available	hm³	Cubic hectometre
%	Percentage	°C	Degree centigrade
<	Less than	€	Euro
>	Greater than	L	Litre
Nº, num	Number	ha	Hectare
Inhab	Inhabitant	t	Metric ton
km	Kilometre	µg	Microgram
sq m	Square metre	MWh	Megawatt/hour
sq km	Square kilometre	tep	Equivalent ton of petroleum
ktep	Kilotep	SO₂	Sulphur dioxide
NO₂	Nitrogen dioxide	CO	Carbon monoxide

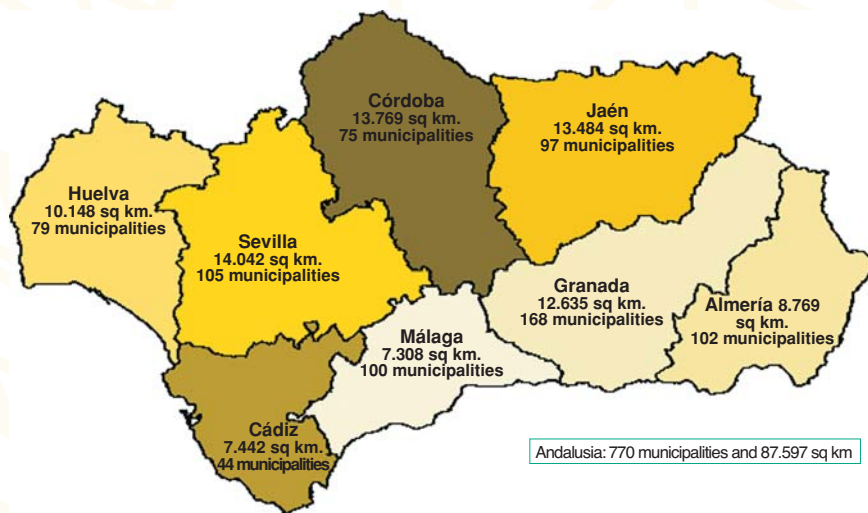
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Territory and environment

This chapter offers a selection of tables showing some aspects relating to the territory, such as total area, vegetation and use of the land and the environment, on which data

concerning quality and protection policies of the natural areas, their characteristics and state of conservation are provided.

1.1. Total area and number of municipalities by province. 2003



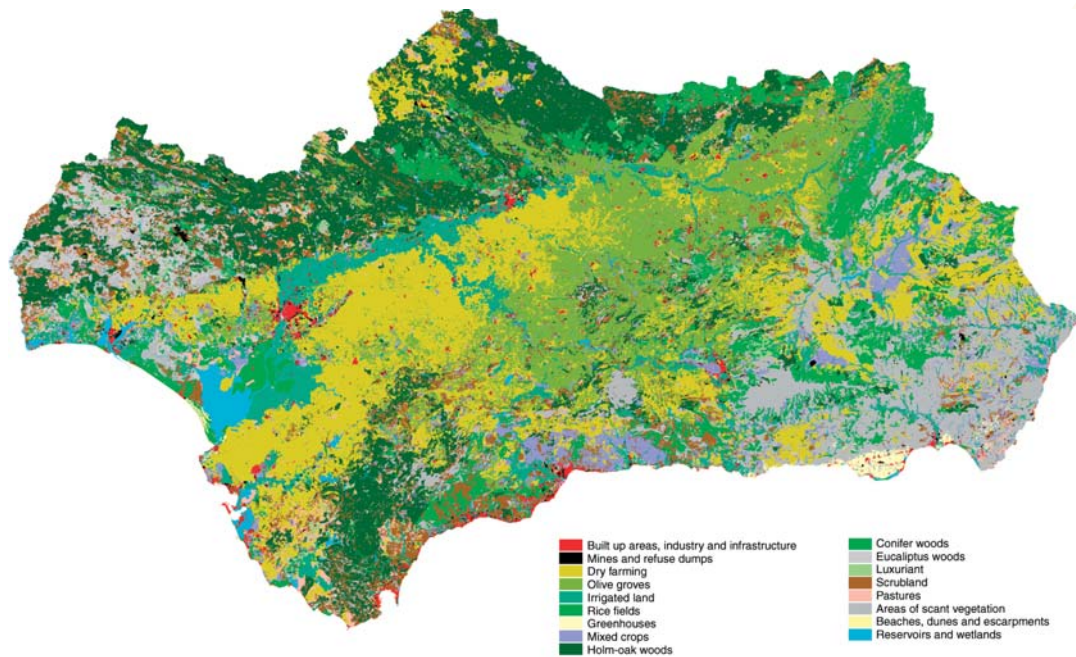
SOURCE: IEA. Multi-territorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)

1.2. Municipalities according to total area by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Less than 30 sq km	30	6	12	64	14	6	37	30	199
From 30 to 49 sq km	20	5	7	26	14	19	21	13	125
From 50 to 99 sq km	31	12	13	46	16	24	20	20	182
From 100 to 199 sq km	8	10	21	19	17	29	19	20	143
From 200 to 499 sq km	12	9	16	11	17	17	2	18	102
500 sq km and over	1	2	6	2	1	2	1	4	19
Total	102	44	75	168	79	97	100	105	770

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. Cartographic Institute of Andalusia

1.3. Vegetation and land use in Andalusia. 1999

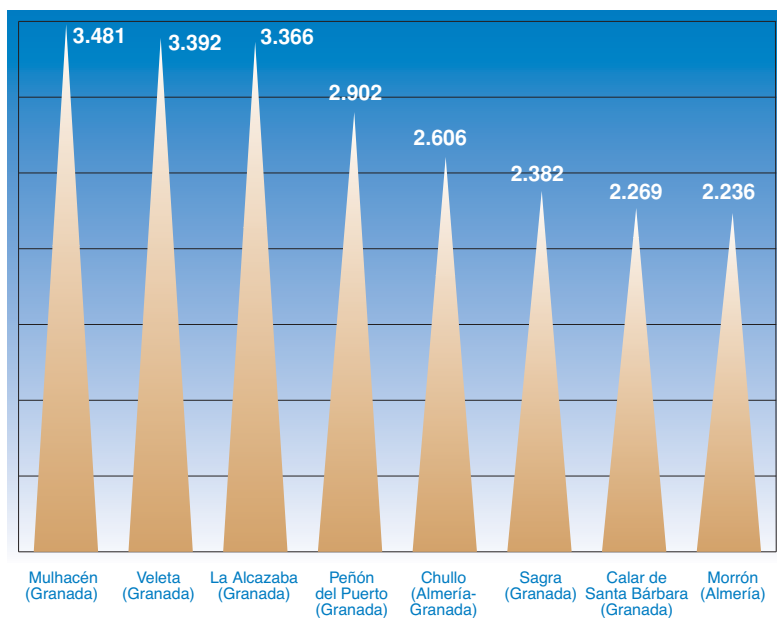


SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

Statistics of vegetation and land use in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. It is made with the objective of having detailed and updated information on vegetation and use of the land in Andalusia, its distribution and evolution. For this, the vegetation

database obtained from the digital treatment of satellite images of the Autonomous Community and its subsequent interpretation is exploited statistically at different spatial levels.

1.4. Peaks of Andalusia* (meters)



SOURCE: National Geographic Institute. National Atlas of Spain

*The peaks have been chosen because they visually dominate their surroundings, but they are not necessarily the highest.

1.5. Average demand for water according to basin by use and water balance. 2003

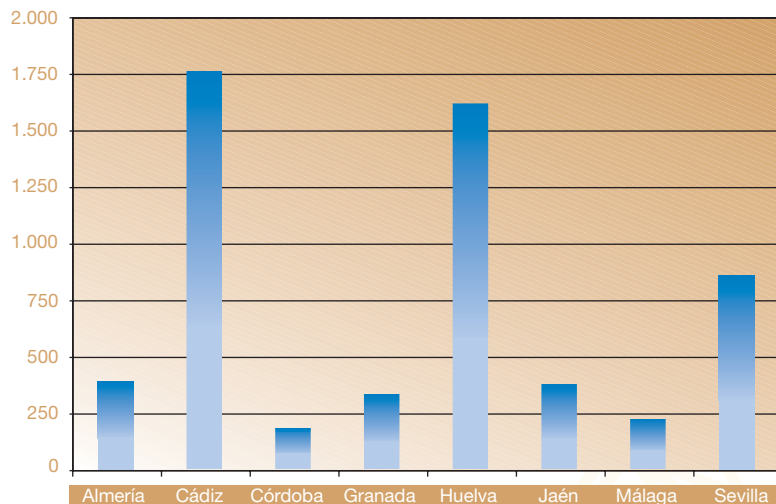
Basin	Use (percentage)				Final balance (hm ³ /year)		
	Urban	Industrial	Agricultural	Others	Demand	Resources	Balance
Guadalquivir	11,7	1,6	80,3	6,4	3.578	3.362	-216
Guadalete/Barbate	25,7	2,9	65,0	6,4	409	476	67
Sur	18,0	2,3	77,7	2,0	1.377	1.220	-157
Guadiana I	31,3	6,3	62,5	-	16	12	-4
Guadiana II	16,2	22,6	55,6	5,6	234	350	116
Segura	10,6	-	89,4	-	47	6	-41
Total	14,5	2,8	77,6	5,2	5.661	5.426	-235

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport

Statistics of investments and reforestations in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. These statistics determine the type of reforestation and the costs derived from it in public and private mountains, by means of the study of the following variables: hectares reforested by species and type of

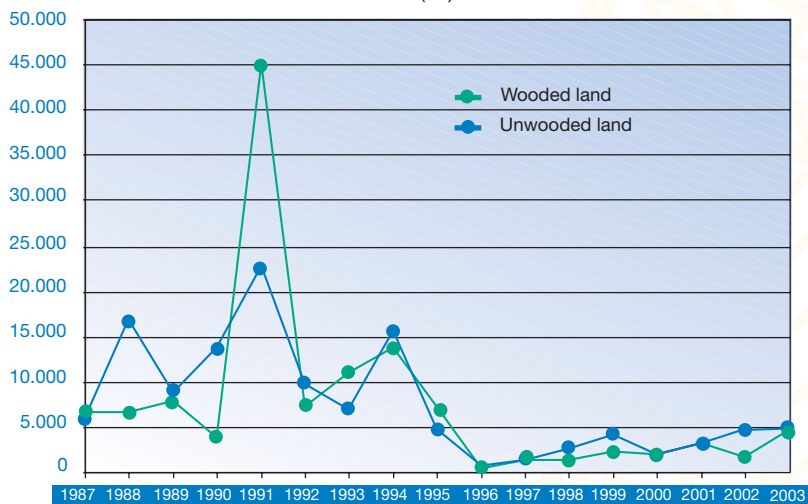
reforestation in public and private mountains, total and unitary costs and the distribution of the costs in seeds, seedlings, machinery, labour and others. The reforestations are considered according to whether they are preferentially protective or productive.

1.6. Reforested area by province. 2003 (ha)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Support System for the monitoring of files and actions

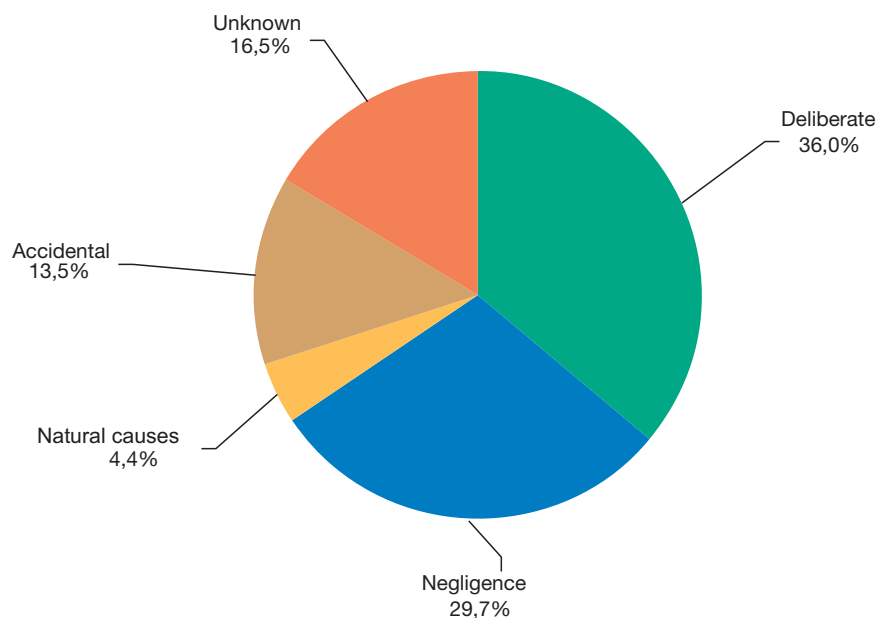
1.7. Evolution of the area set afire according to type in Andalusia. 1987-2003 (ha)



Statistics of forest fires in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. The objective of this activity is to respond to the Administration and forestry sector's requirements for information about the area affected by forest fires in each province and in Andalusia as a whole. For that reason, the following variables are analysed: number of incidents, threats and forest fires, areas crossed by the fire, causes of fires, means and resources assigned to the fire, duration, time of outset, etc.

SOURCES: 1987-1992: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
1993-2003: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

1.8. Distribution of forest fires according to cause in Andalusia. 2003 (percentage)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

1.9. Rainfall in Andalusia. 2003 (L/sq m)

Geographical area	Name	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Annual total
Sierra Morena Oriental	Linares "V.O.R."	95,6	90,0	55,0	24,0	3,7	-	-	1,0	26,0	164,5	86,5	31,0	577,3
Sierra Morena Occidental	Pantano del Pintado	36,8	130,8	80,0	35,5	5,5	2,0	-	3,9	25,8	299,1	130,2	151,5	901,1
Alto Guadalquivir	Linares "Torrubia"	84,9	98,0	41,5	17,7	1,8	-	-	-	4,6	149,5	43,9	44,0	485,9
Medio Guadalquivir	Córdoba "Airport"	75,5	101,8	54,0	28,8	3,3	0,1	-	1,1	40,2	180,1	71,1	94,9	650,9
Medio-Bajo Guadalquivir	Sevilla "Airport"	48,2	44,9	47,3	84,5	1,3	0,4	-	0,5	16,8	215,0	73,9	150,7	683,5
Bajo Guadalquivir	Jerez de la Frontera "Base Aérea"	66,0	54,0	38,7	98,7	4,8	1,6	-	-	38,5	160,7	163,5	133,9	760,4
Sierras Subbéticas Orientales	Santiago de la Espada	175,0	102,0	35,0	43,0	67,5	29,0	-	18,0	16,5	130,5	84,0	65,0	765,5
Sierras Subbéticas Centrales	Cabra de Santo Cristo	67,5	94,0	39,5	12,5	33,0	27,0	-	5,0	5,5	81,5	56,0	31,0	452,5
Sierras Subbéticas Occidentales	Grazalema	397,8	257,9	181,2	168,1	22,0	0,5	-	0,7	64,2	460,4	253,3	249,6	2.055,7
Surco Intrabético Septentrional	Huércar "ICONA"	39,1	59,0	21,9	26,3	32,5	9,3	0,2	5,3	14,1	70,1	43,3	32,6	353,7
Surco Intrabético Central	Granada "Airport"	59,3	65,1	47,1	19,9	8,3	7,4	0,4	-	2,1	91,9	51,2	40,5	393,2
Surco Intrabético Occidental	Bobadilla	46,7	56,4	49,3	45,2	3,8	3,5	-	-	21,0	118,2	86,4	94,5	525,0
Sierras Penibéticas Septentrionales	Albox	29,8	32,0	17,4	16,6	6,5	-	-	-	5,7	52,4	66,0	40,5	266,9
Sierras Penibéticas Centrales	Lanjarón	37,9	87,4	65,5	67,6	13,8	-	-	24,8	4,9	165,9	79,4	75,0	622,2
Sierras Penibéticas Occidentales	Medina Sidonia "Los Albujejos"	109,6	75,0	88,2	100,3	1,6	-	-	1,0	34,6	264,4	147,2	236,4	1.058,3
Litoral Oriental Almería	Níjar	77,0	51,7	26,5	28,0	6,5	-	-	-	-	53,5	96,0	76,3	415,5
Litoral Occidental Almería	Almería "Airport"	12,9	44,2	16,8	12,2	2,9	0,9	-	0,1	0,2	23,9	32,7	55,2	202,0
Litoral Costa del Sol	Málaga "Airport"	8,6	84,4	71,2	80,3	2,9	0,1	-	0,1	4,9	220,5	77,9	227,3	778,2
Litoral Gaditano	Cádiz "Cortadura"	67,1	30,9	43,7	90,2	8,1	0,7	0,2	0,1	43,4	131,6	159,2	219,0	794,2
Litoral Onubense	Gibraleón	48,7	65,3	73,6	107,2	3,8	1,5	-	0,1	29,1	240,5	134,0	119,4	823,2

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

1.10. Maximum and minimum temperatures in Andalusia. 2003 (monthly average in °C)

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Almería (airport)												
Minimum	8,3	8,6	11,6	12,6	16,1	20,8	21,3	23,9	20,4	17,0	12,7	9,6
Maximum	16,9	16,6	19,6	21,1	25,3	30,2	30,0	32,9	28,9	24,3	20,5	18,2
Cádiz (observatory)												
Minimum	8,9	9,8	13,0	13,9	17,0	20,8	21,2	23,4	20,5	17,5	13,7	10,2
Maximum	16,1	16,1	19,0	19,6	24,8	26,6	27,2	29,4	26,2	22,1	19,3	16,4
Córdoba (airport)												
Minimum	3,5	4,3	8,8	10,5	13,5	18,7	18,7	21,0	17,4	14,6	9,5	5,8
Maximum	14,2	15,5	21,3	22,5	29,9	35,1	37,1	38,1	33,0	23,0	18,7	14,9
Granada (airport)												
Minimum	0,6	2,5	5,7	6,7	10,7	16,3	16,3	16,8	13,5	10,2	5,2	1,7
Maximum	12,2	13,8	19,5	20,8	27,0	33,5	35,2	34,9	30,2	21,2	16,8	13,7
Huelva (Ronda este)												
Minimum	5,9	6,2	9,5	10,7	14,1	18,2	18,7	20,9	17,1	15,1	10,6	7,3
Maximum	16,5	17,2	20,5	21,1	28,1	30,7	33,3	33,9	30,8	23,7	19,7	16,6
Jaén (Cerros de los Lirios)												
Minimum	4,0	5,0	9,8	10,0	15,0	19,9	21,0	23,2	18,2	12,8	9,3	6,1
Maximum	10,9	11,7	17,5	18,6	25,5	31,9	33,3	34,2	28,5	19,6	14,8	12,4
Málaga (airport)												
Minimum	7,4	8,3	11,2	11,8	15,2	20,0	21,1	22,2	19,7	16,0	11,9	8,5
Maximum	17,2	16,9	19,1	21,0	24,4	30,4	32,5	32,3	28,4	22,9	19,7	17,3
Sevilla (airport)												
Minimum	6,1	6,3	10,8	11,8	16,2	19,9	20,7	22,6	18,8	15,6	11,5	7,8
Maximum	15,4	16,9	21,9	22,8	30,2	34,0	36,4	37,2	32,6	23,9	19,7	16,0

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

Statistics of emission levels of atmospheric polluting agents in Andalusia. Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. These statistics show the contamination levels in Andalusian localities with possibility of inhalation

risks through the study of particles in suspension, sulphur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, ozone and hydrocarbons.

1.11. Days with inadmissible* atmospheric pollution by province. 2003

Province	Municipality	Station	SO ₂	Volatile organic compounds	NO ₂	Ozone	
Almería	Almería	Mediterráneo	-	42	-	8	
		Plaza Concordia	-	98	-	4	
	Cuevas de la Almanzora	Palomares	-	9	-	-	
		Villaricos	-	11	-	-	
Ejido (El)	El Ejido	-	17	-	20		
	Garrucha	-	1	-	-		
Cádiz	Algeciras	Algeciras	-	-	-	-	
		Algeciras EPS	-	6	-	-	
	Barrios (Los)	Rinconcillo	-	39	-	-	
		Cortijos	-	4	-	1	
		Colegio Los Barrios	-	16	-	-	
		Alcorconales	-	-	-	22	
	Cádiz	Palmones	-	38	-	-	
		Los Barrios	-	63	-	-	
		Avenida Marconi	-	117	-	11	
		Jerez de la Frontera	Cartuja	-	33	-	8
	Línea de la Concepción (La)	Jerez	-	42	-	1	
		El Zabal	-	31	-	-	
		La Línea	-	43	-	70	
		Río San Pedro	-	2	-	10	
		San Fernando	-	37	-	15	
		San Roque	Campamento	1	13	-	-
		Hostelería	-	2	-	-	
		Colegio Carteya	-	21	-	33	
	Puerto Real	Estación de FF.CC San Roque	-	25	-	-	
		Economato	-	3	-	-	
Guadarranque		-	10	-	-		
Madrevieja		-	12	-	-		

Continuing ►

Continuation

1.11. Days with inadmissible* atmospheric pollution by province. 2003

Province	Municipality	Station	SO ₂	Volatile organic compounds	NO ₂	Ozone	
Córdoba	Córdoba	Gran Vía Parque	-	183	-	37	
		Puerta Colodro	-	100	-	20	
Granada	Granada	Avenida de Cádiz	-	27	-	-	
		Constitución (P.F.)	-	2	-	1	
		Granada-Norte	-	14	-	16	
		Motril	-	10	-	7	
Huelva	Huelva	Campus del Carmen	-	48	-	29	
		El Estadio	-	2	-	-	
		La Orden	-	3	-	30	
		Los Rosales	-	31	-	-	
		Marismas del Titan	-	49	-	-	
		Romeralejo	-	1	-	-	
	Moguer	Moguer	-	24	-	-	
	Niebla	Niebla	1	1	-	-	
		La Rábida	-	1	-	-	
	Palos de la Frontera	Palos	Palos	-	4	-	-
			Torrearenilla	-	35	-	-
			San Juan del Puerto	-	45	-	-
			Valverde del Camino	-	-	-	3
Jaén	Jaén	Bailén	-	216	-	-	
		Avenida de Madrid	-	27	-	1	
		Hospital Ciudad Jaen	-	10	-	-	
		Ronda del Valle	-	48	-	45	
Málaga	Málaga	Torredonjimeno	-	33	-	-	
		Hilera	-	28	-	-	
		Paseo de Martiricos	-	-	-	11	
Sevilla	Sevilla	Marbella	-	26	-	20	
		Alcalá de Guadaira	-	29	-	8	
		Dos Hermanas	-	-	-	37	
		Mairena del Aljarafe	-	33	1	111	
		San Nicolás del Puerto	-	36	-	45	
		Bermejales	-	29	-	27	
		Centro	-	6	-	15	
		Principes	-	40	-	-	
		Ranilla	-	40	-	-	
		San Jeronimo	-	29	-	25	
Santa Clara	-	1	-	39			
Torneo	-	-	1	-			

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Environment

*The inadmissible atmospheric pollution states are the bad or very bad situations typified by the criterion laid down in the R.D. 1073/2002.

Criterion by parameter:

SO₂: daily average over 125 µg/m³, or maximum hourly value over 470 µg/m³, or value for 3 consecutive hours over 500 µg/m³.

Volatile Organic Compounds: daily average value over 70 µg/m³.

NO₂: maximum hourly value over 290 µg/m³, or value for 3 consecutive hours over 400 µg/m³.

Ozone: mobil value every 8 hours in a day over 120 µg/m³, or maximum hourly value over 180 µg/m³, or maximum hourly value over 240 µg/m³.

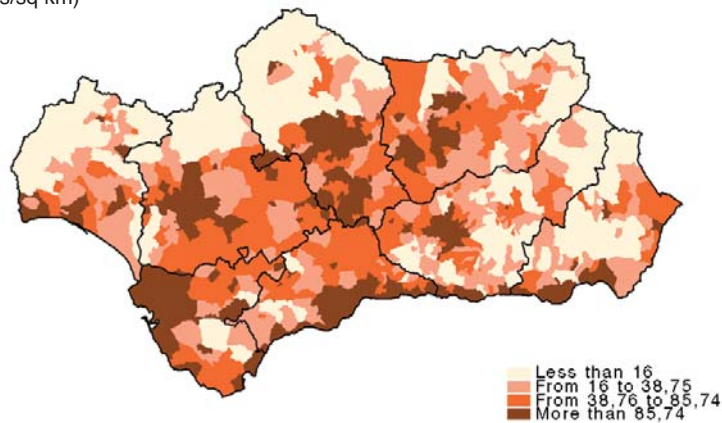
For more information:

- Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Statistics of vegetation and land use in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Statistics of forest fires in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Statistics of emission levels of atmospheric polluting agents in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Environmental report for Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of the Environment. Statistics of investments and reforestations in Andalusia

2 Population

The most basic and updated information available on the population of Andalusia is included in this chapter: data relating to its structure, Natural Movement of Population (MNP) and residential variations, that is to say, the migratory movements that take place from or towards Andalusia.

2.1. Population density in Andalusian municipalities. 2003 (inhabitants/sq km)



SOURCES: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on the 1st January 2003
Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. Cartographic Institute of Andalusia

2.2. Population by gender and province. 2003

	Population			Total	Variation 2002-2003	Density
	Men	Women				
Andalusia						
Almería	287.292	278.018	565.310	18.812	64,47	
Cádiz	573.992	581.732	1.155.724	14.931	155,30	
Córdoba	379.989	395.955	775.944	4.813	56,35	
Granada	407.293	420.814	828.107	9.148	65,54	
Huelva	234.902	237.544	472.446	7.512	46,56	
Jaén	323.089	328.476	651.565	4.178	48,32	
Málaga	675.800	699.090	1.374.890	44.880	188,13	
Sevilla	875.013	907.849	1.782.862	24.142	126,97	
Total	3.757.370	3.849.478	7.606.848	128.416	86,84	
Spain	21.034.326	21.682.738	42.717.064	879.170	84,62	

SOURCES: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2002
INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003
Regional Government of Public Works and Transport

Census of Population of Andalusia 2001. The Census of Population is a statistical source, of doubtless interest, for the demographic knowledge of the Spanish population and the Andalusian in particular. It is taken every ten years and one of its main objectives is to determine the number of inhabitants in each territorial area and to know certain

demographic, cultural, economic and social characteristics about them, facilitating a structural image of the population that serves the Administration and a multitude of users as a basis for decision making and research.

2.3. Population according to gender and age band by province. 2003 (percentage)

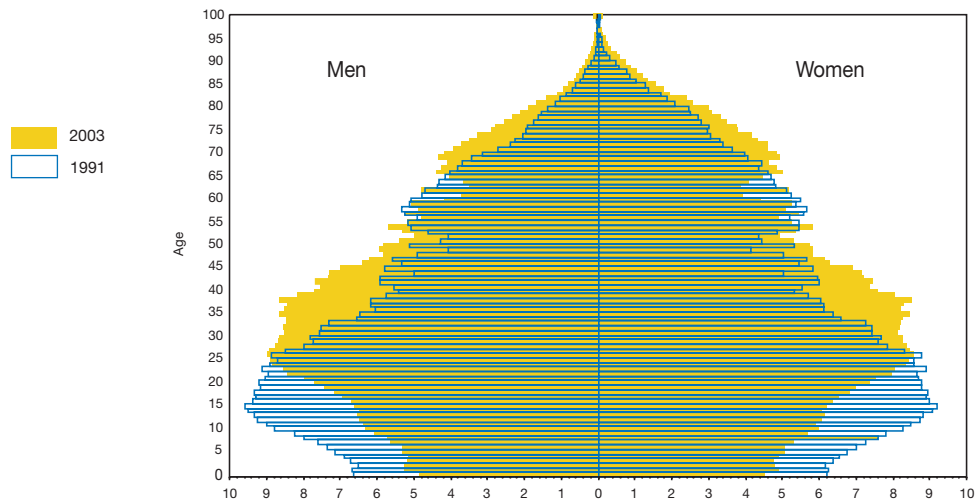
	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Men										
From 0 to 14	17,32	17,71	17,79	17,50	16,20	16,87	17,91	16,69	17,71	14,76
From 15 to 64	69,93	70,62	71,50	67,68	69,12	70,27	66,04	70,61	70,82	70,64
65 years and over	12,75	11,67	10,71	14,83	14,67	12,85	16,06	12,69	11,46	14,60
Women										
From 0 to 14	15,96	17,13	16,50	15,73	14,71	15,71	16,54	15,60	16,07	13,55
From 15 to 64	67,17	67,37	69,16	64,69	66,54	66,71	63,30	68,27	67,90	67,05
65 years and over	16,87	15,50	14,35	19,58	18,75	17,58	20,16	16,13	16,03	19,40

SOURCE: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003

The last census taken was that of 2001 whose first statistical results were available in 2002. The definitive detailed data were released in February 2004. In Andalusia, the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia (IEA), through the corresponding agreement of collaboration, has participated

with the National Institute of Statistics (INE) in the elaboration of this census, the same as in the previous one of 1991.

2.4. Population pyramid of Andalusia. 1991 and 2003 (rate per 1.000 population)



SOURCES: INE-IEA. Censuses of 1991
INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003

Municipal Register of Inhabitants (PMH). The PMH is the roll of inhabitants of each municipality, which includes name, surnames and address, which must permanently be updated. It is, therefore, an administrative register, but also has a statistical use as it provides a population count and knowledge of important demographic variables, such as gender and age.

The PMH was corrected annually (these were the so called census corrections) and it was completely renewed every five years (the so called census renewals) until the

Law 4/1996, of 10th of January, came into effect, modifying the Law 7/1985, of 2nd of April, regulating the Bases of the Local Regime in connection with the Municipal Register. From this law, a continuous register through the coordination and confrontation of the registers of all the municipalities was implanted; in this way, the census revisions are obtained on 1st of January of every year. The organism in charge of this task is the INE.

2.5. Natural movement of the population by province. 2002^a

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain ^b
Total figures										
Marriages	40.832	2.843	6.522	4.082	4.266	2.458	3.202	7.244	10.215	209.065
Births	81.861	6.484	12.955	7.885	8.554	5.008	6.527	14.664	19.784	416.518
Deaths	61.699	4.294	8.395	7.102	7.347	4.112	5.914	10.402	14.133	366.538
Deaths under 1 year old	393	44	69	33	28	15	25	87	92	1.520
Natural growth	20.162	2.190	4.560	783	1.207	896	613	4.262	5.651	49.980
Relative figures^c										
Marriages	5,56	5,41	5,82	5,31	5,25	5,37	4,97	5,70	5,85	5,07
Birth	11,14	12,34	11,56	10,26	10,54	10,94	10,13	11,54	11,33	10,11
Deaths	8,40	8,17	7,49	9,24	9,05	8,98	9,17	8,19	8,09	8,90
Infant mortality ^d	4,80	6,79	5,33	4,19	3,27	3,00	3,83	5,93	4,65	3,65
Natural growth	2,74	4,17	4,07	1,02	1,49	1,96	0,95	3,35	3,24	1,21
Average age at maternity	30,28	29,38	30,32	30,42	30,35	30,13	30,07	30,37	30,61	30,75
Average age of men at first marriage	29,63	29,28	29,96	29,23	29,46	29,77	28,82	29,91	29,85	30,41
Average age of women at first marriage	27,79	27,23	28,19	27,51	27,60	27,83	26,92	28,08	28,07	28,39

SOURCES: IEA. Natural Movement of the Population
INE. Natural Movement of the Population

^aEvents classified by province of residence.

^bProvisional data classified by inscription place. The average ages have been worked out for 2001.

^cGross rate. The average estimated population of the year has been used as a denominator.

Births: (Births/Population)*1000. **Deaths:** (Deaths/Population)*1000. **Marriages:** (Marriages/Population)*1000. **Infant Mortality:** (Deaths of children between 0 and 1 year/live births)*1000. **Natural growth:** Births minus deaths.

Natural Movement of the Population (MNP). The statistics of the MNP refer basically to births, marriages and deaths that have taken place in the Spanish territory. It is the classic statistical operation that serves to improve knowledge of population flow. The different statistics from the MNP gather data from statistical bulletins filled in on registering these demographic facts in the Civil Register.

The classification criteria of the three demographic events that integrate the MNP are multiple. Thus, births appear tabulated according to gender, birthplace, age of the parents, etc. Likewise, deaths are classified according to age, place and cause of death. Finally, for marriages, age, civil state, profession of the spouses, etc., are taken into account.

2.6. Short-term indicator of fertility. 1976-2002

	Andalusia	Alemania	Francia	Italia	Suecia	Spain
1976	3,24	1,48	1,93	2,20	1,77	2,80
1980	2,75	1,56	1,95	1,64	1,68	2,20
1986	1,89	1,37	1,81	1,42	1,74	1,56
1991	1,61	1,33	1,77	1,31	2,11	1,33
1996	1,30	1,32	1,72	1,21	1,60	1,16
2000	1,34	1,36	1,88	1,24	1,54	1,23
2001	1,35	1,35	1,89	1,25	1,57	1,24
2002*	1,36	1,40	1,88	1,26	1,65	1,25

SOURCES: IEA
INE
EUROSTAT

*Provisional data.

Short term indicator of fertility: average number of children per woman in child bearing age.

2.7. Life expectancy at birth by gender and province. 2002^a

	Men	Women
Andalusia	75,02	81,82
Almería	74,62	81,36
Cádiz	74,43	81,11
Córdoba	75,77	82,10
Granada	74,90	81,64
Huelva	74,65	82,05
Jaén	75,85	82,52
Málaga	74,65	81,90
Sevilla	74,74	81,78
Spain^b	75,70	83,10

SOURCE: IEA

^aProvisional data.
^bEUROSTAT.

Life expectancy: Average number of years a person is expected to live if the mortality conditions of the year of reference are taken in account.

2.8. Andalusian immigration and emigration by gender and province. 2002^a

	Immigrations		Emigrations		Migratory Balance		Rates ^b		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Immigration	Emigration	Net
Almería	9.581	8.767	12.088	8.680	-2.507	87	34,92	39,52	-4,61
Cádiz	13.464	13.046	12.780	12.357	684	689	23,66	22,43	1,23
Córdoba	6.055	6.208	6.691	6.740	-636	-532	15,96	17,48	-1,52
Granada	14.892	14.775	14.794	14.783	98	-8	36,54	36,43	0,11
Huelva	5.761	5.419	6.125	5.445	-364	-26	24,43	25,28	-0,85
Jaén	6.122	5.583	6.691	6.311	-569	-728	18,16	20,17	-2,01
Málaga	19.456	19.512	16.304	16.384	3.152	3.128	30,67	25,73	4,94
Sevilla	20.954	21.050	20.711	20.699	243	351	24,06	23,72	0,34
Andalusia	96.285	94.360	96.184	91.399	101	2.961	25,95	25,54	0,42

SOURCE: IEA. Statistics of Residential Variations in Andalusia. 2002

^aInternational migrations have not been included.

^bGross rates. The average estimated population of the year has been used as a denominator.

Migratory Balance: Immigrations minus Emigrations; **Immigration Rate:** (Immigrations/Population)*1000.
Emigration rate: (Emigrations/Population)*1000; **Net rate:** Immigration rate minus Emigration rate.

Statistics of Residential Variations (EVR). The EVR is elaborated with information coming from registrations and cancellations of the municipal registers and serves to quantify the migratory movements that take place between different places of origin and destiny. It allows migratory classification in different categories, the best-known being that which

differentiates between internal and external migrations, based on whether the displacements take place within the country or between the country and abroad. In addition, the data are facilitated according to different criteria, such as gender, age band, academic qualification, etc.

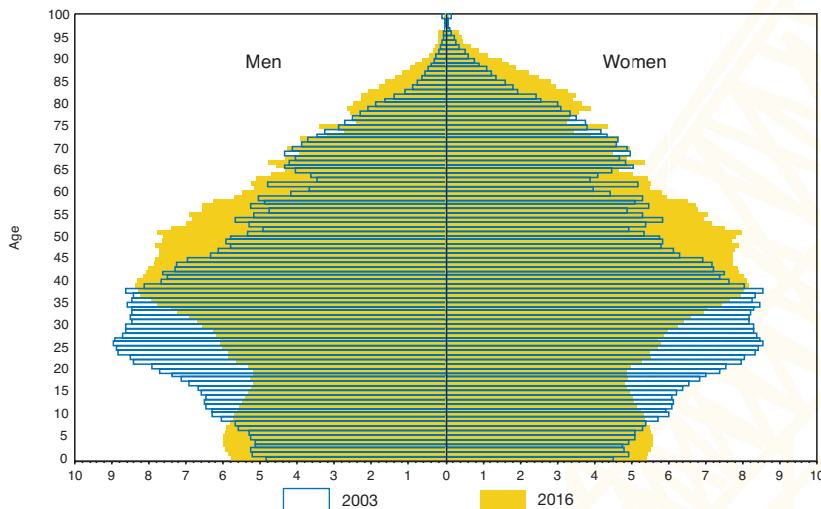
2.9. Resident population in Andalusia by birthplace and province of residence. 2003

	In Andalusia			In another autonomous community	In a foreign country
	In the same municipality	In another municipality of the province	In another province		
Almería	254.545	156.936	51.490	39.353	62.986
Cádiz	729.642	258.731	69.088	65.482	32.781
Córdoba	545.829	135.595	43.079	38.562	12.879
Granada	464.696	225.861	51.965	50.674	34.911
Huelva	273.062	123.715	32.748	25.595	17.326
Jaén	457.629	125.269	27.157	31.562	9.948
Málaga	691.443	289.322	122.541	108.031	163.553
Sevilla	985.343	490.273	145.900	119.528	41.818
Andalusia	4.402.189	1.805.702	543.968	478.787	376.202

SOURCE: INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003

2.10. Population pyramid of Andalusia. 2003 and 2016

(rate per 1.000 population)



SOURCES: IEA. Andalusian population projection 1998-2051. Advanced data
INE. Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003

The object of the elaboration of population projections by the statistical institutes is the accomplishment of long and short term forecasts, with several possible scenarios of the future evolution of the population based on likely hypothesis. These revisions facilitate planning and public management in diverse fields (health, education, etc.) as well as dealing with the statistical requirements for the elaboration of demographic and social indicators.

For more information:

- IEA. Andalusian Population Census 2001
- IEA. Multi-territorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)
- IEA. Andalusian population projection 1998-2051. Advanced data
- IEA. Natural Movement of the Population (MNP)
- IEA. Statistics of Residential Variations
- INE. Population and House Census 2001
- INE. Natural Movement of the Population (MNP)
- INE. Statistics of Residential Variations
- IEA. Census Cartography of Andalusia

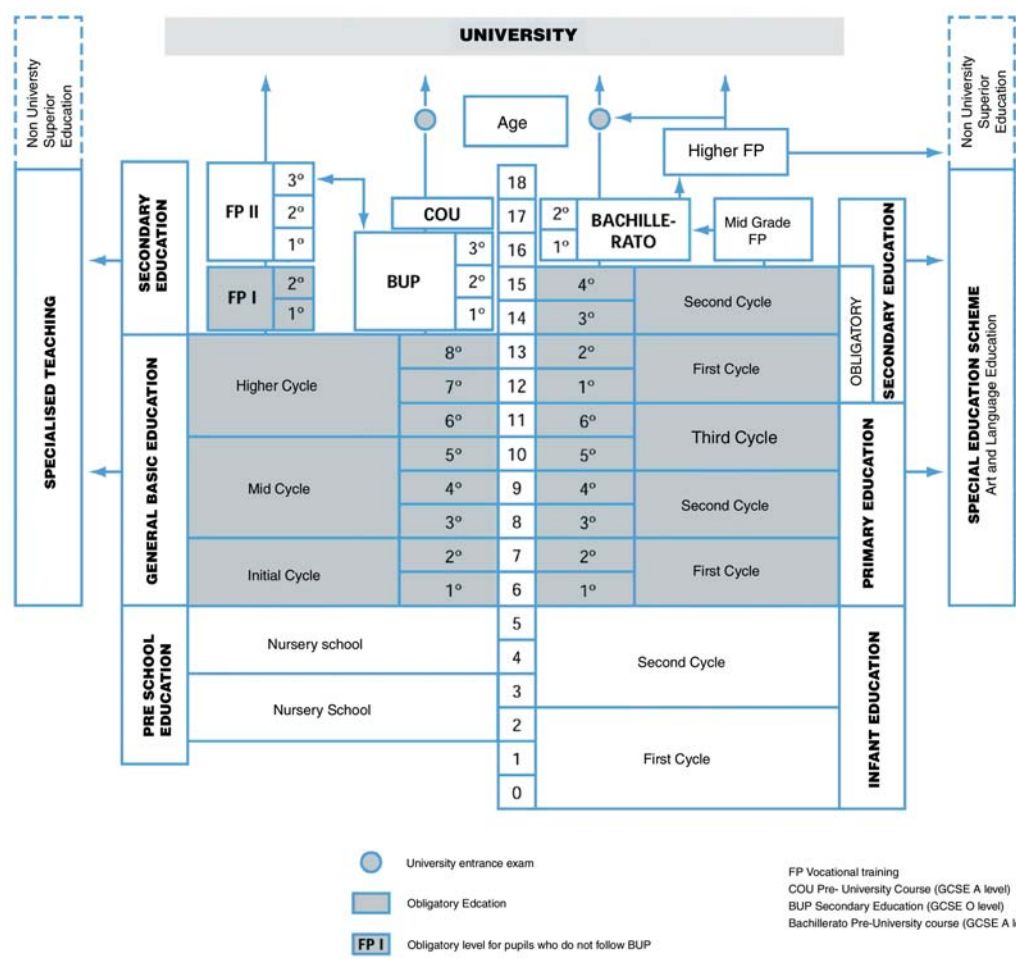
3 Education

This chapter offers, basic statistical information relating to the pupils, units and teaching staff belonging to the diverse educative levels of regulated education –Nursery, Primary, Special Education, Adult Education, Vocational Training (GNVQ), Obligatory Secondary Education, Higher Secondary Education (GCSE A level), Formative Cycles, University– and special education scheme –Music, Dance, Dramatic Art, Languages, Applied Arts–.

SPANISH EDUCATION SYSTEM

GENERAL EDUCATION LAW LGE (1970)

LAW ON THE PLANNING OF THE EDUCATION SYSTEM LOGSE (1990)



It includes data on university graduates according to branch, scholarships and study aids, as well as on the Education budget and its distribution in diverse budgetary

programs. The data correspond to the academic course 2002-2003, the most recent for which there is information.

3.1. Evolution of enrolled pupils according to education level in Andalusia. School years 1994-1995 to 2002-2003

	School year 1994-1995	School year 1995-1996	School year 1996-1997	School year 1997-1998	School year 1998-1999	School year 1999-2000	School year 2000-2001	School year 2001-2002	School year 2002-2003
Nursery and Preschool	197.346	198.092	198.425	199.784	206.835	203.481	210.357	220.399	230.331
Primary education	890.778	856.526	714.134	583.607	574.503	565.570	556.645	546.385	538.832
Specific Special education ^a	5.938	5.660	5.474	4.818	4.458	4.758	4.941	4.938	4.894
Integration ^b	25.658	26.498	24.844	23.801	23.788	31.163	31.995	34.916	36.399
Adult education	97.895	100.301	111.603	86.912	81.903	86.824	90.424	80.655	82.984
BUP-COU (GCSE)	264.840	234.211	210.083	174.143	109.075	63.572	29.833	-	-
Vocational training (GNVQ)	142.784	130.610	111.055	92.953	60.325	33.426	18.235	8.024	-
Obligatory Secondary Education	67.782	98.835	249.723	371.894	414.028	432.688	420.666	410.140	406.492
Higher secondary education (GCSE A level)	16.149	22.953	30.056	45.683	62.305	87.428	119.514	137.513	133.749
Professional modules/ Training cycles	6.748	9.398	15.109	22.224	31.671	44.552	60.026	74.513	83.086
Social guarantee programmes	1.100	1.627	1.873	2.269	2.930	4.387	5.973	6.770	6.963
Secondary adult education									
University	230.708	247.750	257.550	266.972	269.233	271.919	266.957	258.899	249.368

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

^aSpecial education pupils in substitute classrooms in Nursery and Preschool/Primary education centres and in specific Special education centres have been included.

^bSpecial education pupils integrated in every education level (Infant, Primary and Secondary education) have been included. These pupils have been already included in each and every above-mentioned education level.

Regional Government Ministry of Education and Science

The Regional Government Ministry of Education and Science of the Junta of Andalusia is the main statistical source of information in the area of education and research

in Andalusia. As can be observed in the following tables, through these statistics it is possible to know, among others, data on the structure, resources, demand and efficiency of the education system in Andalusia.

3.2. Pupils and units according to education level and province. School year 2002-2003

	Infant		Primary		Special education*		Obligatory Secondary Education	
	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Unidades	Alumnos	Unidades
Almería	18.285	909	41.114	1.933	318	59	30.710	1.136
Cádiz	35.263	1.584	83.398	3.736	780	126	65.153	2.359
Córdoba	23.766	1.179	55.064	2.556	371	69	41.625	1.534
Granada	26.973	1.390	60.233	2.916	945	140	45.049	1.687
Huelva	14.951	722	33.738	1.587	149	25	25.650	986
Jaén	20.805	1.022	49.898	2.299	216	40	36.932	1.381
Málaga	37.526	1.715	90.354	4.007	792	131	69.088	2.498
Sevilla	52.762	2.324	125.033	5.369	1.323	185	92.285	3.356
Andalusia	230.331	10.845	538.832	24.403	4.894	775	406.492	14.937

Continuing ►

Continuation

3.2. Pupils and units according to education level and province. School year 2002-2003

	Higher secondary education (GCSE A level)		Training cycles		Social guarantee		Secondary adult education	
	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units	Pupils	Units
Almería	8.996	305	5.693	280	301	24	1.305	24
Cádiz	22.178	737	14.832	678	1.506	95	2.505	56
Córdoba	12.777	425	7.619	380	837	56	995	22
Granada	15.872	516	9.369	416	760	56	1.120	21
Huelva	8.223	258	5.298	259	359	25	1.273	10
Jaén	11.538	385	5.841	285	480	34	1.118	13
Málaga	23.220	758	13.275	599	1.091	83	2.978	44
Sevilla	30.945	1.067	21.159	943	1.629	114	2.594	64
Andalusia	133.749	4.451	83.086	3.840	6.963	487	13.888	254

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

*Units and pupils in specific Special education centres and in specific units in the rest of education centres have been included.

3.3. Scholarships and grants by province. School year 2002-2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Scholarships, general official announcement (MECD). Secondary Education^a									
Applications submitted	4.303	16.237	7.829	8.992	4.921	6.438	13.334	16.024	78.078
Applications approved	3.268	12.968	6.188	7.171	3.938	5.120	10.251	11.980	60.884
Total amount of scholarships approved (thousands of euros)	2.821,88	10.920,14	5.115,28	6.544,20	2.829,04	3.770,98	8.910,98	9.018,11	49.930,62
Scholarships, general official announcement (MECD). Universities^a									
Applications submitted	3.742	7.804	6.561	16.352	5.665	5.301	11.896	27.137	84.458
Applications approved	2.592	5.766	4.507	11.860	3.355	3.659	8.378	16.111	56.228
Total amount of scholarships approved (thousands of euros)	5.641,66	9.976,16	7.250,30	25.193,61	6.791,01	8.145,03	17.478,34	30.926,82	111.402,92
Grants for student residences (Junta of Andalusia)^b									
	882	835	925	1.449	151	745	965	392	6.360

SOURCES: Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport (MECD). Subdepartment of Scholarships and Promotion
Regional Government Ministry of Education

^aData on the school year 2000-2001.

^b16 grants for pupils who don't reside in Andalusia have been included.

3.4. Enrolled pupils and graduates according to branch by university. School year 2002-2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Pablo de Olavide	Sevilla	Andalusia
	Enrolled pupils									
Humanities	689	1.779	1.560	7.284	613	742	3.551	510	8.361	25.089
Experimental Sciences	830	2.186	2.463	6.874	926	1.740	2.534	869	4.905	23.327
Social and Legal Sciences	8.355	10.965	8.267	27.068	6.656	7.756	19.386	5.480	28.601	122.534
Technical Education	2.779	5.007	4.529	8.418	3.317	4.054	9.771	-	19.065	56.940
Health Care Sciences	436	2.153	2.618	6.659	402	425	2.570	-	6.215	21.478
Total	13.089	22.090	19.437	56.303	11.914	14.717	37.812	6.859	67.147	249.368
Graduates*										
Humanities	69	215	287	1.036	68	127	418	-	963	3.183
Experimental Sciences	123	212	326	966	86	159	234	-	752	2.858
Social and Legal Sciences	1.262	1.463	1.469	4.178	1.079	1.068	2.896	487	4.641	18.543
Technical Education	242	514	651	732	467	405	616	-	2.116	5.743
Health Care Sciences	102	463	466	986	128	106	513	-	1.020	3.784
Total	1.798	2.867	3.199	7.898	1.828	1.865	4.677	487	9.492	34.111

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

*Data on the school year 2001-2002.

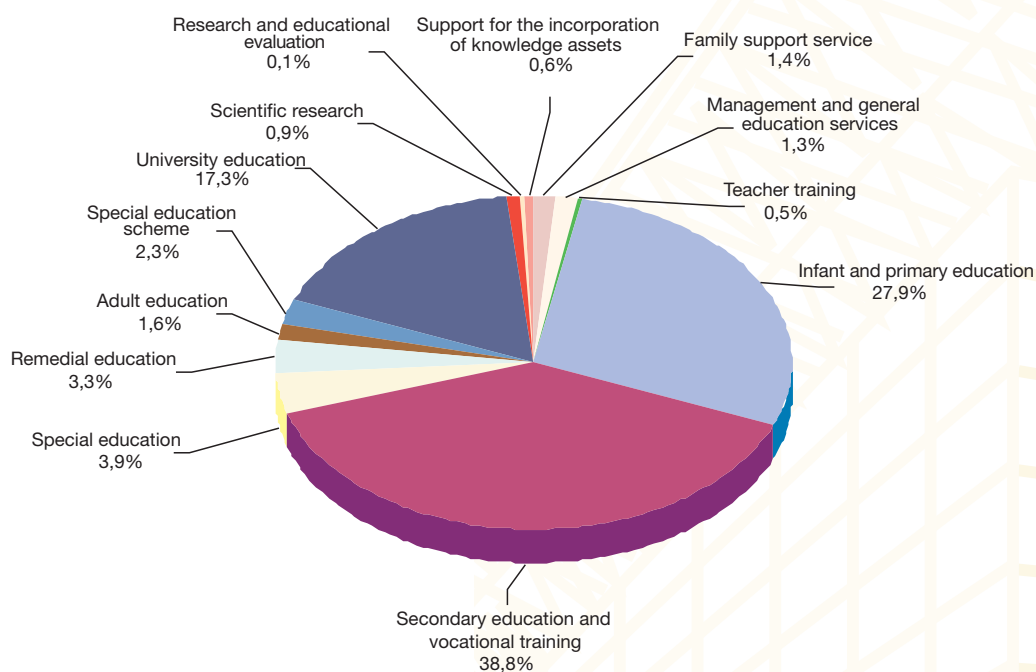
3.5. Special education scheme by province. School year 2002-2003

	Music conservatoires		Dance conservatoires		Schools of dramatic art		Official school of foreign languages*		Art schools	
	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers
Almería	1.726	128	434	30	-	-	2.549	34	249	35
Cádiz	2.210	163	187	16	-	-	5.210	63	600	84
Córdoba	2.728	228	407	34	151	28	1.713	17	550	63
Granada	2.701	246	313	24	-	-	787	9	757	113
Huelva	1.184	88	-	-	-	-	1.431	17	254	31
Jaén	2.911	212	-	-	-	-	2.297	30	377	62
Málaga	3.654	278	581	49	221	33	9.902	105	449	40
Sevilla	3.771	310	590	42	144	27	995	11	739	64
Andalusia	20.885	1.653	2.512	195	516	88	24.884	286	3.975	492

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

*Correspondence pupils of the programme "That's English", who in this course number 4.999, have not been included.

3.6. Distribution of the budget of the regional Government Ministry of Education of Andalusia by programme. 2004 (percentage)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Education

For more information:
 • Regional Government Ministry of Education and Science
 • Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport. Education Statistics in Spain
 • INE. Higher Education Statistics in Spain

4 Labour market

In this chapter a compendium of data is offered on diverse aspects of the labour market: economically active and employed population, employment and unemployment, workers' earnings, labour costs, industrial accidents, and recruitment.

4.1. Economically active and employed population according to economic sector by province. 2003* (thousands of people)

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Active population	3.174,48	236,93	472,73	318,45	337,90	197,88	267,20	577,65	765,68	18.821,88
Employed population										
Agriculture	256,43	40,63	24,05	33,95	36,05	24,25	34,25	21,43	41,80	942,10
Industry	299,10	13,68	45,30	40,03	25,50	19,55	33,43	43,05	78,63	3.123,45
Construction	366,28	26,35	51,50	32,18	34,68	24,25	29,50	99,68	68,18	1.984,55
Services	1.663,33	130,83	241,40	145,13	180,68	91,13	120,43	317,28	436,48	10.644,45
Total	2.585,08	211,45	362,25	251,25	276,88	159,18	217,63	481,38	625,08	16.694,55
Population aged 16 and over	5.997,08	417,23	901,40	621,15	668,85	373,40	524,00	1.105,78	1.385,25	34.203,05

SOURCE: INE. Economically Active Population Survey

*Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

Active persons: people of 16 and over who, during the week of reference, supplied labour for the production of goods and economic services or were available and in conditions to be incorporated into the said production. **Employed persons:** people of 16 and over who, during the week of reference, have worked at least one hour in exchange for remuneration in cash or kind. **Unemployed:** people of 16 and over who, during the week of reference, did not have a job, were available to work and actively seeking work.

4.2. Activity, employment and unemployment rates according to gender by province. 2003*

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Activity rates										
Men	66,96	70,90	66,96	65,28	63,82	66,52	66,42	66,29	68,87	67,43
Women	39,65	43,55	38,51	37,41	38,32	40,19	36,23	39,31	42,27	43,33
Total	52,93	56,79	52,44	51,27	50,52	52,99	50,99	52,24	55,27	55,03
Employment rates										
Men	57,84	65,56	55,20	55,43	55,88	57,13	58,66	57,51	59,43	61,92
Women	29,15	36,72	25,78	25,65	28,10	28,90	25,14	30,66	31,44	36,43
Total	43,11	50,68	40,19	40,45	41,40	42,63	41,53	43,53	45,12	48,81
Unemployment rates										
Men	13,61	7,54	17,57	15,11	12,44	14,13	11,71	13,24	13,72	8,17
Women	26,49	15,68	33,07	31,44	26,64	28,07	30,59	21,99	25,61	15,91
Total	18,57	10,76	23,36	21,10	18,07	19,56	18,56	16,67	18,36	11,30

SOURCE: INE. Survey of Active Population

*Rates made from the respective annual average figures, which were calculated from the four quarters of the year.

Activity rate: (Active/Population of 16 and over)*100. **Employment rate:** (Employed/Population of 16 and over)*100.
Unemployment rate: (Unemployed/Active)*100.

Economically Active Population Survey (EPA). Elaborated by the National Institute of Statistics (INE) since 1964, it is, as its name indicates, an investigation by sampling and not an exhaustive study, whose regularity –which has been periodically modified– is, at present, quarterly.

The main objective of this survey is to know the composition and evolution of the number of economically active people, employed, unemployed and inactive according to different classification criteria, such as gender, age, economic sector, profession and other relevant aspects of the labour market. At the same time, this information is available for different levels of spatial aggregation: Spain, Autonomous Communities and provinces.

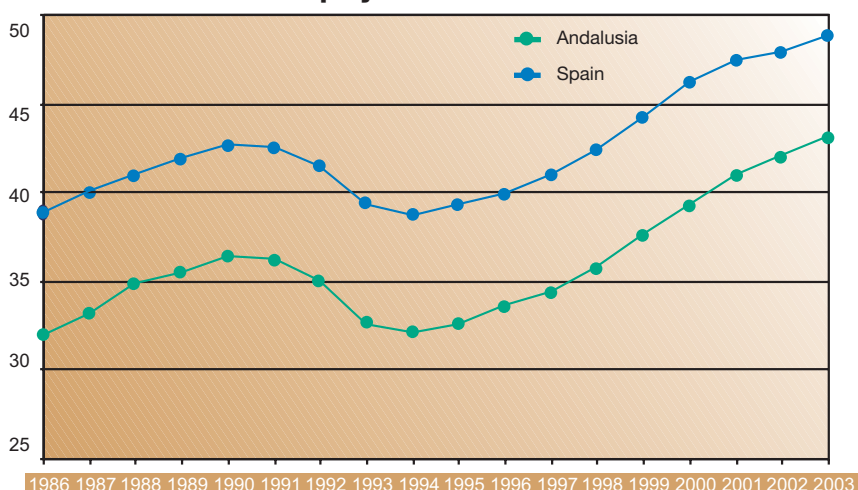
The survey is aimed at households and the sample size is of 65.000 dwellings, implying coverage of approximately 200.000 people.

In 2002 the EPA was modified applying a series of methodological changes that affect some of the definitions used by the survey and the data calculation process. These changes are the following:

- The new population projections of the INE are used.
- A technical improvement is introduced in the calculation of totals by means of reweighting the elevation factors.
- A new definition of unemployed is used, laid down in the regulation nº 1897/2000 of the European Commission of September 7th 2000.

The application of these modifications produces changes in the series of employed, unemployed and inactive population carried out with the previous methodology. The INE in its web page offers detailed information on these changes and their repercussions.

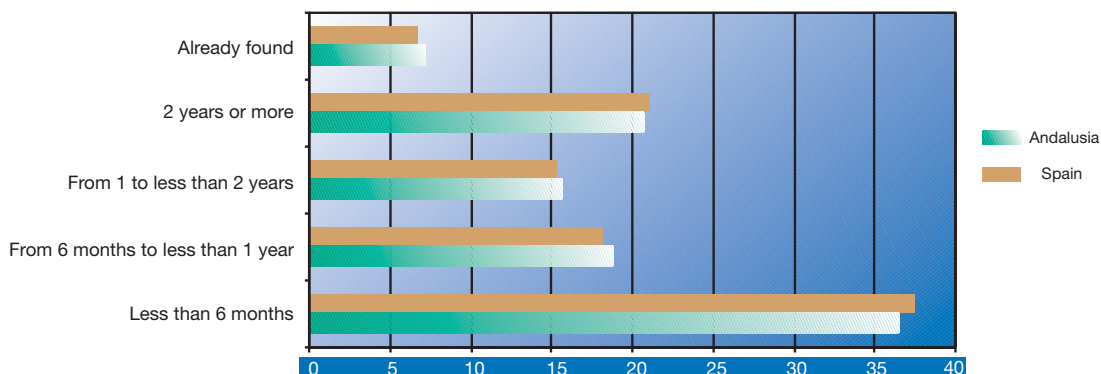
4.3. Evolution of employment rate. 1986-2003*



SOURCE: INE. Economically Active Population Survey

*Rate made from the annual averages of employed population and population of 16 and over, which were calculated from the four quarters of the year.

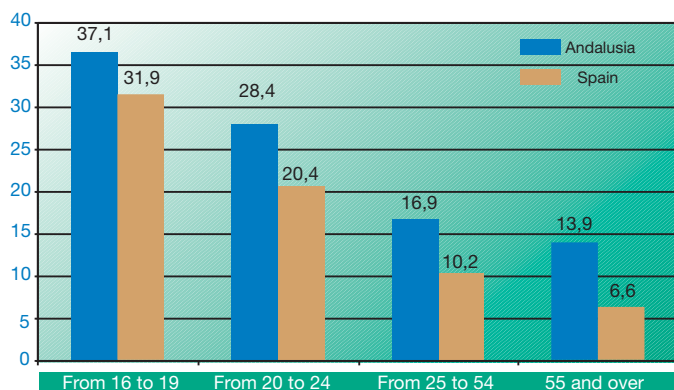
4.4. Unemployed population according to time of job searching. 2003* (percentage)



SOURCE: INE. Economically Active Population Survey

*Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

4.5. Unemployment rate by age band. 2003*



SOURCE: INE. Economically Active Population Survey

*Rate made from the annual averages of unemployed population and active population, which were calculated from the four quarters of the year.

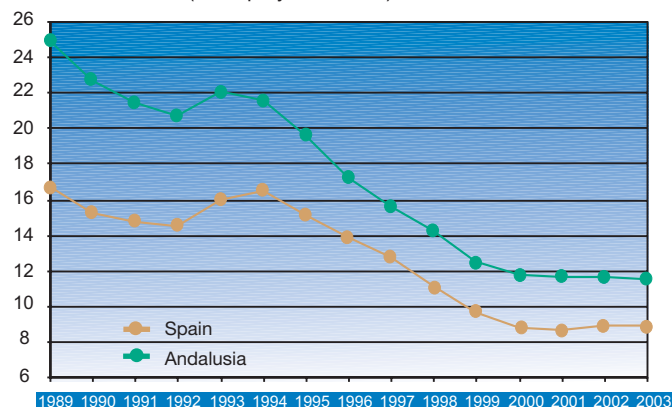
4.6. Registered unemployment by province. 2003* (thousands of people)

	Unemployed
Andalusia	362,38
Almería	15,06
Cádiz	77,23
Córdoba	40,75
Granada	36,06
Huelva	18,45
Jaén	21,29
Málaga	57,67
Sevilla	95,87
Spain	1.657,58

SOURCE: INEM. Statistics of employment

*Annual average calculated from the twelve months of the year.

4.7. Evolution of the registered unemployment. 1989-2003 (unemployed^a/active^b) × 100



SOURCES: INEM. Statistics of employment
INE. Economically Active Population Survey

^aAnnual average of unemployment registered by the INEM, calculated from the twelve months of the year.

^bAnnual average of the active population estimated by the Economically Active Population Survey, calculated from the four quarters of the year.

Labour costs index. INE. This is a continuous statistical operation on a quarterly basis, elaborated by the INE, that forms a part of the euroindicators that Eurostat has requested from countries in the euro area, in order to measure the convergence of labour costs in the member states. Its objective is to know the level and the evolution of labour costs by worker and hour worked, not only in

reference to wage costs but also to other costs. It also allows the monitoring of work time and time not worked to obtain estimations of the average workday carried out.

Its population scope comprises all wage workers associated with the Contribution Accounts, independent of their size, included in the General Social Security Regulations and in the Special Coal Mining Regulations.

4.8. Labour and earnings costs by worker and month according to economic sector. 2003* (euros)

	Andalusia		Spain	
	Labour costs	Wage costs	Labour costs	Wage costs
Industry	2.060,13	1.505,15	2.269,39	1.684,08
Construction	1.848,69	1.295,07	1.902,34	1.351,12
Services	1.777,26	1.322,70	1.918,15	1.438,07
Total	1.832,00	1.345,04	1.992,40	1.480,17

SOURCE: INE. Labour costs index

*Annual average calculated from the four quarters of the year.

Sectorial coverage:

Industry: sections C, D and E of the NACE-93.

- C Mining and quarrying industries.
- D Manufacturing industries.
- E Electricity, gas and water supply.

Construction: section F of the NACE-93.

- F Construction.

Services: sections G,H,I,J,K,M,N and O of the NACE-93.

- G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods.
- H Hotels, restaurants.
- I Transport, storage and communications.
- J Financial intermediation.
- K Real state, renting and business activity.
- M Education.
- N Health and social work.
- O Other community, social and personal service activities.

Labour costs: employers costs due to labour, measured in net terms deducting subsidies received. It is made up of wage and other costs.

Wage costs : Comprises all remunerations, both in cash and in kind, made to workers for the performance of their work services for others, whether it rewards effective work, whatever the method of remuneration, or the rest periods accounted for as work. The wage cost therefore includes the base salary, salary complements, overtime payments, extraordinary payments and delayed payments.

4.9. Labour cost according to its components. 2002 (euros/worker)

	Andalusia	Spain
Gross cost	21.381,49	23.365,49
Wages and salaries	15.653,53	17.118,36
Obligatory social security contributions	5.014,80	5.338,74
Voluntary contributions	124,55	166,06
Direct corporate provisions	193,40	240,30
Redundancy compensation	78,15	178,41
Professional training costs	43,77	69,35
Transport costs	10,09	17,51
Corporate costs	13,90	16,06
Other costs*	249,3	220,70
Subsidies	181,86	203,13
Net cost	21.199,63	23.162,36

SOURCE: INE. Annual labour cost survey

*Compensatory payments are included.

Annual Labour Cost Survey. INE.

This is a statistical operation which compiles the results obtained in a quarterly basis in the Labour Costs Index providing an annual perspective. The reference period of the gathered data is the year before to the survey.

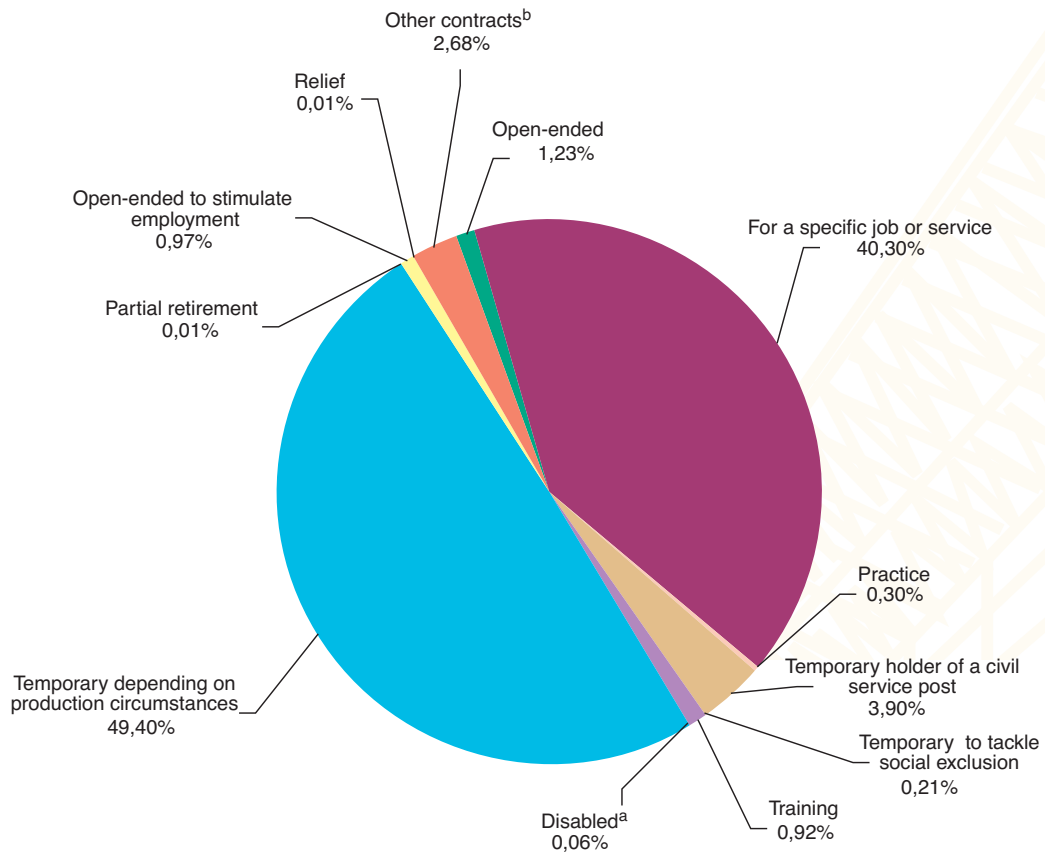
The main interest lies in getting to know the annual level of labour cost of the work factor and its components: salary expectations, obligatory social security contributions, voluntary contributions, direct corporate provisions, redundancy compensation, professional training costs, corporate costs, other costs and subsidies.

4.10. Industrial accidents with sick leave according to economic sector by seriousness in Andalusia. 2002

	At work				Travelling				Total			
	Minor	Serious	Fatal	Total	Minor	Serious	Fatal	Total	Minor	Serious	Fatal	Total
Agricultural	11.406	247	17	11.670	518	46	8	572	11.924	293	25	12.242
Agriculture, livestock, hunting and forestry	10.558	236	12	10.806	499	45	8	552	11.057	281	20	11.358
Fishing	848	11	5	864	19	1	-	20	867	12	5	884
Industry	27.889	469	20	28.378	1.476	66	4	1.546	29.365	535	24	29.924
Mining and quarrying industry	671	13	2	686	29	-	-	29	700	13	2	715
Manufacturing Industry	26.506	439	17	26.962	1.399	65	3	1.467	27.905	504	20	28.429
Electricity, gas and water supply	712	17	1	730	48	1	1	50	760	18	2	780
Construction	46.622	806	45	47.473	1.787	120	21	1.928	48.409	926	66	49.401
Services	61.705	1.121	70	62.896	7.396	434	28	7.858	69.101	1.555	98	70.754
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods	20.701	256	19	20.976	2.186	105	9	2.300	22.887	361	28	23.276
Hotels and restaurants	8.097	92	1	8.190	1.077	67	3	1.147	9.174	159	4	9.337
Transport, storage and communications	6.295	196	32	6.523	486	26	2	514	6.781	222	34	7.037
Financial intermediation	290	12	-	302	142	10	1	153	432	22	1	455
Real estate, renting and business activities	9.245	120	4	9.369	1.258	64	6	1.328	10.503	184	10	10.697
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security. Extra-territorial organizations	7.435	154	10	7.599	577	33	1	611	8.012	187	11	8.210
Education	1.255	41	-	1.296	214	28	2	244	1.469	69	2	1.540
Health and social work	4.532	182	-	4.714	1.021	75	2	1.098	5.553	257	2	5.812
Other community, social and personal service activities	3.635	59	4	3.698	404	23	2	429	4.039	82	6	4.127
Private households with employed persons	220	9	-	229	31	3	-	34	251	12	-	263
Total	147.622	2.643	152	150.417	11.177	666	61	11.904	158.799	3.309	213	162.321

SOURCE: Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Statistic of industrial accidents

4.11. Work contracts registered according to contract model in Andalusia. 2003 (percentage)



SOURCE: INEM. Statistics of registered contracts

^aTakes in: open-ended contracts for the disabled and temporary contracts for the disabled.

^bIncludes substitution for retirement at 64.

For more information:

- INE. Economically Active Population Survey
- IEA. Labour market in Andalusia. Structural data
- IEA. Multi-territorial Information System of Andalusia (SIMA)
- IEA. Population census
- INE. Population census
- Regional Government Ministry of Employment and Technological Development. Notebook of social-labour statistics
- INEM. Employment statistics
- INE. Quarterly Labour Cost Survey
- INE. Labour Cost Survey
- Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Labour Situation Survey
- Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Yearbook of labour statistics and social affairs

5 Sanitary resources and public health

The information that this chapter makes available refers to sanitary resources (health centres, personnel of the SAS, hospitals, beds, etc.), their distribution, the use that the population makes of them, through consultations, admissions and stays in hospital and the way in which they affect, together with many other social and economic factors, their state of health.

5.1. Healthcare centres and staff of the Andalusian Health Service by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Centres									
Primary care	224	119	136	323	122	188	172	177	1.461
Health centres	32	48	36	48	29	37	55	74	359
Local surgeries	94	49	71	165	65	86	80	88	698
Auxiliar surgeries	98	22	29	110	28	65	37	15	404
Specialist care	4	14	6	9	4	7	8	13	65
Specialist outpatient centres	2	9	3	5	1	4	3	8	35
Hospitals*	2	5	3	4	3	3	5	5	30
Staff									
Primary care	1.423	2.597	1.678	2.199	1.282	1.743	2.965	3.648	17.535
Specialist care	3.317	8.250	6.173	9.085	3.811	4.941	10.220	14.887	60.684

SOURCE: Andalusian Health Service (SAS)

*Hospital complexes made up of several hospitals are counted as one centre.

5.2. Number of general hospitals and beds according to type by province. 2002

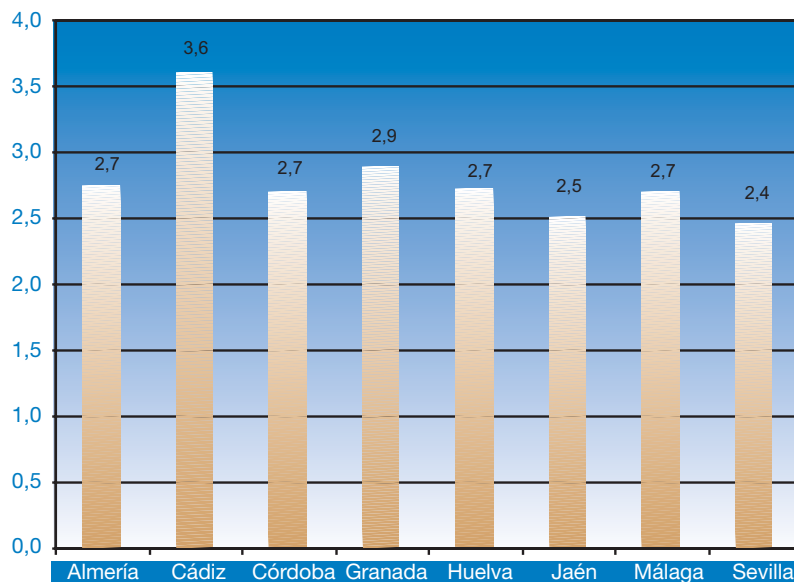
	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Number of general hospitals									
Public	3	6	3	4	3	4	6	5	34
Private	3	8	2	1	1	1	10	6	32
Total	6	14	5	5	4	5	16	11	66
Beds in general hospitals*									
Public	1.331	2.692	1.776	2.286	1.058	1.562	2.718	3.721	17.144
Private	162	1.397	295	78	200	58	865	572	3.627
Total	1.493	4.089	2.071	2.364	1.258	1.620	3.583	4.293	20.771

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian Hospital Catalogue

*Number of beds in each hospital on the 31st december and which are ready to be used, although some of them may, for different motives, not be in service on that date.

5.3. Number of beds in general hospitals by province. 2002^{ab}

(beds/1.000 inhabitants)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian Hospital Catalogue

^aNumber of beds in each hospital on the 31st december and which are ready to be used, although some of them may, for different motives, not be in service on that date.

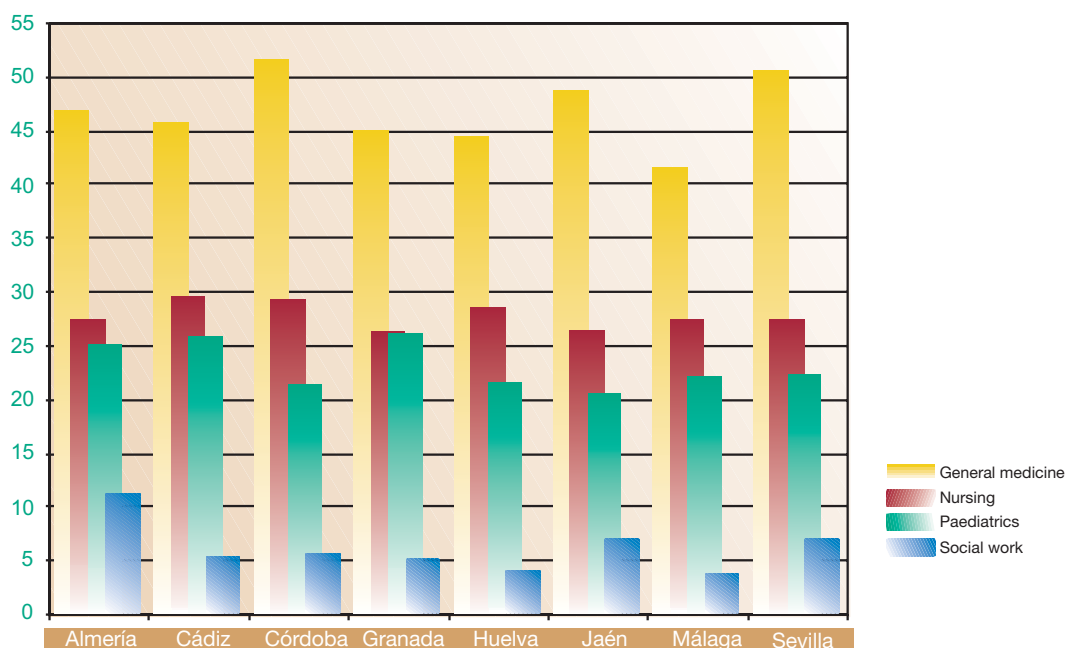
^bThe reference population corresponds to the revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2002.

Sanitary resources and their distribution. The statistics that provide knowledge of the sanitary resources come basically from the Regional Government Ministry of Health and the Andalusian Health Service. These contribute information on the sanitary resources on two levels:

- Primary Care: corresponds to the first level of health care. It is carried out in health centres, doctor's surgeries

and other centres and integrates the preventive, curative, rehabilitation care and promotion of health. The information that is offered in this area refers mainly to public centres and services and makes up the Statistics of welfare activity in primary care in Andalusia, elaborated by the Andalusian Health Service. It has as its main source of information the Information System for the Management of Primary Care (SIGAP).

5.4. Consultations in primary care centres according to professional group by province. 2002* (daily average per professional)



SOURCE: Andalusian Health Service. Information System for Primary Care Management (SIGAP)

*On demand and programmed consultations in primary care centres have been included. House calls have not been included.

• Specialist Care: it offers the means of diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation that, for their specialisation or characteristics, cannot be solved at the level of the primary care; it includes clinics, outpatients departments and hospitals. The information that is offered in this area may refer to public as well as private centres, according to the source studied. Thus, data from the *Andalusian Hospitals Catalogue*, elaborated by the Regional

Government Ministry of Health can be offered, in which the basic characteristics of all the Andalusian hospitals public and private are included. On the other hand, when the source used is the Andalusian Health Service (Statistics of welfare activity in specialist care in Andalusia), more detailed information is provided on the hospitals that make up the public network that depends on it.

5.5. Admissions and stays in Andalusian Health Service hospitals according to service by province. 2002*

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Admissions									
Surgical specialities	12.359	24.743	21.147	32.675	11.530	19.949	30.507	41.122	194.032
Medical specialities	11.711	25.102	21.395	19.826	11.884	16.257	22.865	34.238	163.278
Intensive care	1.334	2.548	1.480	2.699	999	1.474	2.444	4.920	17.898
Obstetrics	7.296	18.421	11.429	17.132	9.034	11.139	19.842	28.053	122.346
Paediatrics	2.928	8.965	6.414	7.858	2.622	6.411	6.223	14.759	56.180
Psychiatry	1.055	1.615	759	1.135	760	1.173	1.480	3.236	11.213
Rehabilitation	39	96	6	42	-	-	245	55	483
Total	36.722	81.490	62.630	81.367	36.829	56.403	83.606	126.383	565.430
Stays									
Surgical specialities	87.585	200.574	168.004	192.793	86.098	106.013	238.762	323.477	1.403.306
Medical specialities	133.622	243.439	237.495	210.075	129.697	142.885	269.563	400.111	1.766.887
Intensive care	9.442	23.772	13.975	22.080	7.360	10.714	28.919	51.911	168.173
Obstetrics	24.733	73.548	41.933	60.598	35.681	41.623	87.673	110.768	476.557
Paediatrics	20.280	47.419	33.629	41.875	14.395	23.500	48.442	92.723	322.263
Psychiatry	15.521	19.287	15.016	20.825	8.117	19.198	21.520	46.613	166.097
Rehabilitation	6.040	4.049	4.437	8.546	-	-	6.963	5.579	35.614
Total	297.223	612.088	514.489	556.792	281.348	343.933	701.842	1.031.182	4.338.897

SOURCE: Andalusian Health Service. Inter-hospital Information System (INIHOS)

*Refers exclusively to public hospitals of the Andalusian Health Service.

Use of the sanitary resources. In this case, the information refers to primary or specialist care to which it is possible to add the information provided by the Statistics on inpatient health establishments of Andalusia (EESRI), elaborated by the Regional Government Ministry of Health, and Statistics on basic hospital data of Andalusia (CMBDA), elaborated by the Andalusian Health Service.

In these statistical activities, along with the Statistics of welfare activity in specialist care in Andalusia already

referred to, detailed information on the hospital process, as well as information provided by the Information system of the appointment programme, that contributes data relating to the activities carried out in the consultations of the specialist outpatient centres, is offered.

Furthermore, other specific sources provide information on pharmaceutical benefits and the use of certain centres and sanitary services in the area of infant vaccinations, organ transplants, blood donation, abortions, etc.

5.6. Evolution of obligatory notifiable diseases in Andalusia*. 1994-2003

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Parotitis (mumps)	1.586	1.127	1.036	932	456	507	2.179	3.598	284	194
Varicella	103.600	91.268	59.187	25.208	19.942	29.470	13.342	15.162	19.444	12.274
Hepatitis	2.183	1.614	1.568	1.108	972	680	617	530	474	367
Influenza	774.504	1.069.256	927.775	83.311	121.007	108.244	85.433	14.467	48.909	23.818
Tuberculosis	1.486	1.510	1.227	1.488	1.352	1.417	1.223	1.232	1.204	1.178
Meningococcal meningitis	203	145	153	367	115	343	336	152	198	180
Other meningitis	391	540	207	608	170	276	1.021	709	4	18

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Health

*Since 1997 only diseases with the patients personal data have been included in this group. This may cause significant variations in the number of notified cases from that date.

5.7. Deaths according to gender and age band by province. 2001-2002

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
2001										
Men										
From 0 to 14	318	32	40	37	33	10	24	58	84	1.501
From 15 to 64	7.918	572	1.270	740	838	516	637	1.473	1.872	44.385
65 and over	23.362	1.650	3.154	2.716	2.772	1.608	2.429	3.866	5.167	143.828
Total	31.598	2.254	4.464	3.493	3.643	2.134	3.090	5.397	7.123	189.714
Women										
From 0 to 14	264	19	46	20	20	14	24	53	68	1.131
From 15 to 64	3.197	225	477	311	339	204	267	621	753	17.639
65 and over	24.885	1.581	3.255	2.970	2.933	1.868	2.390	4.089	5.799	151.647
Total	28.346	1.825	3.778	3.301	3.292	2.086	2.681	4.763	6.620	170.417
2002										
Men										
From 0 to 14	340	40	54	31	28	17	21	69	80	..
From 15 to 64	7.967	597	1.264	756	823	516	655	1.498	1.858	..
65 and over	24.222	1.665	3.161	2.855	3.024	1.632	2.478	4.036	5.371	..
Total	32.529	2.302	4.479	3.642	3.875	2.165	3.154	5.603	7.309	..
Women										
From 0 to 14	281	29	53	31	24	11	18	52	63	..
From 15 to 64	3.096	241	501	309	359	183	242	561	700	..
65 and over	25.793	1.722	3.362	3.120	3.089	1.753	2.500	4.186	6.061	..
Total	29.170	1.992	3.916	3.460	3.472	1.947	2.760	4.799	6.824	..

SOURCES: IEA-Regional Government Ministry of Health. Natural Movement of the Population Unit
INE. Statistics of deaths by cause of death

Public health status. The information on the health status is based, on the one hand, on data on the diseases the population suffers and constitutes a set of statistics elaborated by the Regional Government Ministry of Health: Statistics of tuberculosis, AIDS or Obligatory Notifiable Diseases (EDO). On the other hand, information may also

be obtained on the mortality and the causes of death, for which the statistics obtained from the unit of the Natural Movement of the Population, elaborated jointly by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia and the Regional Government Ministry of Health, may be consulted.

5.8. Deaths by large groups of the CIE* 10th according to cause by province. 2001-2002

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
2001									
Infectious and parasitic diseases	72	255	129	138	93	88	194	235	1.204
Tumours [neoplasias]	1.009	2.252	1.655	1.711	1.051	1.388	2.612	3.610	15.288
Blood and hematopoietic organ diseases and other disorders that affect immunity	10	21	21	22	14	20	29	34	171
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	135	305	248	261	152	218	277	453	2.049
Mental and behavioural disorders	80	161	181	140	62	113	234	185	1.156
Nervous system diseases	134	237	196	231	116	150	283	387	1.734
Cardiovascular system diseases	1.327	2.987	2.485	2.562	1.627	2.082	3.793	5.675	22.538
Respiratory system diseases	453	748	765	695	421	637	1.005	1.188	5.912
Digestive system diseases	216	392	376	376	218	385	513	700	3.176
Genito-urinary system diseases	94	210	147	174	131	132	232	285	1.405
Symptoms, external signs and abnormal clinic and laboratory findings, not classified elsewhere	187	161	205	186	103	213	303	222	1.580
External causes of morbidity and mortality	265	335	257	333	144	240	498	526	2.598
Other	97	178	129	106	88	105	187	243	1.133
2002									
Infectious and parasitic diseases	82	205	116	130	89	87	196	213	1.118
Tumours [neoplasias]	1.026	2.288	1.732	1.742	1.059	1.406	2.620	3.628	15.501
Blood and hematopoietic organ diseases and other disorders that affect immunity and other disorders that affect immunity	21	26	23	19	14	28	39	35	205
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases	159	296	279	243	155	233	292	490	2.147
Mental and behavioural disorders	94	188	172	171	50	147	253	226	1.301
Nervous system diseases	139	263	191	221	114	160	284	380	1.752
Cardiovascular system diseases	1.417	2.926	2.596	2.683	1.557	2.094	3.861	5.873	23.007
Respiratory system diseases	495	836	841	800	419	723	1.076	1.283	6.473
Digestive system diseases	207	472	394	459	213	366	566	758	3.435
Genito-urinary system diseases	106	205	132	177	114	150	228	304	1.416
Symptoms, external signs and abnormal clinic and laboratory findings, not classified elsewhere	171	212	194	248	104	184	290	220	1.623
External causes of morbidity and mortality	278	302	291	347	138	229	484	497	2.566
Other	99	176	141	107	86	107	213	226	1.155

SOURCE: IEA-Regional Government Ministry of Health. Natural Movement of the Population Unit

*CIE: International Clasification of Diseases.

Other:

Eye and adnexa oculi diseases.
Ear and mastoid diseases.
Skin and subcutaneous diseases.
Osteomuscular system and connective tissue diseases.
Pregnancy, childbirth and postnatal period.
Disorders of the perinatal period.
Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal anomalies.

For more information:

- Andalusian Health Service. Annual Memorandum
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Andalusian Hospitals Catalogue
- Andalusian Health Service. Statistics of welfare activity in primary care in Andalusia
- Andalusian Health Service. Information System for the Management of Primary Care
- Andalusian Health Service. Statistics of welfare activity in specialist care in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Statistics on inpatient health establishments in Andalusia
- Andalusian Health Service. Inter-hospital Information System
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Statistics on basic hospital data in Andalusia
- Andalusian Health Service. Set of minimum basic data on Andalusia (CMBDA)
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Tuberculosis statistics in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. AIDS statistics in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Statistics on obligatory notifiable diseases in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Health. Annual Memorandum
- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of Health. Deaths in Andalusia
- INE. Statistics on deaths by cause of death

6 Primary sector

In this chapter information on agricultural production, the livestock census, fishing catches and other aspects related to the primary sector in Andalusia is offered.

6.1. Number of farms, total area and area used for farming according to extension in Andalusia. 1999*

	Farms		Total area		Area used for farming	
	Number	Percentage	Hectares	Percentage	Hectares	Percentage
With land	364.911	100,00	7.789.011	100,00	4.974.175	100,00
Without SAU	10.856	2,97	1.255.058	16,11	-	-
With SAU	354.055	97,03	6.533.953	83,89	4.974.175	100,00
Less than 1	90.116	24,70	83.459	1,07	46.965	0,94
From 1 to 2	67.090	18,39	129.377	1,66	94.784	1,91
From 2 to 5	84.568	23,17	337.448	4,33	268.882	5,41
From 5 to 10	45.951	12,59	381.385	4,90	319.961	6,43
From 10 to 20	29.913	8,20	503.595	6,47	414.250	8,33
From 20 to 30	10.661	2,92	323.329	4,15	258.362	5,19
From 30 to 50	9.335	2,56	478.044	6,14	357.190	7,18
From 50 to 100	7.897	2,16	702.244	9,02	547.124	11,00
More than 100	8.524	2,34	3.595.069	46,16	2.666.656	53,61

SOURCE: INE. Agrarian Census of 1999

*The extension is expressed in ha of area used for farming (SAU).

Area Used for Farming (SAU): area of farm land and land for permanent grazing. Farm lands include herbaceous crops, fallow land, family allotments and lands given over to woody crops.

Farm: technical economic unit from which agricultural products are obtained under the responsibility of the holder. This unit is characterised, generally, for the use of the same means of production: labour, machinery, etc.

Farm with land: farm whose total area is 0,1 ha or over in one or several plots, although they are not adjacent.

Agrarian Census of 1999. INE. The basic objectives of the Agrarian Census of 1999 are the following:

- To evaluate the situation of Spanish agriculture and to follow the structural evolution of the farms, as well as to obtain comparable results among all the member states of the European Union.

- To obtain a framework or directory of farms to carry out sample designs of sectorial agricultural surveys.

- To fulfil the legal guidelines laid down by the European Union in the different regulations of the Council, as well

as to assist the national statistical requirements and other international petitions for statistical information on the agrarian sector.

The investigation extends to the whole national territory and the censal information refers to the year of cultivation corresponding to the crop of 1999 and takes in the farms in the national territory on 30th September of this year, whoever the physical or legal person that acts as holder and the destination given to the agrarian production.

6.2. Production of the main crops by province. 2002-2003

(t)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
2002^a									
Cereals	34.760	331.886	637.500	167.272	108.454	96.021	97.600	1.371.113	2.844.606
Pulse	431	8.807	13.720	3.007	1.978	2.687	9.264	22.994	62.888
Tubers for human consumption	13.800	91.600	95.905	59.263	19.525	51.483	99.300	155.368	586.244
Vegetables	2.360.997	508.050	164.406	586.757	347.296	66.577	356.580	217.477	4.608.140
Industrial crops	-	1.158.852	264.984	7.744	62.671	85.842	15.081	1.613.006	3.208.180
Fodder crops	12.375	175.200	234.762	330.863	88.629	41.122	111.444	604.556	1.598.951
Flowers and ornamental plants (thousands of units)	15.016	1.397.300	40.300	71.200	6.238	19.848	25.300	159.375	1.734.577
Citric fruit trees	226.780	72.147	116.140	11.150	255.300	10	225.500	343.887	1.250.914
Non-citric fruit trees	55.262	3.617	17.147	121.514	23.725	15.606	47.000	122.890	406.761
Vineyards	17.327	127.900	65.928	4.300	45.900	2.207	17.000	22.998	303.560
Olive groves	72.414	24.571	725.000	326.913	22.750	1.538.390	272.000	390.325	3.372.363
2003^b									
Cereals	29.400	346.430	527.422	182.129	85.491	96.057	133.829	1.329.026	2.729.784
Pulse	347	6.560	12.411	3.184	1.609	2.190	12.894	26.052	65.247
Tubers for human consumption	12.900	92.100	92.285	61.810	10.085	22.968	72.500	138.743	503.391
Vegetables	2.633.621	491.400	181.031	601.221	277.966	61.148	346.125	262.784	4.855.296
Industrial crops	-	875.714	220.269	7.604	49.558	74.815	13.106	1.417.011	2.658.077
Fodder crops	7.360	45.900	144.125	253.200	21.500	44.480	40.500	122.750	679.815
Flowers and ornamental plants (thousands of units)	32.512	1.398.100	40.690	30.600	6.150	11.350	25.000	189.288	1.733.690
Citric fruit trees	289.727	81.550	125.513	15.341	300.120	7	236.300	340.427	1.388.985
Non-citric fruit trees	34.024	2.663	13.120	105.292	19.575	14.697	65.500	108.507	363.378
Vineyards	10.448	112.600	84.013	4.300	64.600	2.543	15.500	28.877	322.881
Olive groves	45.758	37.947	1.336.000	512.683	66.500	2.913.576	446.943	704.914	6.064.321

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

^aProvisional data.

^bAdvance data.

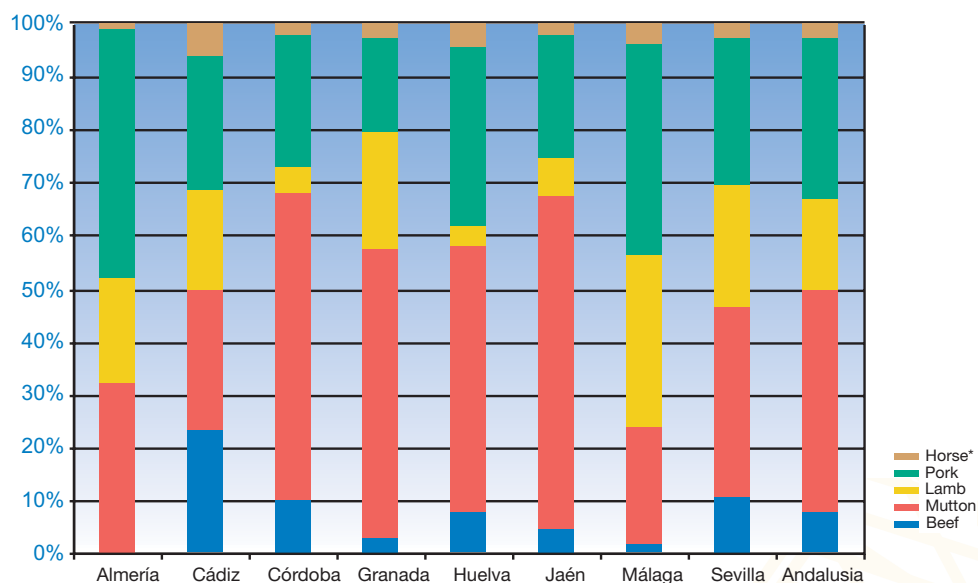
6.3. Meat production by species and province. 2001-2002

(t)

	Beef	Mutton	Lamb	Pork	Horse	Poultry	Rabbit
2001							
Andalusia							
Almería	1.088	411	76	9.502	-	16.873	-
Cádiz	4.945	107	3	5.959	-	5.216	-
Córdoba	1.229	158	8	18.551	-	18.658	-
Granada	928	1.592	95	15.779	-	25.719	414
Huelva	123	291	28	46.690	50	746	-
Jaén	491	1.168	553	34.205	-	27.577	-
Málaga	4.272	526	320	117.929	-	7.288	152
Sevilla	14.993	1.367	805	22.619	37	127.625	73
Total	28.069	5.619	1.888	271.236	87	229.702	640
Spain*	650.841	235.807	15.369	2.989.146	8.639	1.307.265	113.131
2002							
Andalusia							
Almería	1.150	323	65	6.883	-	16.708	-
Cádiz	5.447	119	5	6.241	-	4.948	-
Córdoba	1.167	177	7	17.637	-	17.178	-
Granada	1.266	1.560	214	16.413	-	25.008	802
Huelva	128	166	19	44.316	-	546	-
Jaén	693	1.113	295	40.089	-	28.695	-
Málaga	5.394	347	365	108.097	-	7.707	167
Sevilla	16.996	1.730	918	22.501	25	113.890	6
Total	32.242	5.534	1.887	262.175	25	214.679	976
Spain*	676.080	237.071	15.101	3.152.070	5.742	1.331.700	119.021
SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Monthly statistical bulletin							
*Provisional data.							

6.4. Distribution of livestock by province. 2002

(data up to december)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

*Data 1998.

6.5. Fresh fish auctioned in fish markets by species and province. 2002

	Quantity (t)			Price (thousands of euros)		
	Molluscs	Crustaceans	Fish	Molluscs	Crustaceans	Fish
Almería	375	603	6.696	1.376	9.831	10.837
Cádiz	2.832	1.259	35.413	7.495	7.495	64.050
Granada	82	232	1.345	359	2.789	3.711
Huelva	3.221	1.246	10.274	10.872	10.006	13.926
Málaga	1.521	321	9.319	5.035	2.613	12.630
Andalusia	8.031	3.661	63.047	25.137	32.733	105.154

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

Agrarian and fishing statistics yearbook. Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. It is a compendium of the statistics of the agrarian and fishing sector of Andalusia, corresponding to the year of reference. Its main purpose is the structured dissemination of information of interest relating to the agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishing sub-sectors in Andalusia. The greater

part of the information comes from the departments of statistics of the provincial delegations of the Regional Government Ministry, although data from the General Direction of Fishing and Agriculture of the Regional Government Ministry, the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia and the National Institute of Statistics are also obtained.

6.6. Evolution of olive oil production by province. 1995-2003

(t)

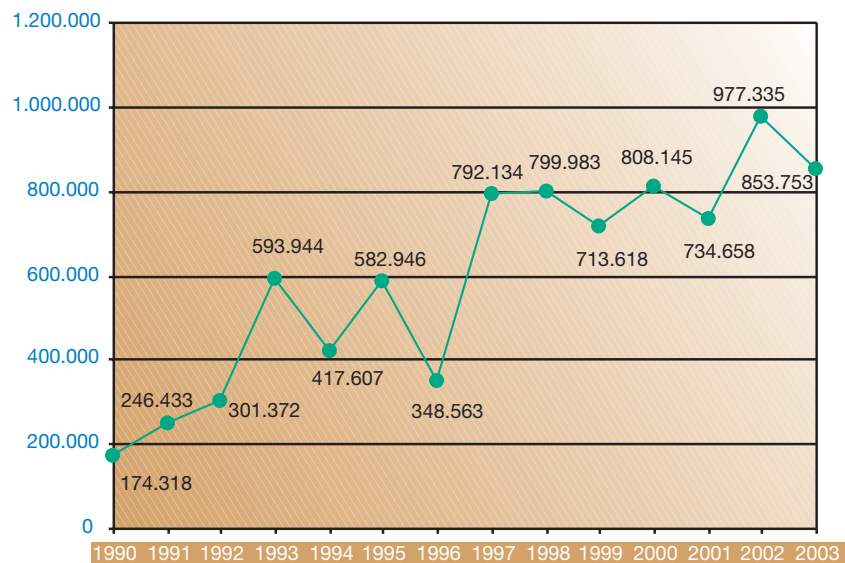
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002 ^a	2003 ^b
Andalusia									
Almería	1.570	2.969	4.978	3.441	5.974	5.037	11.434	8.248	9.128
Cádiz	1.929	3.268	3.030	3.394	2.985	5.462	5.707	5.703	6.750
Córdoba	54.266	210.333	188.815	171.914	110.000	200.202	284.931	163.100	250.000
Granada	20.745	62.821	95.623	47.170	42.345	79.201	103.140	77.233	109.048
Huelva	4.140	3.013	2.997	2.170	3.900	2.390	3.220	3.484	4.000
Jaén	96.807	412.017	428.439	374.511	218.784	463.016	607.622	373.009	603.000
Málaga	13.405	55.817	74.968	35.849	45.320	49.212	73.374	36.635	80.000
Sevilla	21.929	32.720	62.567	32.705	38.396	45.297	76.653	39.193	74.243
Total	214.791	782.958	861.417	671.154	467.704	849.817	1.166.081	706.605	1.136.169
Spain	336.076	954.148	1.122.800	744.800	650.100	962.600	1.343.305	850.000	1.333.600

SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Monthly statistical bulletin

^aProvisional data.
^bAdvance data.

6.7. Evolution of subsidies for olive oil production from FEOGA*. 1990-2003

(thousands of euros)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

*FEOGA: European Fund for Agricultural Guidance and Guarantee.

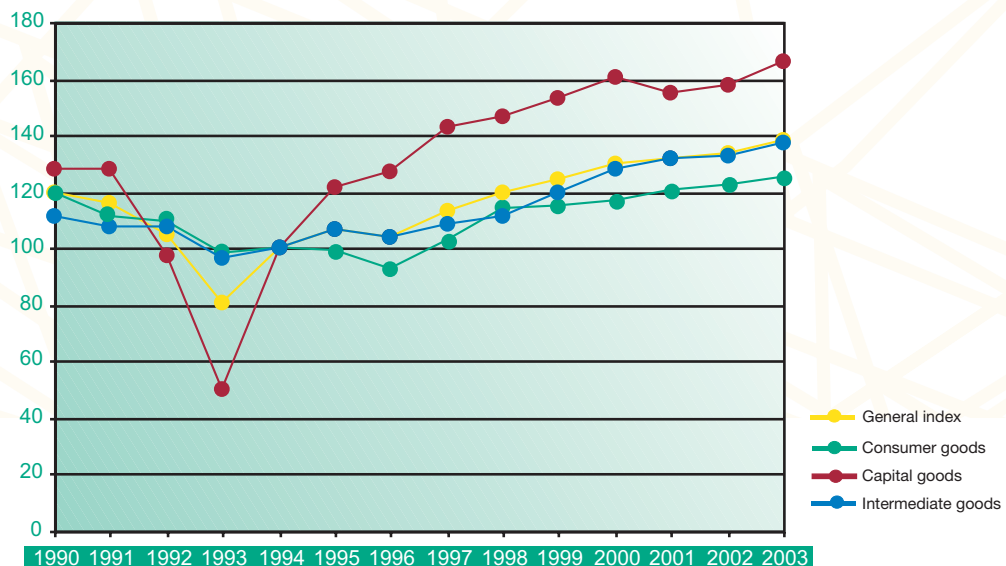
For more information:

- INE. Agrarian Census of 1999
- Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. Monthly bulletin of agricultural statistics
- Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Monthly statistical bulletin
- Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. Agrarian and fishing statistics yearbook

7 Industrial sector

In this chapter relevant data are provided on the characteristics of Andalusian industry by branches, industrial investment, employment generated and other aspects, as well as on the evolution of the industrial sector.

7.1. Evolution of the Andalusian industrial production index according to economic destination of goods. 1990-2003 (average 1994 = 100)



SOURCE: IEA. Andalusian Industrial Production Index

Andalusian Industrial Production Index (IPIAN). IEA. The IPIAN, elaborated by the Institute of Statistics of Andalusia, is an indicator whose objective is to measure the short term evolution, concretely on a monthly basis, of the Gross Value Added (VAB) of the Andalusian industrial sector.

The area of implementation of the IPIAN is the economic sector of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. The attachment of an industrial activity to this

sector is independent of the legal basis of the company and whether it is connected or not to other organisations outside the region. The main factor identifying a production unit as pertaining to the industrial sector of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia is the maintenance of an establishment or permanent work centre in which activities integrated in the industrial sector are developed.

Industrial survey of companies and Industrial survey of products. INE. These surveys which are a follow up of the Industrial survey that has disappeared, allow a complete analysis of the activity of the industrial sector. In Andalusia, the IEA presents these same publications, named *Annual industrial survey of companies. Data for Andalusia* and *Annual industrial survey of products. Data for Andalusia*, with a greater level of detail for the Autonomous Community.

These surveys are annual and their main objective is to provide information relating to the main characteristics of the diverse sectors that make up the industrial activity of the economy, not only with respect to the employment they generate but to their operating expenses, investment and production. The intention is, in this way, to satisfy

national and international information requirements that exist on this subject.

The change of denomination of these publications, initiated in 1993, came about through the obligation to adapt to the Regulation PRODCOM (COMMunity PRODUCTION) –relating to the harmonization of the characteristics of industrial production in the countries of the European Union– and it relies on the recommendations of Eurostat, the European official statistical organism. The fundamental difference with respect to the previous *Industrial survey* is that now the survey unit is the company for the *Industrial survey of companies* and the establishment for the *Industrial survey of products*.

7.2. Main characteristics of Andalusian industry according to large branches of activity, 2002

	Employed people	Operating Income*	Operating costs*	Workforce costs*
Oil extraction industries	6.992	5.133.845	4.107.498	239.602
Food, beverages and tobacco	51.748	11.375.337	10.789.797	1.103.944
Textile, clothing, leather and footwear industry	19.888	1.325.812	1.274.683	282.194
Wood and cork	10.697	794.928	755.153	152.600
Paper, edition, graphic arts and reproduction of engravings	11.638	1.282.491	1.174.529	266.004
Chemical industry	8.090	2.493.289	2.284.769	273.301
Rubber and plastic materials	5.837	905.543	869.510	125.658
Diverse non metallic mineral products	23.930	3.210.493	2.904.107	525.007
Metallurgy and manufactured metal products	33.919	4.438.285	4.116.061	668.366
Machinery and mechanical equipment	12.039	1.396.069	1.240.882	278.548
Electric, electronic and optical equipment and material	9.805	1.387.005	1.330.495	255.781
Transport material	16.430	2.318.260	2.399.894	541.220
Diverse manufacturing industries	22.186	1.288.012	1.224.992	323.970
Energy and water	9.502	3.940.780	3.343.806	362.591
Total	242.701	41.290.149	37.816.176	5.398.786

SOURCE: IEA. Annual industrial survey of companies. Data for Andalusia

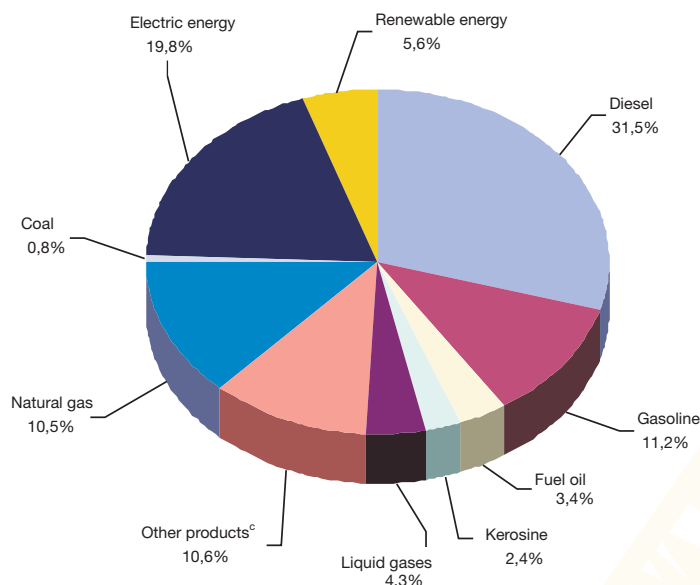
*Thousands of euros.

Annual industrial survey of companies. Data for Andalusia. IEA. This is a statistical activity that adapts, with a greater level of detail for the Autonomous Community of Andalusia, the results of the Industrial survey of companies of the INE, taking in the main characteristics of the companies relating to employment, time worked, revenues and exploitation costs and other variables of interest, all classified according to activity branch.

The breakdown that is presented for the Autonomous

Community of Andalusia has tried to respect to the maximum that of the INE, although it has not been entirely possible because for some of the 100 industrial sectors investigated (maximum breakdown level) the sample used was not representative for Andalusia. This has caused some of the sectors to be grouped together in the most homogeneous way possible.

7.3. Structure of final energy^a consumption according to energy sources in Andalusia. 2002^b (porcentaje)



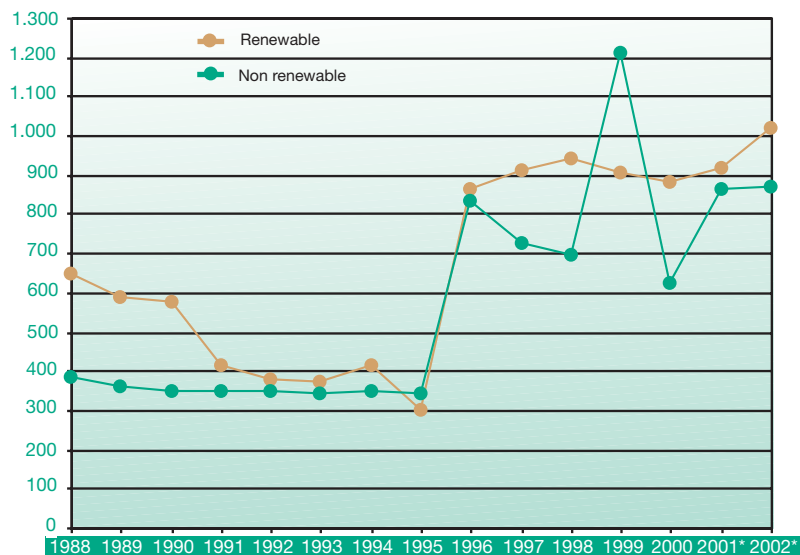
SOURCE: Society for the Development of Energy of Andalusia (SODEAN)

^aAvailable energy for the final consumption: energetic and non energetic uses have been included.

^bAdvanced data (these figures may alter once the official data from energy companies have been calculated).

^cLubricant bases and oils, asphalt products, coke, naphtas, condensed products, paraffin and others have been included.

7.4. Evolution of the consumption of primary Andalusian energy in Andalusia. 1988-2002 (ktep)

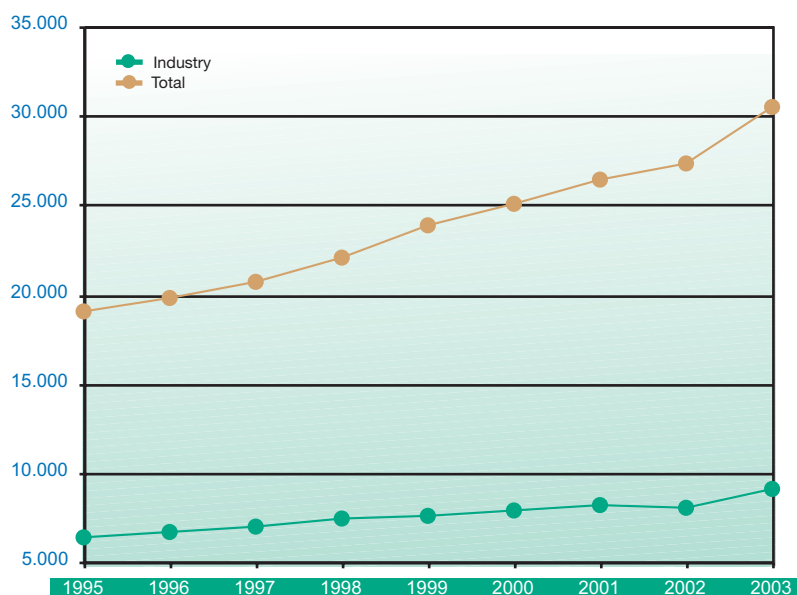


SOURCE: Society for the Development of Energy of Andalusia (SODEAN)

*Provisional data (these figures may alter significantly once the official data from energy companies have been calculated).

ktep: Thousands of tons equivalent of petroleum. It is a unit of energy measurement.

7.5. Evolution of electric energy consumption in Andalusia. 1995-2003 (thousands of MWh)



SOURCE: Compañía Sevillana de Electricidad (Sevillian Electricity Company)

- For more information:
- IEA. Andalusian Industrial Production Index
 - INE. Industrial survey of companies
 - INE. Industrial survey of products
 - IEA. Annual industrial survey of companies. Data for Andalusia
 - IEA. Annual industrial survey of products. Data for Andalusia
 - IEA. Economic accounting system of Andalusia. Input-output frame 1995
 - IEA. Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-2001
 - Regional Government Ministry for Employment and Technological Development. Industrial Register
 - INE. Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002
 - Ministry of Economy. Statistics of the electric energy industry

8

Town planning, housing and construction

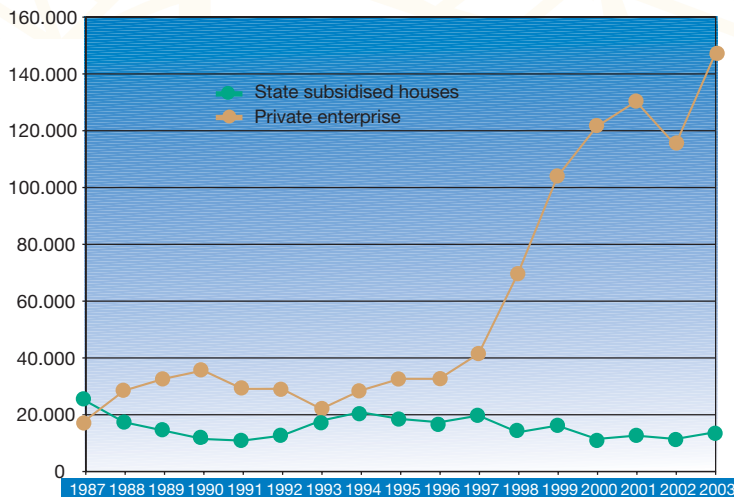
This chapter offers information relating to the distribution of urban land, the different types of housing and the activity of the construction sector, contributing to data on the urban units and their cadastral value, types and legal basis of houses and the evolution of public cost in construction and infrastructures.

8.1. Urban units and property values by province. 2002

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Urban units	4.640.172	385.982	587.838	461.307	617.834	313.424	422.434	947.460	903.893	28.031.705
Property value (millions of euros)	140.676	10.519	19.845	10.857	16.115	8.402	9.723	32.717	32.498	979.286
Property value per urban unit (euros)	30.317	27.252	33.760	23.535	26.082	26.808	23.015	34.531	35.953	34.935

SOURCE: Ministry of the Treasury. Urban Cadastre. Basic statistics by municipalities

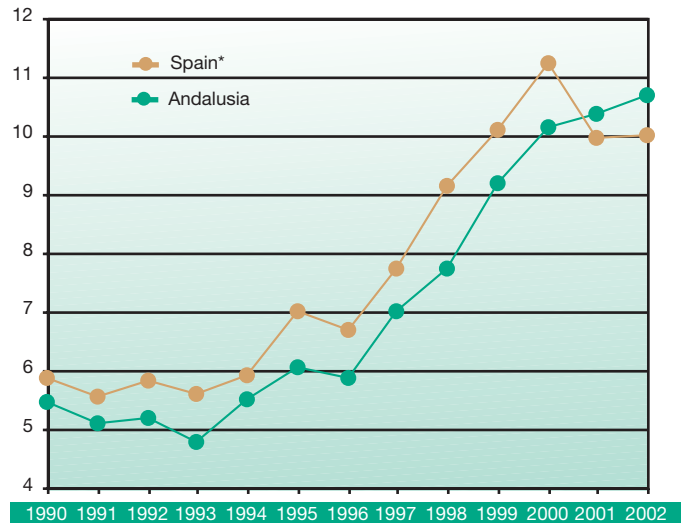
8.2. Evolution of the number of houses under construction according to systems in Andalusia. 1987-2003



SOURCES: 1987-1993: Ministry of Public Works and Transport. Statistical Yearbook
1994-2003: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport
Ministry of Development. Report on the evolution of the sub-sector of housing

8.3. Evolution of the number of new houses and rehabilitation work according to municipal planning permissions. 1990-2002

(houses/1.000 inhabitants)



SOURCE: Ministry of Development. Construction and Housing

*The data prior to 1998 do not include information on País Vasco.

Construction and housing statistics. Ministry of Development. These are monthly statistics that have been made since 1991 and that derive from the questionnaire the promoter or technician responsible for a project must give the Town Hall when soliciting the license for building works, demolition and rehabilitation of buildings and houses. The main variables on which they offer information are: general characteristics of the work (location, legal basis, class of promoter, predicted duration); estimates of

material of execution; number and characteristics of the buildings (destiny, surface, volume, number of storeys, constructive typology and facilities); number and characteristics of the houses (useful surface, number of rooms and bathrooms and type of finish). Data at Autonomous Community level are published and operations with municipal data (individualised for those of more than 10.000 inhabitants and aggregates for those of a lesser size) are also made.

8.4. Average price per sq m of houses by type in the main cities of Andalusia. 2002*

(euros)

	Andalusia	Almería	Algeciras	Jerez de la Frontera	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
New houses	1.094,22	1.320,45	978,81	860,10	1.347,47	1.222,16	1.492,93	1.191,31	1.100,72	1.352,75	1.591,62	1.431,09
Second hand	873,74	1.035,93	686,64	738,52	1.187,27	949,65	1.099,95	966,01	874,78	1.114,63	1.192,76	1.178,89
Total	914,97	1.107,57	745,58	776,50	1.216,32	993,11	1.170,99	1.030,01	902,66	1.186,98	1.258,58	1.220,93

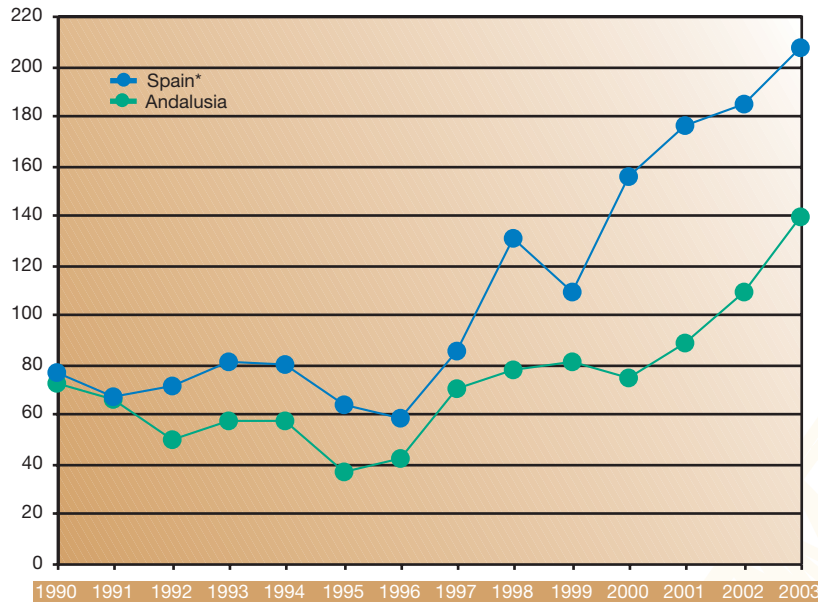
SOURCE: Ministry of Development. House price index

*Provisional data, except for Andalusia and Spain.

House price index. Statistics of average price per sq m. Ministry of Development. The Statistics of the average house price per sq m have been made on a quarterly basis since 1987 and are elaborated with mortgage valuation, information provided by the valuation societies, having the purpose of showing the evolution of house prices. Given the number of valuations used and the geographic distribution, they are an indicator of enormous

interest of the real estate market. The geographic scope is the national territory, except the cities of Ceuta and Melilla. The variables on which information is offered are the following: date in which the valuation is made, square meters of constructed surface, price of the valuation, year of construction, postcode and municipal code.

8.5. Evolution of public spending on construction. 1990-2003 (euros/inhabitant)



SOURCE: National Association of Construction Companies (SEOPAN)

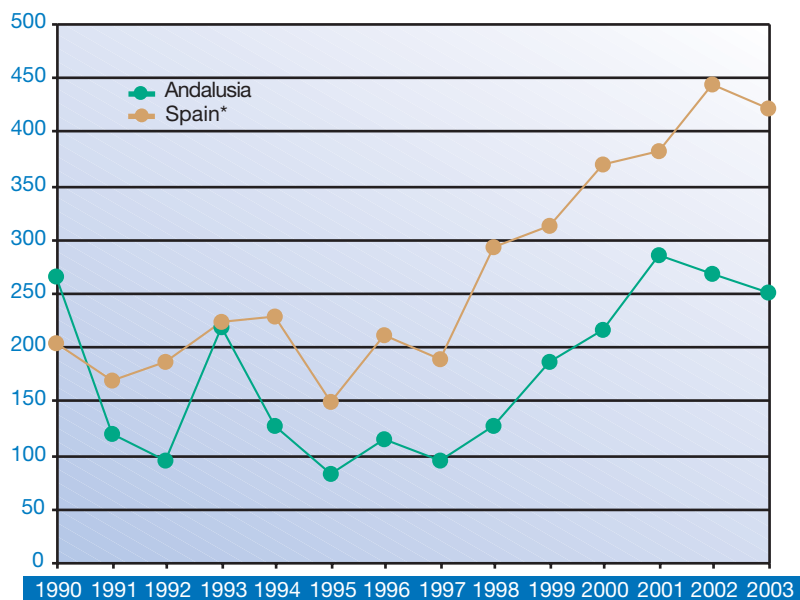
*Since 2001 the series on Spain takes in the demand for building work by public administrations that have been published in the official government gazette in the reference year. Until 2000 it only took in those demands whose tenders had been carried out in that year.

8.6. Evolution of public spending on construction and infrastructure according to the type of building in Andalusia. 1995-2003 (thousands of euros)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Building									
Housing	36.301	59.560	45.557	49.349	43.766	41.265	60.098	72.299	138.050
Social equipment	106.097	115.418	295.740	371.768	372.814	324.721	329.785	381.850	623.842
Other buildings	129.656	131.760	71.478	139.856	177.425	183.429	262.677	359.345	296.050
Total	272.054	306.739	412.775	560.973	594.004	549.415	652.560	813.494	1.057.942
Infrastructures									
Transport	348.912	589.719	393.759	497.127	1.129.212	547.762	1.580.934	1.230.069	1.151.336
Hydraulics	160.392	153.120	139.958	133.455	267.294	902.780	240.220	270.791	516.727
Housing development	87.177	72.903	152.693	275.973	185.587	125.521	289.726	500.535	235.737
Total	596.480	815.742	686.410	906.555	1.582.092	1.576.064	2.110.881	2.001.395	1.903.800

SOURCE: National Association of Construction Companies (SEOPAN)

8.7. Evolution of public spending on infrastructure. 1990-2003 (euros/inhabitant)



SOURCE: National Association of Construction Companies (SEOPAN)

*Since 2001 the series on Spain takes in the demand for infrastructure work by public administrations that have been published in the official government gazette in the reference year. Until 2000 it only took in those demands whose tenders had been carried out in that year.

For more information:

- IEA. Housing census of Andalusia
- IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport
- Ministry of the Treasury. Urban Cadastre. Basic statistics by municipalities
- Ministry of the Treasury. Urban Cadastre. National statistics for cadastral plots
- INE. Building census
- INE. Central directory of Companies (DIRCE)
- Ministry for Development. Survey of the situation of the construction industry
- SEOPAN. Information circular
- Ministry of Development. Report on the evolution of the sub-sector of housing
- Ministry of Development. Housing and construction statistics
- Ministry of Development. Statistics of average price per sq m

9

Transport and communications

This chapter offers a selection of data on the transport and communications sectors detailing, among others, road types, density of the road network, vehicle fleet, passenger and goods traffic that Andalusia possesses.

9.1. Autonomous road network according to their functional nature by province. 2003 (km)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
High capacity network	86	74	13	243	37	23	106	154	736
Motorways and freeways	86	74	-	231	21	-	90	127	629
Dual carriageways	-	-	13	12	16	23	16	27	107
Conventional network	774	978	1.598	1.421	740	1.309	1.272	1.743	9.835
Total	860	1.052	1.611	1.664	777	1.332	1.378	1.897	10.571

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. State Roads Office

9.2. Density indicators of the road network by province. 2003^a

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain ^b
Total length of the network (km)	27.214	2.590	2.529	4.964	3.653	2.337	3.734	2.935	4.472	175.494
Length/area (km/sq km)	0,31	0,30	0,34	0,36	0,29	0,23	0,28	0,40	0,32	0,35
Length/population ^c (km per 1.000 inhabitants)	3,58	4,58	2,19	6,40	4,41	4,95	5,73	2,13	2,51	4,11
Length of motorways, freeways and dual carriageways (km)	2.206	309	225	128	342	169	195	429	409	11.406
Motorways-freeways-dual carriageways/area (km/sq km)	0,03	0,04	0,03	0,01	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,06	0,03	0,02
Motorways-freeways-dual carriageways/population ^c (km per 1.000 inhabitants)	0,29	0,55	0,19	0,16	0,41	0,36	0,30	0,31	0,23	0,27

SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. State Roads Office
Ministry of Development. Statistical Yearbook

^aFor the calculation of the length of the Andalusian road network data relating to the autonomous network for 2003 together with data on the network belonging to other administrations have been employed (State, Local councils and other organizations) from the Statistical Yearbook 2002 of the Ministry of Development.

^bData for 2002.

^cPopulation data from the Revision of the Municipal Register of Inhabitants on 1st January 2003.

9.3. Accidents with casualties according to where they happened by province. 2002*

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
On the road										
Accidents	7.574	743	1.193	845	1.007	586	731	1.428	1.041	44.871
With mortal casualties	536	74	62	44	84	55	45	85	87	3.377
In urban areas										
Accidents	7.155	79	1.455	378	316	146	397	1.132	3.252	53.562
With mortal casualties	79	8	13	8	5	6	2	16	21	654
Total										
Accidents	14.729	822	2.648	1.223	1.323	732	1.128	2.560	4.293	98.433
With mortal casualties	615	82	75	52	89	61	47	101	108	4.031

SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office

*The casualties count takes the deaths into account up to 30 days after the accident.

Accidents with casualties: it reflects the number of accidents that occur or originate in a public highway open to the traffic causing death or injuries to one or more people and, at least, one motor vehicle is involved.

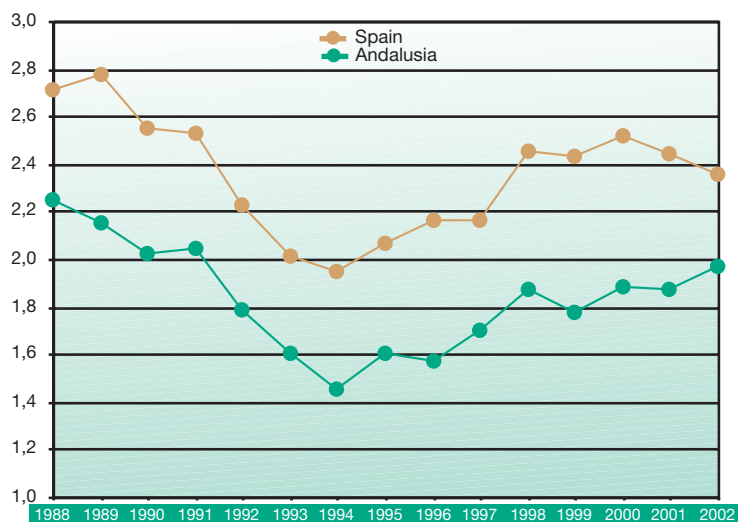
Mortal casualty: a person deceased as a consequence of the accident. Death can occur during the accident or up 30 days after it.

General statistical yearbook and Statistical accident yearbook. State Traffic Office. The General statistical yearbook offers a detailed analysis of the statistical data relating to vehicle registration, vehicle fleet, driving licences

and traffic offences. The Statistical accident yearbook presents extensive series in relation to traffic accidents and victims.

9.4. Evolution of the number of accidents with casualties. 1988-2002*

(accidents with casualties/1.000 inhabitants)



SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office

*Since 1993, the casualties count takes the deaths into account up to 30 days after the accident.

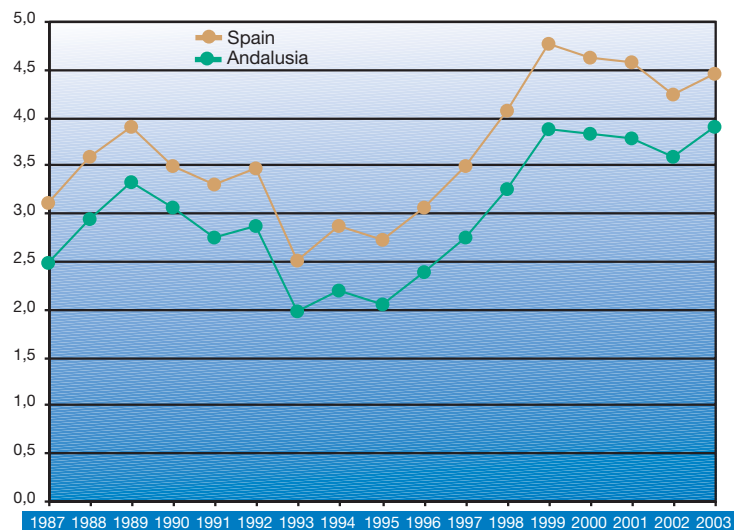
9.5. Motor vehicle fleet according to type by province. 2003

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Lorries and vans	733.869	76.928	82.717	81.254	90.150	42.636	92.951	136.417	130.816	4.188.910
Busses	8.075	630	991	758	1.213	633	486	1.404	1.960	55.993
Cars	2.988.113	240.155	429.688	279.980	342.992	170.008	208.670	606.151	710.469	18.688.320
Motorcycles	255.509	21.163	36.203	22.228	41.064	10.944	14.569	55.953	53.385	1.513.526
Tractors	28.944	5.665	3.083	2.711	2.890	1.669	2.410	3.178	7.338	174.507
Other vehicles*	81.825	10.517	10.283	8.294	8.558	4.952	7.674	12.454	19.093	548.196
Total	4.096.335	355.058	562.965	395.225	486.867	230.842	326.760	815.557	923.061	25.169.452

SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office

*This is made up of those vehicles that, having registration plates, have not been included in the other sections, such as cranes, public works, agricultural and cleaning machinery and other specialized motor vehicles not for the transport of people and goods.

9.6. Evolution of the number of registered vehicles. 1987-2003 (registered vehicles/100 inhabitants)



SOURCE: Home Office. State Traffic Office

9.7. Passenger and goods traffic according to type by province. 2003

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Rail transport										
Travellers ^{ab} (thousands)										
Board	26.091	151	4.304	1.808	321	148	221	10.606	8.531	490.808
Alight	26.122	156	4.306	1.817	324	145	224	10.628	8.522	490.808
Goods ^b (t)										
Departures	2.487.081	8.471	480.832	416.399	510	867.338	20.365	469.844	223.324	21.311.000
Arrivals	2.467.525	400	286.076	551.472	167.245	49.177	198.486	567.947	646.722	21.311.000
Air transport^c										
Passengers ^d (thousands)	15.811	822	799	2	510	-	-	11.439	2.240	151.733
Goods (t)	11.421	59	147	-	101	-	-	6.831	4.283	576.835
Sea transport^e										
Ships entering	30.601	2.728	22.758	-	526	1.722	-	1.476	1.391	119.235
Passengers (thousands)	6.466	1.106	4.721	-	-	187	-	448	4	20.130
Goods (thousands of t)	102.397	9.145	65.644	-	2.155	18.213	-	2.406	4.834	380.091

SOURCES: Ministry of Development. Commercial traffic in Spanish airports. Data gathered in the year
 Red Nacional de Ferrocarriles Españoles (RENFE) (Spanish National Rail Network)
 Empresa Pública de Puertos de Andalucía (Public company of ports of Andalusia)
 Puertos del Estado (State Ports)

^aThe number of people boarding or alighting in each area has been taken in. The travellers whose origin and destiny is the same area figure boarding and alighting.

^bFor Spain only national traffic data have been included, for that reason the data of boardings and alightings coincide, in the same way, for arrival and departure of goods.

^cAdvanced data.

^dPassengers in direct international transit nor in other types of traffic have not been included (military, State, private and air works).

^eProvisional data.

For more information:

- Empresa Pública de Puertos de Andalucía (Public Company of Ports of Andalusia)
- Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport. State Roads Office
- State Ports
- Home Office. State Traffic Office
- Ministry of Development
- RENFE (Spanish National Rail Network)

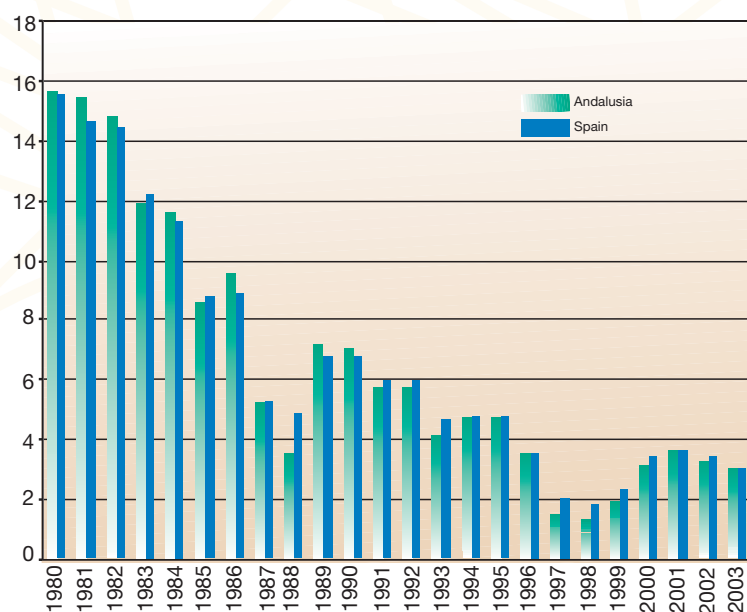
10

Prices, commerce and tourism

In this chapter significant data are offered to improve the knowledge of not only the commercial situation (establishments dedicated to commerce, registrations in the IAE –economic activity tax–, value of imports and exports, etc.) but also the tourist activity (number and

origin of the tourists, degree of hotel occupation, among others) in Andalusia and, at the same time, a factor closely related to both activities: price variations.

10.1. Evolution of the variation rate* of the overall consumer prices index. 1980-2003 (annual average)



SOURCE: INE. Consumer Prices Index (IPC)

*Variation rate in one year made from the annual averages of the overall Consumer Prices Indices.

Consumer Prices Index (IPC). INE. It is a statistical measurement of the evolution of the set of prices of goods and services consumed by householders in Spain. In the new System of Consumer Prices Index Base 2001, the simple arithmetic average of the monthly indices of that year calculated according to this System has been made

equal to 100. The Household Budget Continuous Survey (ECPF), made from the second quarter of 1999 to the first quarter of 2001, provided the basic information on household expenses in consumer goods and services.

10.2. Consumer prices index according to large groups. 2003

(data up to december)

	Andalusia		Spain	
	Index (2001=100)	Annual variation rate	Index (2001=100)	Annual variation rate
Overall Index	108,0	2,6	108,2	2,6
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	110,8	4,1	111,3	4,1
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	110,1	2,7	109,9	2,8
Clothing and footwear	115,8	2,3	116,3	2,5
Housing	106,2	3,6	106,1	2,8
Furniture and household equipment	104,3	1,5	105,1	1,7
Health	104,8	1,8	105,4	2,0
Transport	103,2	0,8	103,6	1,0
Communications	93,7	-0,1	93,7	-0,2
Leisure and culture	102,4	-0,1	103,4	0,1
Education	112,8	4,7	111,7	4,3
Hotels, cafes and restaurants	112,0	4,0	111,3	4,1
Miscellaneous goods and services	106,9	2,5	108,2	3,1

SOURCE: INE. Consumer Prices Index (IPC)

10.3. Distribution of commercial establishments according to number of people employed by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Intermediary	306	413	260	313	93	126	958	900	3.369
No assigned employment	53	69	55	74	19	26	271	239	806
0 to 5 workers	246	325	197	231	72	94	655	622	2.442
6 to 99 workers	7	19	8	8	2	6	32	39	121
Over 99 workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail	9.436	19.895	13.590	13.394	8.153	10.741	23.551	28.998	127.758
No assigned employment	383	695	594	586	329	407	1.248	1.300	5.542
0 to 5 workers	8.527	18.310	12.428	12.268	7.443	9.924	20.707	26.108	115.715
6 to 99 workers	523	874	562	533	379	402	1.575	1.572	6.420
Over 99 workers	3	16	6	7	2	8	21	18	81
Wholesale	2.364	3.460	3.017	2.912	1.606	1.879	4.993	6.084	26.315
No assigned employment	249	344	304	277	161	132	655	648	2.770
0 to 5 workers	1.576	2.586	2.276	2.150	1.191	1.432	3.436	4.318	18.965
6 to 99 workers	495	529	437	479	251	315	899	1.112	4.517
Over 99 workers	44	1	-	6	3	-	3	6	63

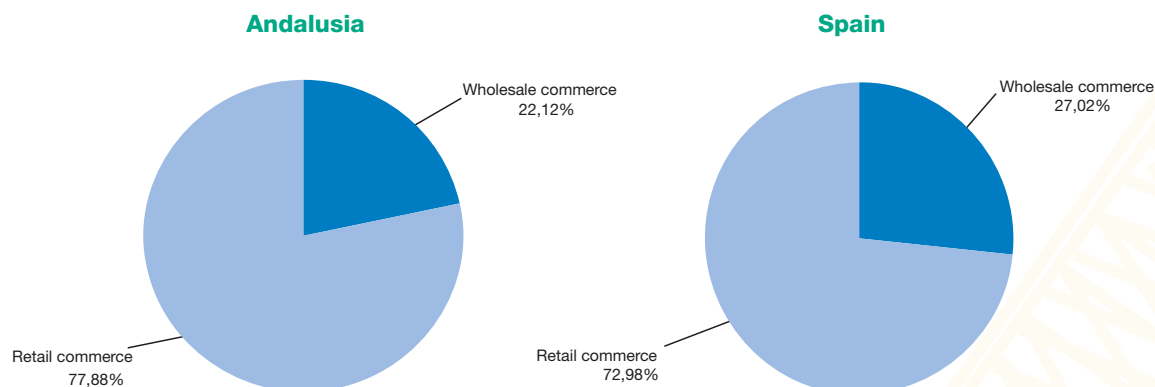
SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

Employed people: average number of people who, in the reference period of a year, have participated in the economic activity of the establishment in return for remuneration in money, kind or profit-share.

Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia. IEA. Its objective is to have basic data on the goods production centres and services existing in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. It constitutes, therefore, a reference framework for taking censuses, surveys by sampling and statistical adjustment of data, whenever the studied units develop an economic activity.

It consists of an organised set of information, on magnetic support, with identification, location and classification data according to the number of people employed and the economic activity developed by the establishments, obtained from administrative sources and statistical files, complemented with information from the IEA.

10.4. Distribution of commerce. 2003* (data referred on 1st January) (percentage)



SOURCE: INE. Companies Central Directory (DIRCE)

*Sales of motor vehicles, motorbikes and mopeds have not been included.

Companies Central Directory (DIRCE). INE. Updated on 1st of January 2003, it constitutes a source of information to analyse the registrations, liquidation and permanence of the companies, which is known as enterprise demography.

It is an organised set of information, on magnetic support, with identification, location, territorial distribution and classification data according to the number of employees and economic activity of the companies,

obtained from administrative sources and statistical files, complemented with other information from the INE. Its general objective is to set up a framework that allows the design of sub-populations for the elaboration of surveys and to provide a source to develop structural statistics on the companies.

10.5. Number of registrations in economic activity tax (IAE) according to section by province. 2002^a

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada ^b	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia ^b
Wholesale commerce	2.204	3.211	2.804	2.251	1.690	1.900	4.660	5.686	24.406
Food, beverages and tobacco	4.825	8.822	6.530	3.742	4.480	6.162	8.470	11.197	54.228
Industrial non foodstuffs	6.904	11.773	8.830	6.251	5.061	7.734	17.070	18.712	82.335
Mixed commerce	1.544	2.457	1.956	1.952	1.198	1.758	3.573	3.549	17.987
Food services	3.914	7.682	4.523	4.133	3.220	3.706	11.535	9.648	48.361
Repairs	1.214	1.944	1.601	1.148	833	1.359	2.670	3.151	13.920
Other ^c	801	1.052	604	709	378	512	2.064	1.480	7.600
Total	21.406	36.941	26.848	20.186	16.860	23.131	50.042	53.423	248.837

SOURCE: IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury

^aBussines activities and, within these, their divisions: Commerce, restaurants, lodgings and repairs have been taken in.

^bThe number of registrations in IAE for the provincial capital of Granada has not been available and, therefore, it has not been gathered together the data for the rest of the province (there was 28.682 registrations in the province of Granada in 2001). For that reason, the total figures for Andalusia are also affected by that undervaluing.

^cOther: Products recuperation, commercial intermediaries and lodging services.

10.6. Andalusian imports and exports according to origin and destination. 2003^a

(thousands of euros)

	Imports	Exports	Balance
Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)	5.905.645	9.288.512	3.382.867
European Union	4.605.281	7.675.618	3.070.337
Non-EU Europe	391.487	408.124	16.637
America	637.148	935.355	298.208
Asia	210.554	215.870	5.316
Oceania	61.175	53.544	-7.630
Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)	3.458.750	307.631	-3.151.119
Newly developed countries^b	42.354	70.168	27.814
Other countries	2.649.404	1.639.745	-1.009.658
Europe	854.072	478.985	-375.087
America	542.516	245.841	-296.675
Africa	763.811	402.751	-361.060
Other countries	489.005	512.169	23.164
Total	12.056.153	11.306.056	-750.097

SOURCE: IEA. Statistics of the exchange of goods between member states of the European Union and extra communitarian trade. Data for Andalusia

^aProvisional data.

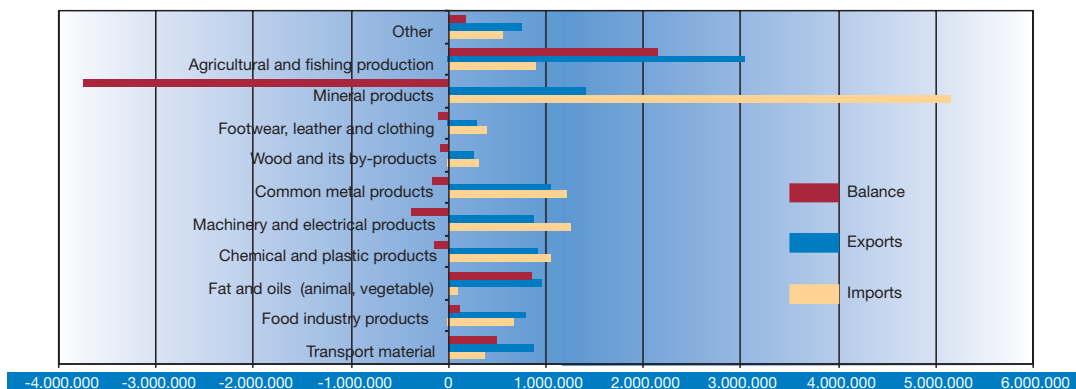
^bSingapur, Taiwan, Hong-Kong.

Statistics of the exchange of goods between member states of the European Union and extra communitarian trade (COMEXTA). IEA. This publication has covered since 1990 an important gap within the economic statistics that, at the present, are made in the Autonomous Community. It contains information on the imports and exports carried out in Andalusia, obtained from data provided by the Department of Customs and Excise.

Outer and intra communitarian commerce of Andalusia refers solely to the commercial interchanges of goods or merchandise with other countries, as the non-existence of 'regional customs' and administrative registers, prevents us from knowing the commercial flow between the different Autonomous communities of Spain.

10.7. Andalusian imports and exports according to large groups. 2003*

(thousands of euros)



SOURCE: IEA. Statistics of exchange of goods between member states of the European Union and extra communitarian trade. Data for Andalusia

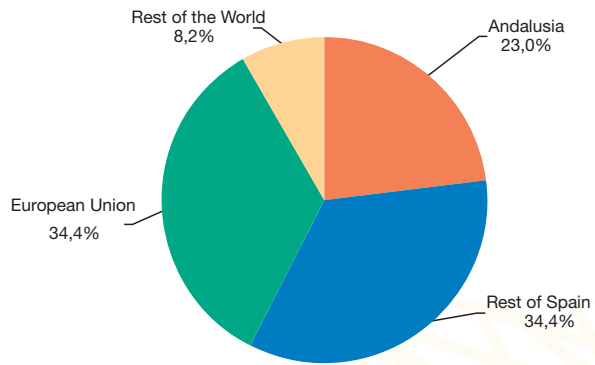
*Provisional data.

10.8. Number of tourists by province. 2003

	Number of tourists
Almería	2.705.739
Cádiz	3.159.441
Córdoba	900.750
Granada	2.631.580
Huelva	1.379.146
Jaén	812.282
Málaga	7.997.031
Sevilla	1.865.169
Andalusia	21.451.138

SOURCE: IEA. Survey of the Tourist Situation of Andalusia

10.9. Distribution of tourists in Andalusia according to their origin. 2003 (percentage)



Survey of the Tourist Situation of Andalusia (ECTA). IEA. Its goal is to face up to the needs and shortages of relevant information in the tourist sector in Andalusia. It is a continuous survey on a quarterly basis and is aimed at identifying the number, distribution and characteristics of the travellers that move around Andalusia

for tourism, the quantity and composition of tourist spending in the region, as well as the tourists' motivations to travel in Andalusia and their opinion on the services received during their stay.

10.10. Tourist establishments by province. 2003^a

	Hotel establishments ^b		Tourist apartments		Campsites		Rural houses	
	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity	Number	Capacity
Almería	271	29.376	44	9.752	25	13.026	47	353
Cádiz	500	35.239	58	3.853	39	19.260	56	424
Córdoba	178	7.996	6	239	10	4.025	74	546
Granada	491	25.807	82	3.374	25	7.553	67	547
Huelva	161	15.367	26	2.620	18	21.610	89	424
Jaén	201	7.708	31	871	15	5.719	83	564
Málaga	652	75.880	291	33.270	34	16.780	132	839
Sevilla	357	25.012	14	1.040	13	4.568	31	373
Andalusia	2.811	222.385	552	55.019	179	92.541	579	4.070

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport

^aAll those establishments registered in the Andalusian Register of Tourism on the 31st December 2003 have been taken into account.

^bHotels, hotel-apartments and boarding houses have been included.

Survey of occupancy in hotel lodgings. Data for Andalusia. IEA. This is a monthly source to evaluate the activity in the tourist sector. The information is obtained by means of a survey in all the hotel establishments of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. The same publication is made by the INE, but for the State as a whole.

The general aim of the Survey of occupancy in hotel lodgings is to obtain synthetic indexes that evaluate the activity of the tourist sector and allow short term forecasts to be made. It offers information on hotels by category, province, zone and tourist area, and resident country of the travellers.

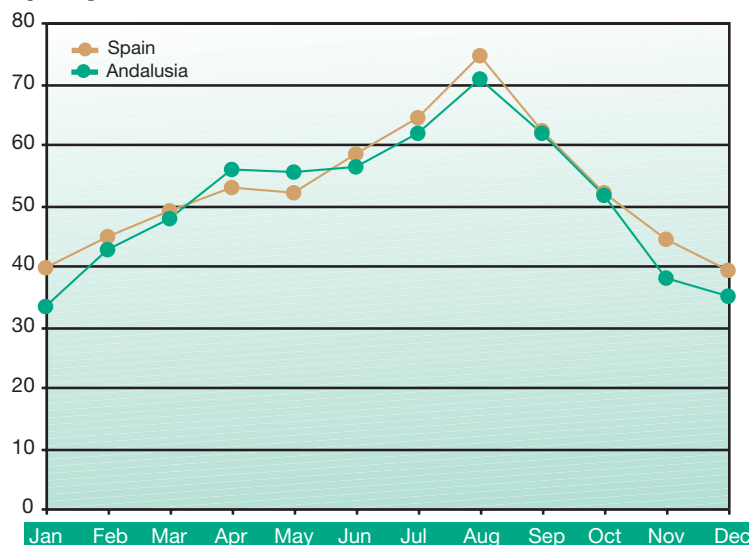
10.11. Movement of travellers in hotel establishments by province of accommodation. 2003*

	Accommodated travellers		Overnight stays		Average stay	
	Spanish	Foreigners	Spanish	Foreigners	Spanish	Foreigners
Almería	745.783	235.272	2.818.551	1.546.287	3,78	6,57
Cádiz	1.048.330	608.041	2.810.069	2.323.332	2,68	3,82
Córdoba	520.948	267.492	816.488	378.377	1,57	1,41
Granada	1.037.203	822.721	2.307.293	1.607.755	2,22	1,95
Huelva	459.188	108.728	1.416.560	601.986	3,08	5,54
Jaén	416.016	77.728	665.993	112.191	1,60	1,44
Málaga	1.598.262	2.041.837	5.134.816	10.529.409	3,21	5,16
Sevilla	1.047.753	867.193	1.875.153	1.722.317	1,79	1,99
Andalusia	6.873.482	5.029.012	17.844.924	18.821.654	2,60	3,74

SOURCE: IEA. Survey of occupancy in hotel lodgings. Data for Andalusia

*Provisional data.

10.12. Monthly occupancy rates in hotel establishments. 2003*



SOURCES: IEA. Survey of occupancy in hotel lodgings. Data for Andalusia
INE. Survey of hotel occupation

*Provisional data. Occupancy rates per hotel bed.

For more information:

- INE. Consumer Prices Index
- IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia
- INE. Companies Central Directory
- IEA. Statistics of the exchange of goods between member states of the European Union and extra communitarian trade. Data for Andalusia
- IEA. Survey of the Tourist Situation of Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport
- IEA. Survey of occupancy in hotel lodgings. Data for Andalusia
- INE. Survey of hotel occupation

11

Financial and business activity

This chapter provides information on the evolution of deposits and credits in the banking system, existing mortgages, the creation and liquidation of mercantile

companies, the employment level in companies and temporary receiverships, all significant aspects within the financial and business activity in Andalusia.

11.1. Deposits and credits in the private sector according to entity by province. 2003 (millions of euros) (data up to December)

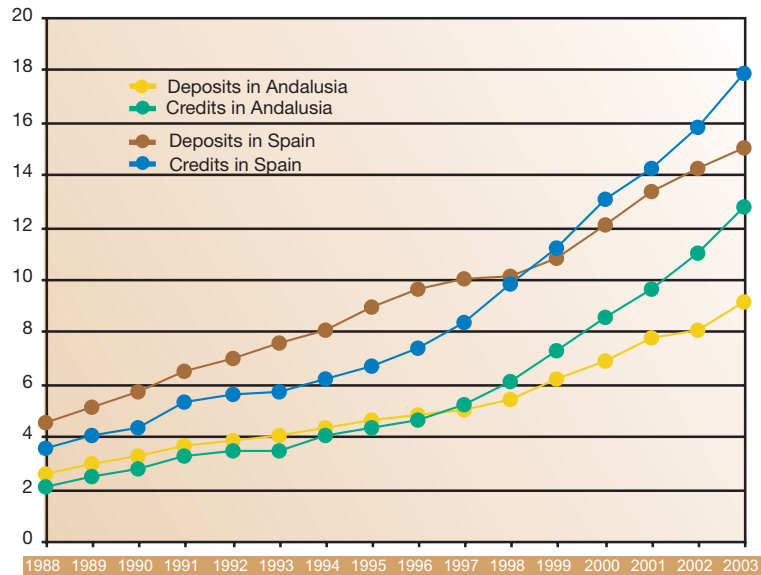
	Banks		Savings banks		Credit cooperatives		Total	
	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits	Deposits	Credits
Andalusia								
Almería	895	2.849	1.966	3.831	2.784	3.574	5.645	10.254
Cádiz	2.549	6.039	4.859	5.805	297	562	7.705	12.405
Córdoba	1.630	3.561	5.887	5.943	707	529	8.225	10.034
Granada	1.637	3.541	5.263	5.092	1.693	1.579	8.591	10.211
Huelva	781	1.897	1.823	2.607	800	689	3.402	5.193
Jaén	1.228	1.953	3.765	3.398	888	735	5.883	6.086
Málaga	5.157	9.306	7.568	7.742	1.404	1.447	14.129	18.495
Sevilla	5.289	11.714	9.680	11.879	1.019	928	15.987	24.521
Total	19.166	40.860	40.811	46.297	9.591	10.043	69.568	97.200
Spain	250.322	363.752	345.942	356.405	43.552	41.770	639.816	761.927

SOURCE: Bank of Spain. Statistical bulletin

Cooperative society: is a participatory society that associates natural or legal persons having common socio-economic interests or needs, who carry out any business activity in order to satisfy those needs as well as to serve the interests of the community. There are different types of cooperatives: of first, second and last degree, integration cooperatives and cooperatives federations and associations.

Credit cooperatives: made up of non-agrarian credit cooperatives and rural savings banks.

11.2. Evolution of private sector deposits and credits in the banking system. 1988-2003 (thousands of euros/inhabitant)



SOURCE: Bank of Spain. Statistical bulletin

The most frequently used statistical sources are the *Statistical bulletin* of the Bank of Spain and a series of publications of the National Institute of Statistics (INE), such as the *Mortgages Statistics*, the *Statistics of mercantile*

companies, the *Suspensions of Payments and Bankruptcy Declarations Statistics* and the *Companies Central Directory*, among others.

11.3. Property mortgages registered by type and province. 2003*

(amount in thousands of euros)

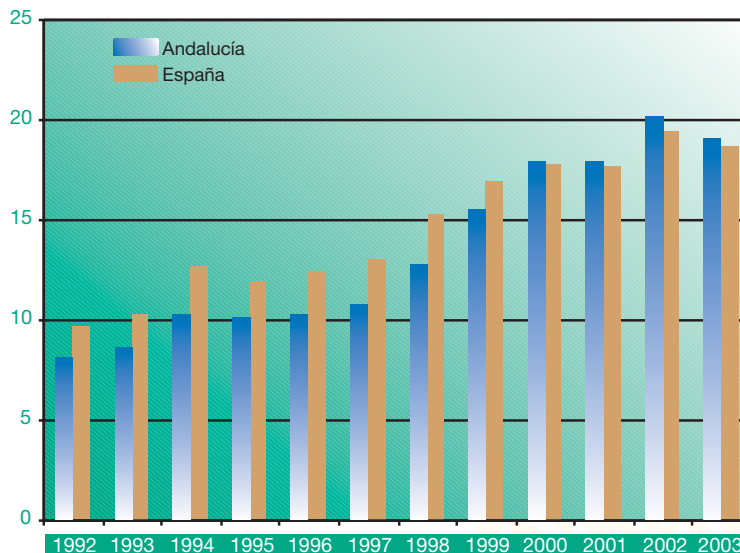
	Rural		Urban	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Andalusia				
Almería	1.968	218.986	18.033	1.701.441
Cádiz	645	122.685	19.282	1.644.334
Córdoba	797	91.238	15.086	1.257.944
Granada	973	99.049	15.762	1.364.194
Huelva	463	67.979	14.509	1.264.051
Jaén	1.337	107.659	10.154	746.911
Málaga	708	235.934	30.513	3.728.271
Sevilla	635	141.397	21.276	1.848.779
Total	7.526	1.084.927	144.615	13.555.925
Spain	22.150	2.999.727	797.872	85.428.469

SOURCE: INE. Mortgages statistics

*Provisional data.

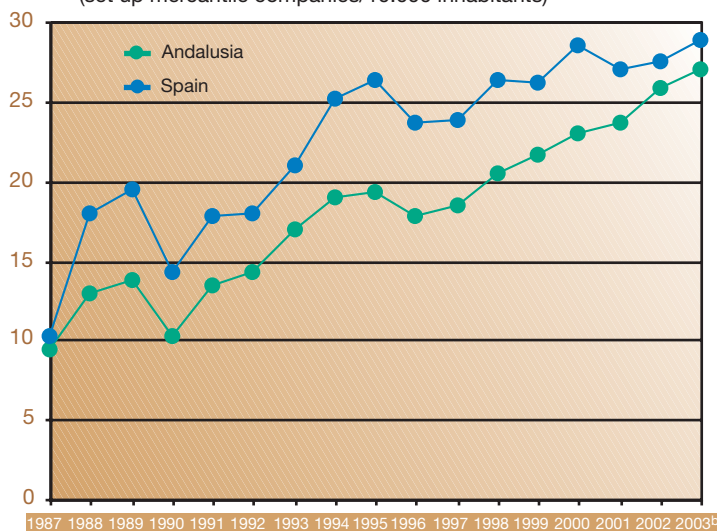
11.4. Evolution of the number of urban property mortgages. 1992-2003 (number of mortgages/1.000 inhabitants)

Mortgages statistics. INE. They come from the Statistics of mortgage loans that were modified by the Order of Presidency of the Government of 7th of July 1986. They gather the number of mortgaged properties and the quantity of the loans on a monthly basis. The information comes from the property and mercantile registers, they refer to chattel mortgages, real estate mortgages and others and the date of reference is that of their registration in the Property Register.



SOURCE: INE. Mortgages statistics
*Provisional data.

11.5. Evolution of the setting up of mercantile companies^a. 1987-2003 (set up mercantile companies/10.000 inhabitants)

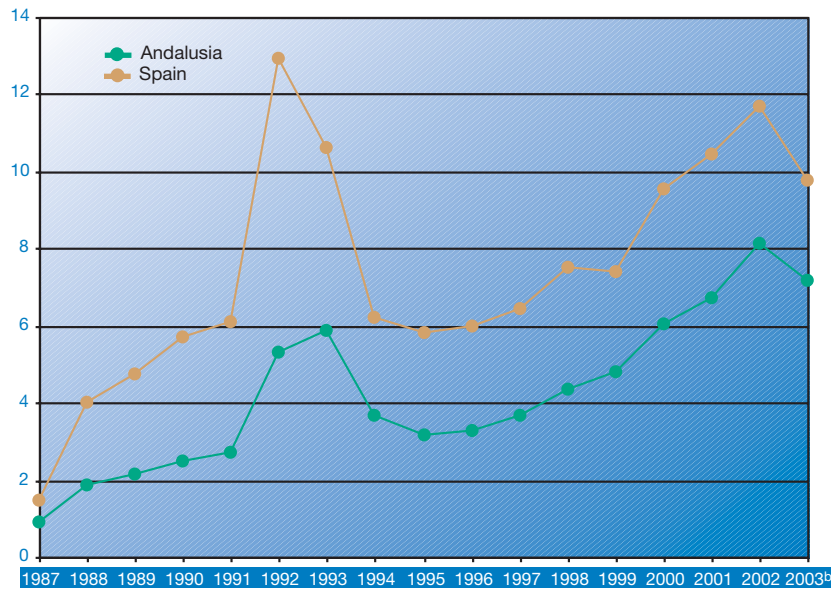


SOURCE: INE. Statistics of mercantile companies

^aIncludes joint-stock, limited liability, collective and limited partnership companies.
^bProvisional data.

Statistics of mercantile companies. INE. They collect monthly information of companies that have been set up or dissolved and of those in which modifications of capital have taken place. The data are provided by the Central Mercantile Register and the date of reference is that of the inscription of the operation in the mercantile registers.

11.6. Evolution of the number of mercantile companies that increase their capital^a. 1987-2003 (mercantile companies that increase their capital/10.000 inhabitants)



SOURCE: INE. Statistics of mercantile companies

^aIncludes joint-stock, limited liability, collective and limited partnership companies.

^bProvisional data.

11.7. Establishments with economic activity according to employment band by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
No assigned employment	2.629	3.920	3.112	3.524	1.834	1.936	8.798	7.426	33.179
From 0 to 2 workers	23.558	40.680	31.431	33.803	17.028	24.172	55.670	61.447	287.789
From 3 to 5 workers	4.642	7.517	4.979	5.337	3.042	4.030	11.619	12.176	53.342
From 6 to 19 workers	3.156	5.118	3.759	3.785	2.047	2.699	8.896	9.567	39.027
From 20 to 49 workers	623	1.041	698	703	396	497	1.730	1.916	7.604
From 50 to 99 workers	149	278	124	155	90	82	397	448	1.723
100 or more workers	87	132	56	75	45	45	197	256	893
Total	34.844	58.686	44.159	47.382	24.482	33.461	87.307	93.236	423.557

SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

11.8. Establishments with economic activity according to their main activity by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
C	200	103	88	141	86	73	69	108	868
D	2.770	4.358	6.749	4.558	2.070	4.573	5.866	8.643	39.587
E	73	101	73	83	41	82	93	143	689
F	4.419	5.235	4.374	5.419	2.617	3.609	9.781	8.501	43.955
G	13.485	25.997	18.732	18.609	10.719	14.159	32.684	39.595	173.980
H	4.279	8.497	4.990	6.568	3.318	3.668	12.763	10.574	54.657
I	2.314	2.916	1.692	2.145	1.128	1.484	3.681	4.912	20.272
J	837	1.155	870	1.047	582	850	1.843	2.074	9.258
K	3.576	5.594	3.242	4.608	2.103	2.285	12.880	10.735	45.023
M	443	949	625	847	306	530	1.214	1.541	6.455
N	464	738	529	620	254	372	1.294	1.653	5.924
O	1.984	3.043	2.195	2.737	1.258	1.776	5.139	4.757	22.889
Total	34.844	58.686	44.159	47.382	24.482	33.461	87.307	93.236	423.557

SOURCE: IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia

C Mining and quarrying industries.
D Manufacturing industries .
E Electric energy, gas and water supply.
F Construction.
G Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and moped and personal and household goods.
H Hotels and restaurants.
I Transport, storage and communication.
J Financial intermediation.
K Real state, renting and business activities.
M Education.
N Health and social work.
O Other community, social and personal service activities.

11.9. Balance of the situation of companies in Andalusia by province. 2001*

(thousands of euros)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Assets									
Fixed assets	449	480	381	326	590	673	477	740	527
Stocks	215	257	327	601	253	436	312	320	327
Secure	271	365	435	480	442	417	312	498	402
Liquid	62	71	86	150	105	123	103	113	100
Total	997	1.173	1.229	1.557	1.390	1.649	1.204	1.671	1.356
Liabilities									
Own capital	267	360	268	279	406	323	352	440	349
Long term borrowed capital	242	245	274	704	271	369	282	374	334
Short term borrowed capital	487	567	687	574	713	957	570	856	672
Total	997	1.173	1.229	1.557	1.390	1.649	1.204	1.671	1.356

SOURCE: IEA. Balance centre of business activities of Andalusia

*Data represent average values.

Balance centre of business activities of Andalusia. IEA. Since 1990, Spanish companies have been forced to deposit their annual accounts in the Mercantile Registers of the province of their social address, with the intention of making them public. The origin of this obligation is the Law 19/1989 of adaptation of the mercantile legislation to the EEC directives in matters of societies.

Data provided by the companies forced to present their annual accounts in the mercantile registers have different statistical uses. The Balance centre serves as the informative base for the estimation of the macro-magnitudes of the Andalusian economy and is useful for the accomplishment of micro-economic or business studies.

11.10. Account of companies gains and losses in Andalusia by province. 2001*

(thousands of euros)

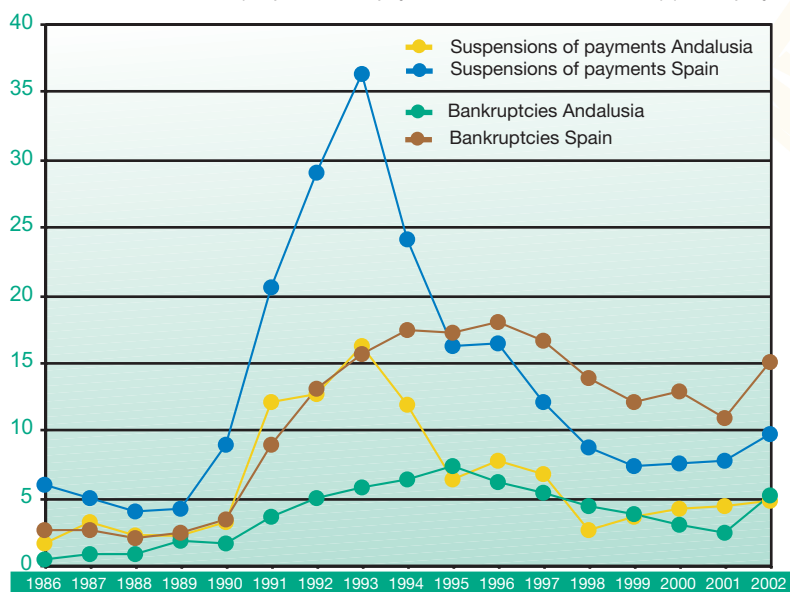
	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Operating income	1.103	1.164	1.622	1.238	1.943	2.309	1.234	1.845	1.506
Operating consumption	727	701	1.184	806	1.218	1.465	772	1.113	959
Other operating expenses	134	158	132	120	221	274	170	310	196
Gross value added	242	305	306	312	505	571	292	422	351
Labour expenses	160	228	215	198	358	444	198	278	243
Gross operating results	82	76	91	114	147	127	94	144	108
Net operating results	47	40	59	84	91	69	61	94	69
Ordinary activity results	30	22	37	57	65	36	57	64	48
Results before taxes	37	37	40	62	72	47	67	68	56
Results of the financial year	27	24	26	40	33	33	45	46	36

SOURCE: IEA. Balance centre of business activities of Andalusia

*Data represent average values.

11.11. Evolution of the suspensions of payments and bankruptcy declarations.

1986-2002 (suspensions of payments / 1.000.000 inhabitants) (bankruptcy declarations / 1.000.000 inhabitants)



SOURCE: INE. Suspensions of Payments and Bankruptcy Declarations Statistics

Suspensions of Payments and Bankruptcy Declarations Statistics. INE. They collect information on the number of files of suspensions of payments and bankruptcy declarations that begin in the courts of First Instance and Magistrate's Courts in the national territory. Data of the number of suspensions of payments and bankruptcies by province and autonomous communities are obtained, as well as the assets and liabilities of the affected companies. They are also classified according to the economic activity and legal nature of the company, class of bankruptcy, cause of the suspension of payments and proposal of payment. The date of reference is that of the opening of the file.

Suspension of payments: traders or mercantile entities that, possessing enough resources to cover their debts, foresee the impossibility of settling them on the expired date because of cash flow problems, lack of demand, low productivity and other reasons may ask for suspension of payments.

For more information:

- IEA. Directory of establishments with economic activity in Andalusia
- IEA. Balance centre of business activities in Andalusia
- Bank of Spain. Statistical bulletin
- INE. Dishonoured Bills of Exchange Statistic
- INE. Mortgage statistics
- INE. Statistics of mercantile companies
- INE. Suspensions of Payments and Bankruptcy Declarations Statistics
- INE. Companies Central Directory

12

Accounts of the public administration

In this chapter data relating to the Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia and the Provincial Councils of the Autonomous Community are presented giving a general knowledge of the evolution of the income and expenses policy of both administrative institutions.

12.1. Evolution of the income budget in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia according to section. 1996-2004 (thousands of euros)

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Ordinary revenues	10.289.045	12.076.016	12.780.948	13.446.045	14.271.108	15.223.099	16.869.231	18.170.426	19.387.745
1. Direct taxes	153.559	154.376	175.712	178.164	185.713	211.719	218.589	1.819.842	2.050.886
2. Indirect taxes	491.406	485.251	515.909	610.324	738.037	985.876	1.058.599	5.583.576	5.966.741
3. Fees and other incomes	379.257	369.707	359.200	357.168	385.840	410.866	5.845.176	492.052	545.321
4. Current transfers	9.233.012	11.016.570	11.675.661	12.256.686	12.915.920	13.564.030	9.692.766	10.220.592	10.768.542
5. Incomes from assets	31.812	50.112	54.466	43.703	45.599	50.609	54.100	54.362	56.255
Capital incomes	1.198.316	1.102.653	1.246.595	1.320.759	1.384.983	1.331.593	1.479.330	1.545.098	1.966.619
6. Disposal of valuables	5.559	5.890	6.245	24.750	27.647	29.089	27.648	27.525	27.530
7. Capital transfers	1.192.757	1.096.763	1.240.351	1.296.009	1.357.336	1.302.504	1.451.681	1.517.573	1.939.089
Incomes from financial operations	729.845	536.956	784.657	745.562	782.986	559.901	650.772	994.297	819.341
8. Financial assets	8.486	12.591	18.601	14.328	19.353	12.393	12.644	12.666	10.035
9. Financial liabilities	721.359	524.365	766.056	731.233	763.634	547.508	638.128	981.630	809.307
Total	12.217.206	13.715.625	14.812.200	15.512.365	16.439.078	17.114.594	18.999.333	20.709.820	22.173.705

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia

12.2. Consolidated budget of expenditure of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. 2004 (thousands of euros)

	Total consolidated	Percentage of the total	Percentual increase 2003-2004
Junta of Andalusia	14.925.100	67,31	2,89
Regional Government Ministry of the Presidency	231.713	1,04	6,63
Parliament of Andalusia	45.661	0,21	4,71
National Debt	1.221.138	5,51	-15,15
Chamber of Audits	7.880	0,04	-16,54
Andalusian Advisory Council	3.488	0,02	30,43
Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport	278.827	1,26	7,50
Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury	228.205	1,03	6,36
Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office	274.975	1,24	14,26
Regional Government Ministry of the Justice and Public Administration	395.358	1,78	7,20
Regional Government Ministry of the Employment and Technological Development	545.889	2,46	-42,12
Regional Government Ministry of Institutional Relations	12.271	0,06	7,50
Regional Government Ministry of Public Works and Transport	1.061.083	4,79	7,51
Regional Government Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries	574.144	2,59	-2,19
Regional Government Ministry of Health	407.152	1,84	3,89
Regional Government Ministry of Education	4.840.616	21,83	7,69
Regional Government Ministry of Culture	174.129	0,79	7,02
Regional Government Ministry of the Environment	405.807	1,83	9,57
Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs	788.651	3,56	69,84
Expenses of diverse Regional Government Ministries	60.329	0,27	8,98
Local Government PIE (Participation in the National Revenue)	1.786.607	8,06	5,88
Andalusian Fund of Agricultural Guarantee	1.502.530	6,78	-
Welfare pensions	78.650	0,35	50,15
Autonomous Organisms	7.248.605	32,69	16,84
Andalusian Woman's Institute	31.615	0,14	7,44
Andalusian Youth Institute	35.007	0,16	9,10
Institute of Statistics of Andalusia	10.725	0,05	26,95
Andalusian Institute of Public Administration	9.682	0,04	32,87
Andalusian Employment Service	786.805	3,55	np
Andalusian Institute of Agrarian Reform	79.706	0,36	7,52
Andalusian Institute of Agrarian, Fishing, Food Research and Training and Ecological Production	53.581	0,24	np
Andalusian Health Service	6.222.684	28,06	7,98
Alhambra and Generalife Trust	15.036	0,07	24,41
Andalusian Center of Contemporary Art	3.763	0,02	8,11
Total	22.173.705	100,00	7,07

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia

With regard to incomes, it is fundamental to know their origin; as for expenses, even though a good classification by administrative organisms gives an adequate idea of their structure, a functional classification reflects the expenses policy, that is to say, the aims or objectives that are pursued. Statistical information on Budgets is

given by the Ministry of the Treasury and the Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury in the national and autonomous plans and by the European Commission in the European Union.

12.3. Expenditure policy of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia. 2004

(thousands of euros)

	Amount	Percentage
Health service	6.542.334	29,50
Education	4.798.511	21,64
Social services	976.122	4,40
Culture and sport	298.587	1,35
Housing and town planning	307.772	1,39
Justice, security and public safety	326.929	1,47
Promotion of employment	968.878	4,37
Environmental	405.807	1,83
Coordination and economic cooperation with local councils	1.965.843	8,87
Infrastructures	742.772	3,35
Economic development	598.359	2,70
Agriculture and fishing	653.850	2,95
Grants for the Agricultural Guarantee Fund	1.502.530	6,78
R+D, Innovation and knowledge society	331.595	1,50
National debt	1.221.138	5,51
Other policies	532.679	2,40
Total	22.173.705	100,00

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia

12.4. Expenditure policy of the provincial councils. 2001

(thousands of euros)

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain*
General services	161.961	13.174	19.016	8.763	17.886	12.447	18.499	16.600	55.576	856.899
Public safety	14.767	391	3.456	2.188	1.172	2.524	-	1.382	3.654	122.186
Social security, protection and promotion	243.290	33.338	46.260	17.123	31.162	8.949	28.957	26.979	50.521	1.059.747
Social public goods output	212.854	29.089	33.765	27.610	11.774	21.594	15.921	47.408	25.693	1.635.865
Output of economic goods	237.790	20.681	17.748	22.442	39.396	22.640	9.478	26.871	78.534	1.359.459
General economic regulation	211.707	3.654	8.883	14.923	6.245	7.603	4.814	20.452	145.132	451.378
Economic regulation of productive sectors	37.131	2.025	5.175	968	3.155	2.783	1.575	6.184	15.266	255.364
Transferences to public Administrations	108.320	3.534	17.958	17.243	16.906	3.708	32.581	1.599	14.791	7.762.192
National debt	209.651	15.536	18.505	27.484	23.632	15.242	25.789	32.935	50.527	794.592
Total	1.437.471	121.422	170.766	138.744	151.329	97.490	137.614	180.412	439.694	14.297.681

SOURCE: Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the local organisms

*Includes Common and Regional regimes and town councils.

For more information:

- Regional Government Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the Autonomous Community of Andalusia
- Ministry of the Treasury. The Budget of the local organisms
- Ministry of the Treasury. Settlement of the budget of the local organisms
- IEA. Statistics of the settled budgets of the local corporations of Andalusia

13

Social services and social protection

This chapter offers statistical information on the welfare and care centres that exist in Andalusia at the disposal of different groups; it also offers information on

the number of foster families, adoptions and beneficiaries of social and economic benefits.

13.1. Social services community centres and their workforce by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Social work units	53	85	70	97	32	91	118	130	676
Social work zones	21	22	27	26	9	23	33	46	207
Staff	573	1.083	1.250	2.357	342	778	1.016	1.293	8.692

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs

13.2. Women's care centres by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Women's care centres	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Municipal information centres	12	16	17	22	18	20	19	42	166
Maltreated women's care centres	6	4	4	5	4	4	6	6	39
Emergency homes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Refuge	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
Protected flats	4	2	2	3	2	2	4	4	23

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Presidency. Andalusian Woman's Institute

13.3. Youth care centres by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Youth hostel network									
Youth hostels	1	3	1	3	2	1	2	2	15
Hostel-campsites	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	4
Campsites	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Total	2	4	1	3	3	2	3	2	20
Youth information centres	38	44	57	37	46	32	34	89	377

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Presidency. Andalusian Youth Institute

13.4. Cases admitted for treatment according to main drugs used by age band and gender. 2003 (percentage)

	Age bands								Total	Gender	
	Under 15	From 15 to 19	From 20 to 24	From 25 to 29 años	From 30 to 34	From 25 to 39	From 40 to 44	45 and over		Men	Women
Heroin	-	0,55	5,46	14,30	25,41	31,77	15,19	7,32	100	83,80	16,20
Heroin and cocaine	-	0,96	7,16	16,78	26,23	26,37	14,94	7,54	100	88,36	11,64
Other opiates	-	1,23	8,09	16,91	26,23	24,02	13,97	9,56	100	85,00	15,00
Cocaine	0,11	8,94	23,62	24,33	18,19	13,00	7,01	4,80	100	89,50	10,50
Anfetamines	-	7,69	46,15	23,08	7,69	-	-	15,38	100	84,62	15,38
MDMA* and by products	2,17	19,57	54,35	19,57	2,17	2,17	-	-	100	80,85	19,15
Hipnotics and sedatives	-	16,81	21,01	10,08	8,40	13,45	10,08	20,17	100	59,66	40,34
Cannabis	1,80	27,45	36,75	16,24	7,60	5,51	2,66	1,99	100	88,79	11,21
Alcohol	-	0,61	3,16	6,83	12,58	19,64	20,38	36,79	100	83,99	16,01
Other substances	0,20	3,13	5,27	7,13	12,40	18,60	19,34	33,94	100	58,22	41,78
Average	0,16	4,30	10,49	13,46	17,40	19,92	14,97	19,29	100	82,76	17,24

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs

*MDMA: ecstasy.

13.5. Foster families and adoptions by province. 2003

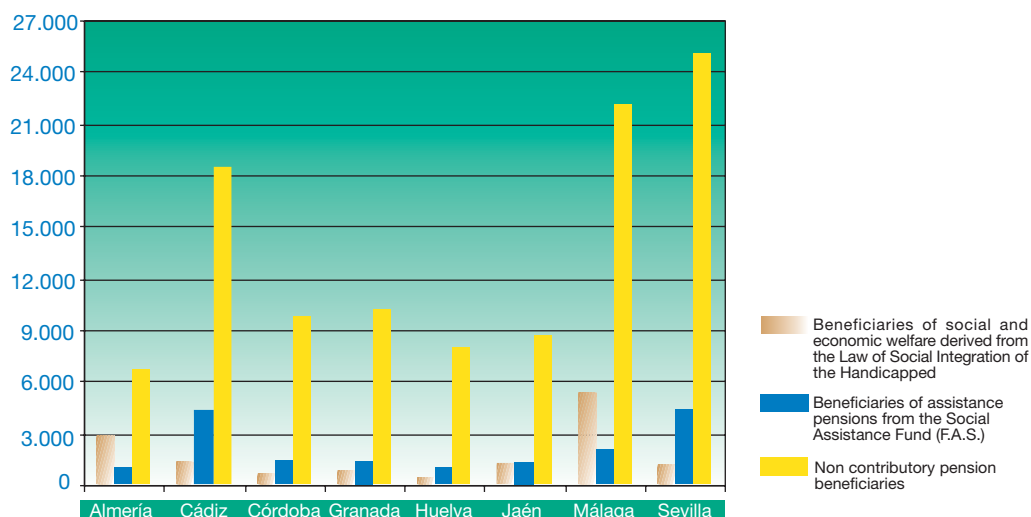
	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia	
Foster families										
In process		29	151	81	60	60	54	95	132	662
Formalised		15	59	49	23	47	25	45	57	320
Adoptions										
National adoption applications		32	40	29	41	26	21	39	71	299
International adoption applications		96	200	76	92	49	72	215	231	1.031
Proposed adoptions		13	55	16	31	9	20	5	41	190
Approved adoptions		10	39	27	53	11	12	51	65	268

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs

Foster families: social protection measure by which a minor is temporarily introduced into a family, which is not made up by his natural parents or guardians. The foster family assumes the care of the minor without there being a change in the patria potestas or guardianship.

Adoptions: judicial protection measure by which a minor is introduced into a family, which is not his by birth, in a definitive way with the same consideration, rights and duties as the natural children. The adopting family takes on all the obligation of the patria potestas, disappearing, except in exceptional cases, all links between the minor and his natural parents.

13.6. Financial assistance beneficiaries according to type by province. 2003 (data up to december)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs. Andalusian Institute of Social Services

Beneficiaries of non contributory retirement pensions: people of sixty five or over without sufficient resources are entitled to this type of pension, although they have never paid contributions or have done so insufficiently. They must have resided in Spanish territory or in a member country of the European Union for ten years, in the period between the date of the applicant's 16th birthday and that of the pension, of which two must be consecutive and immediately previous to the date of application.

Beneficiaries of non contributory disability pensions: people between eighteen and sixty five that have a disability or chronic illness of 65% or over, or who want to obtain the economic complement of 50% for third person's help, have a disability or chronic illness of 75% and over and above the established scale are entitled to this type of pension. They must reside in Spanish territory, having done so in this or in the territory of a member country of the European Union during a five year-old period, of which two must be consecutive and immediately previous to the date of presentation of the application.

Benefits of the Law of Social Integration of the Handicapped (LISMI): the object of these benefits is to provide disabled people with the necessary means for the exercise of their rights, and to guarantee the minimum economic, juridical and social resources.

Benefits for illness/old age from the Social Assistance Fund (F.A.S.): they are benefits in favour of people whose revenues, their own or their families, are insufficient to cover the basic needs.

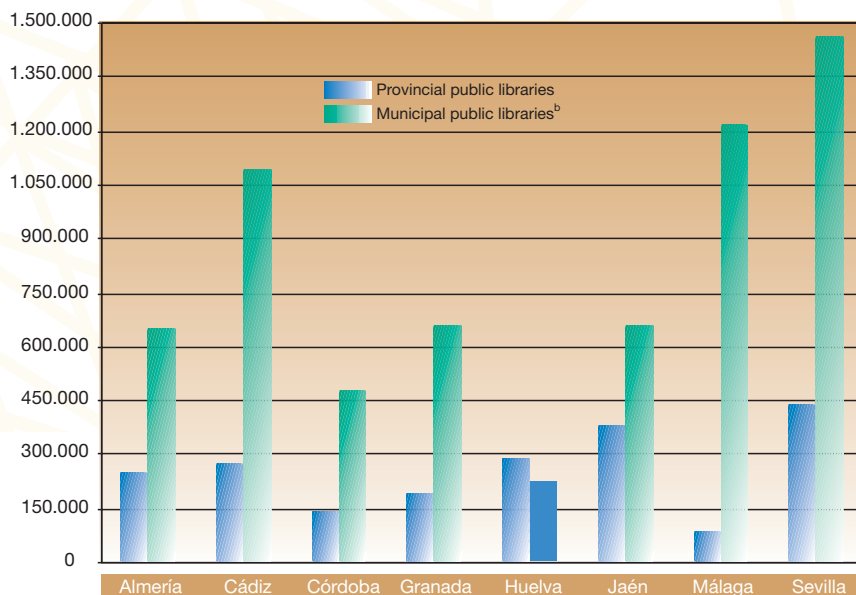
- For more information:
- IEA. Social indicators of Andalusia
 - Regional Government Ministry of Social Affairs. Annual Memorandum of the Andalusian plan on drugs
 - Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Yearbook of labour statistics and social affairs
 - Ministry of Work and Social Affairs. Bulletin of labour statistics and social affairs
 - INSERSO. Statistical bulletin of basic data (published until 1996)
 - IMSERSO. Annual Memorandum

14 Culture

This chapter offers data that reveal aspects relating to culture, as much on the visits to libraries, museums, and archaeological remains or monumental sites, as on the side of supply, through, for example, real estate of

cultural interest that exists in the Autonomous Community of Andalusia or the volume of publishing production.

14.1. Visitors^a to provincial and municipal public libraries in Andalusia. 2003



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

^aPeople coming to library in order to use its services or to participate in its activities (own books or notes study, library books and documents consult, lendings, inquiries, cultural activities, etc.) are regarded as visitors.

^bProvisional data.

Library Statistics. INE. Their objective are to know the number of libraries and service points existing in Spain, as well as their funds and movements, equipment, workforce, activity and expenses. This study is carried out by type of library and by autonomous community and province.

This study is made biennially and its scope extends to all the libraries installed in the Spanish territory, whatever their administrative dependency, except the private ones

which are not open to the public. The information refers to the natural year, although some characteristics refer to 31 of December of the studied year.

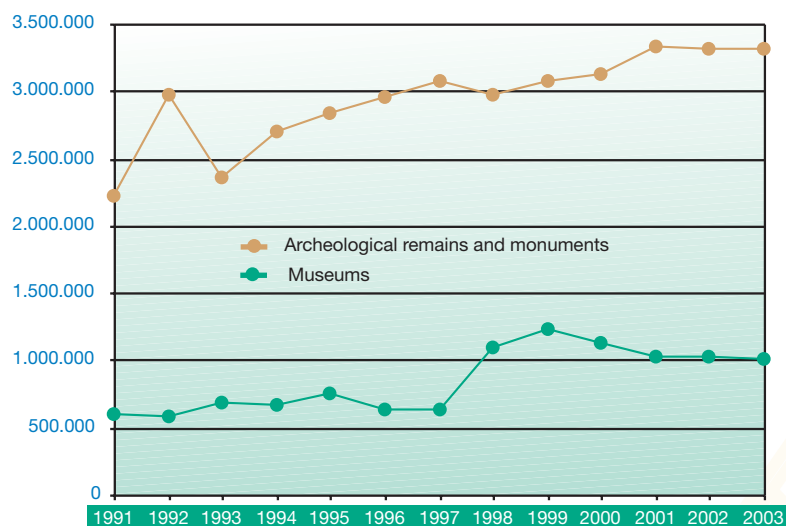
The INE has made these statistics since 1960. However, they were reconstructed in 1972 to adapt to the recommendations of the UNESCO in the conference of 1970.

14.2. Real estate under protection order according to cultural interest by province. 2003
(data on 31st December)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Designated as Places of Cultural Interest									
Monuments	157	166	193	210	70	244	161	257	1.458
Ancient Monuments	3	22	10	12	15	11	8	13	94
Archeological remains	14	7	5	11	6	-	14	14	71
Historical sites	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Historical gardens	-	-	3	4	-	-	3	2	12
Total	174	195	211	237	92	255	186	286	1.636
Files opened for preservation notices as Places of Cultural Interest									
Monuments	36	20	20	48	20	27	37	16	224
Ancient Monuments	-	4	1	3	6	15	4	3	36
Archeological remains	9	1	3	14	3	4	27	4	65
Historical sites	-	-	-	-	6	-	1	1	8
Historical gardens	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Total	45	25	24	65	35	46	69	25	334
With files opened for registration in the General Catalogue of the Andalusian Historical Heritage									
Genérica	-	1	-	2	2	1	4	-	10
Colective generic	46	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	73
Monuments	-	3	1	2	-	-	1	1	8
Archeological remains	5	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	9
Places of ethnological interest	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
Total	51	32	1	6	4	2	5	1	102
Registered in the General Catalogue of the Andalusian Historical Heritage									
Genérica	8	2	20	1	12	12	8	10	73
Colective generic	191	5	140	1	19	65	3	3	427
Monuments	5	10	9	3	1	2	4	15	49
Archeological remains	1	1	2	1	1	4	1	-	11
Historical sites	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Places of ethnological interest	-	3	-	1	1	1	-	3	9
Total	205	22	171	7	34	84	16	31	570

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

14.3. Evolution of the number of visitors to Andalusian museums, archeological remains and monuments. 1991-2003



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture

14.4. Editorial production by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Monographs	141	236	655	1.150	105	320	627	2.199	5.433
Pamphlets	29	65	184	123	27	50	82	252	812
Periodicals	21	41	47	58	5	18	51	109	350
Sheets	6	18	26	49	2	17	-	91	209
Cassettes	-	-	80	3	-	-	-	24	107
Maps	-	75	15	2	-	2	1	16	111
Post cards ^a	21	2	8	72	1	16	122	48	290
C.D.	52	29	262	90	13	10	3	188	647
Posters	7	34	163	10	13	11	2	139	379
DVD	-	7	8	3	1	1	-	1	21
Other ^b	5	10	18	27	7	11	8	85	171
Total	282	517	1.466	1.587	174	456	896	3.152	8.530

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Culture. Andalusian Book Catalogue Number

^aIncludes: post cards, cards, christmas cards.

^bIncludes: videos, LP albums and singles, music sheets, mixed publications, on-line publications, etc.

For more information:

- Regional Government Ministry of Culture
- INE. Statistics of editorial production of books
- INE. Library statistics
- Regional Government Ministry of Culture. Andalusian Book Catalogue Number

15 Leisure

In this chapter data relating to cinema spectators, sport, the volume of games and the time destined to watching television and the number of bullfighting events is offered, giving, in this way, an idea of the use that Andalusian people make of their free time.

15.1. Spectators and takings in cinemas by province. 2001

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Spectators										
National films	3.470.063	213.972	510.228	269.897	421.142	151.063	267.501	730.936	905.324	26.205.964
Foreign films	17.061.820	1.039.410	2.783.031	1.185.100	1.847.608	646.148	1.091.734	3.890.254	4.578.535	120.604.530
Total	20.531.883	1.253.382	3.293.259	1.454.997	2.268.750	797.211	1.359.235	4.621.190	5.483.859	146.810.494
Takings (thousands of euros)										
National films	12.509	789	1.702	990	1.464	584	861	2.771	3.348	110.183
Foreign films	62.274	3.837	9.462	4.259	6.450	2.520	3.580	14.975	17.191	506.246
Total	74.783	4.626	11.164	5.249	7.915	3.103	4.441	17.746	20.539	616.428
Average spending by spectator (euros)										
National films	3,60	3,69	3,34	3,67	3,48	3,86	3,22	3,79	3,70	4,20
Foreign films	3,65	3,69	3,40	3,59	3,49	3,90	3,28	3,85	3,75	4,20
In general	3,64	3,69	3,39	3,61	3,49	3,89	3,27	3,84	3,75	4,20

SOURCE: INE. Cinematography

15.2. Bull fights by province. 2003*

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Bull fights	22	40	14	14	15	32	39	30	206
Bull fights with novice bulfighter and picadores	4	18	7	4	3	16	16	16	84
Bull fights with novice bulfighters without picadores	2	8	2	11	1	9	27	13	73
Bull fights with young bulls	2	2	6	4	2	5	42	6	69
Comic bull fights	4	9	5	6	9	11	2	7	53
Bullfighting festivals	8	30	4	7	14	19	7	6	95
Bull fights on horseback	2	8	6	4	5	10	9	8	52
Popular festivals	2	44	42	44	41	161	17	24	375
Total	46	159	86	94	90	263	159	110	1.007

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

*Does not include mixed performances.

Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport. It provides statistics of the sporting activity of the population, registering the sporting habits of the Andalusian

population, the basic characteristics of public and private sport facilities, as well as the degrees of accessibility, coverage and frequency of use of the mentioned facilities.

15.3. Licences of the main sporting activities by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Andalusian basketball federation	9.393	3.398	21.020	1.849	2.436	3.973	9.941	12.716	64.726
Andalusian handball federation	1.966	916	959	1.163	1.019	708	2.060	1.495	10.286
Andalusian hunting federation	6.852	12.173	14.921	14.275	13.531	15.077	17.192	9.553	103.574
Andalusian soccer federation	7.263	16.511	9.400	9.724	5.985	6.587	16.074	24.336	95.880
Andalusian indoor soccer federation	1.138	3.072	1.559	88	670	784	2.718	265	10.294
Andalusian golf federation	1.883	7.799	944	1.421	1.946	559	17.627	4.094	36.273
Andalusian karate federation	472	439	384	594	156	528	1.583	1.076	5.232
Andalusian game fishing federation	11.419
Andalusian tennis federation	388	413	504	605	178	397	613	2.842	5.940
Andalusian olimpic shooting federation	1.334	1.032	786	907	240	660	1.939	1.289	8.187
Andalusian sailing federation	519	4.332	126	104	334	3	1.309	213	6.940
Total*	38.100	61.580	57.606	40.853	31.237	35.145	85.356	75.786	437.230

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport

*Includes all sporting licences in Andalusia.

15.4. Volume of gambling according to type by province. 2003

(thousands of euros)

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
Casinos	-	61.860	-	-	-	-	202.839	-	264.699
Bingos	25.293	120.032	32.237	29.819	40.089	11.320	157.987	103.954	520.731
Machines type B	148.992	197.016	119.336	152.784	107.220	113.200	253.244	307.782	1.399.574
National lotteries	111.710	151.018	108.360	132.284	54.654	91.997	241.967	215.025	1.107.014

SOURCES: Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office
Ministry of the Treasury. Lotteries and Statal Bets

Machines type B: recreational machines with a prize that, in return for the price of the game, give the users a time to play and, eventually, a prize whose value cannot exceed twenty times the price of the game. This type of instrument must return at least 75% of the bets carried out.

Yearbook of Television Audiences. SOFRES, Media Audiences. It provides data and illustrative analysis on television audience tendencies. For this it measures and controls the television audience through audiometric means, basing their investigation on a panel of representative homes from the population to whom the audiometers are provided.

The panel is formed from homes in the Peninsula, Balears and the Canary Islands with television and all the

individuals of 4 years and over who live in them. The regional sample is not proportional, since it has been oversized in some communities with autonomous television, with the purpose of guaranteeing sufficient sample for studies that include percentage wise reduced variables. At the moment, more than 3.305 homes exist in the panel.

15.5. Daily time spent watching television by day and its distribution according to channel. 2002 (percentage)

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Weekly average
Andalusia								
Time (minutes)	223	217	216	216	209	206	221	216
Distribution (%)								
Public	31,1	30,1	29,6	27,9	28,4	28,6	28,0	29,1
Private	39,1	40,5	41,3	42,0	40,6	39,7	42,1	40,7
Autonomous	22,6	21,9	21,8	22,5	22,3	21,9	19,5	21,8
Digital	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,6	3,0	3,6	4,0	3,0
Local	2,0	2,2	2,2	2,3	2,9	3,2	3,2	2,6
Other	2,5	2,7	2,5	2,7	2,8	3,0	3,2	2,8
Spain								
Time (minutes)	216	212	211	209	204	202	221	211
Distribution (%)								
Public	34,4	32,9	32,6	32,4	31,6	31,9	31,0	32,4
Private	41,9	42,6	43,0	42,7	42,8	41,2	43,1	42,5
Autonomous	17,2	17,9	17,8	18,2	17,9	18,1	17,0	17,7
Digital	3,1	3,1	3,1	3,2	3,5	4,2	4,4	3,5
Local	1,8	2,0	1,9	2,0	2,6	2,7	2,7	2,2
Other	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,8	1,8	1,6

SOURCE: SOFRES. Media Audiences. Yearbook of Television Audiences

For more information:

- Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office
- Regional Government Ministry of Tourism and Sport
- INE. Statistical Yearbook of Spain
- Ministry of Education, Culture and Sport. Cinematography and Visual Arts Institute
- Office for Justification of Dissemination (OJD)
- SOFRES. Media Audiences. Yearbook of Television Audiences

16

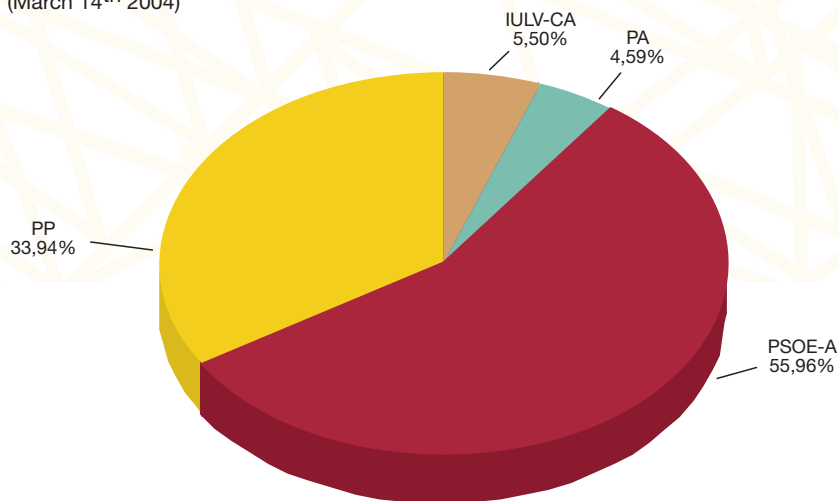
Social participation and justice

This chapter offers data on electoral and other forms of participation, such as those happening through complaints to the Andalusian Ombudsman or that citizens carry out when participating, according to their rights, in demonstrations. Information relating to the Andalusian

judicial activity that takes place in courts and the crimes that are to be solved in them is provided.

16.1. Composition of the Andalusian Parliament

(March 14th 2004)



SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

*Provisional data.

PSOE-A: Partido Socialista Obrero Español de Andalucía (Spanish Socialist Party of Andalusia).

PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).

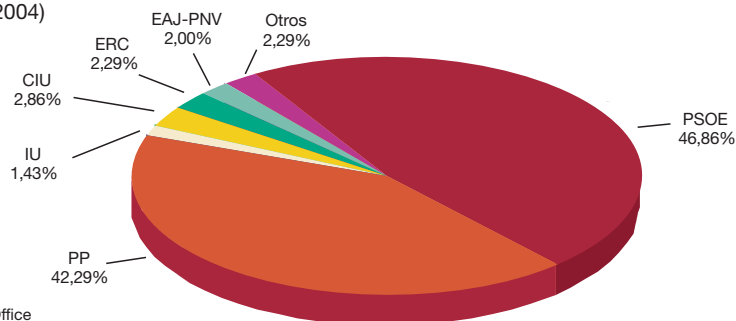
IULV-CA: Izquierda Unida-Los verdes-Convocatoria por Andalucía (United Left Front-the Green Party of Andalusia).

PA: Partido Andalucista (Andalusian Party).

Voters in the Andalusian parliamentary elections: voters are all the Spanish people who, having suffrage, are in a municipal register of the Autonomous Community or, living abroad, had their last administrative residence in Andalusia.

16.2. Composition of the congress of Deputies*

(March 14th 2004)



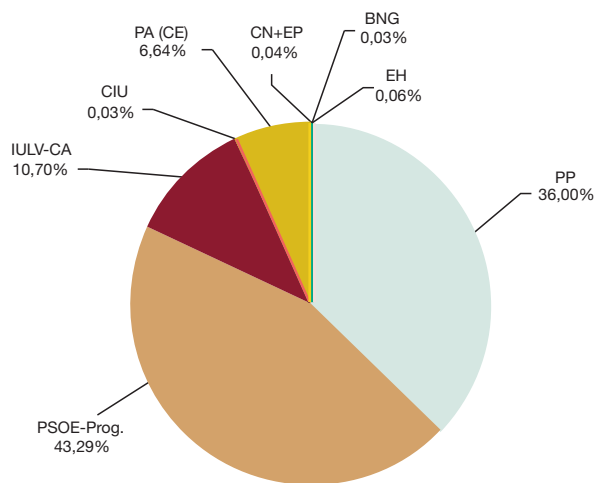
SOURCE: Home Office

*Provisional data.

PSOE: Partido Socialista Obrero Español (Spanish Socialist Party).
 PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).
 IU: Izquierda Unida (United Left Front).
 CIU: Convergència i Unió (Convergence and Union - Catalan National Party).
 ERC: Esquerra Republicana de Catalunya (Catalan Republican Left Front).
 EAJ-PNV: Eusko Alderdi Jeltzalea-Partido Nacionalista Vasco (Basque National Party).

General Election Voters: are all Spaniards over 18, in full use of their civil rights, resident in Spain or abroad.

16.3. Results in Andalusia of the elections to the European Parliament held on 13th June 1999^{ab}



SOURCE: Central Election Committee - Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office

^aOnly the candidates who obtained representation have been included.

^bCalculated on valid votes.

PP: Partido Popular (Popular Party).
 PSOE-Prog.: Partido Socialista Obrero Español-progresistas (Spanish Socialist Party-progressive).
 IULV-CA: Izquierda Unida-Los Verdes-Convocatoria por Andalucía (United Left Front-the Green Party of Andalusia).
 CIU: Convergència i Unió (Convergence and Union - Catalan National Party).
 CE: Coalición Europea (European Coalition).
 CN+EP: Coalición Nacionalista+Europa de los Pueblos (National Coalition and People's Europe).
 BNG: Bloque Nacionalista Galego (Galician National Party).
 EH: Euskal Herriarrok (Basque Independence Party).

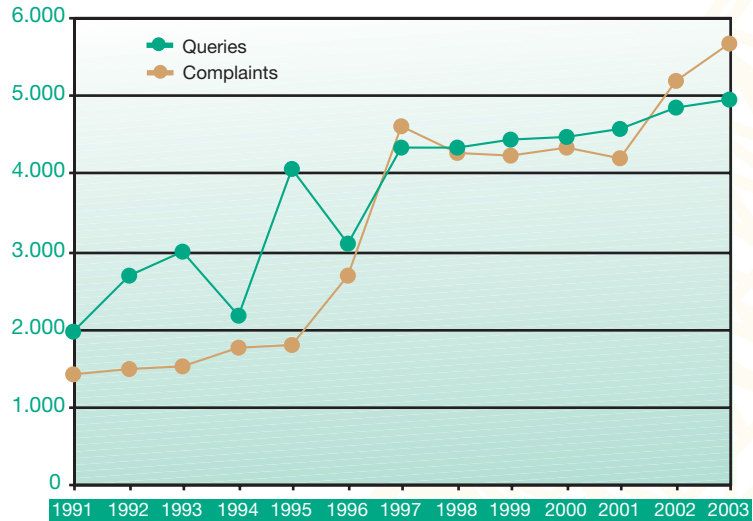
European Parliamentary Elections voters: are all the Spanish General Election voters and foreign nationals belonging to the member countries of the European Union that, living in Spain, choose to vote in their place of residence.

16.4. Queries and complaints made to the Andalusian Ombudsman. 2003

	Queries	Complaints
Almería	236	360
Cádiz	657	768
Córdoba	289	299
Granada	329	376
Huelva	329	280
Jaén	233	316
Málaga	552	667
Sevilla	2.747	1.442
Other provinces	269	434
Total	5.641	4.942

SOURCE: Andalusian Ombudsman

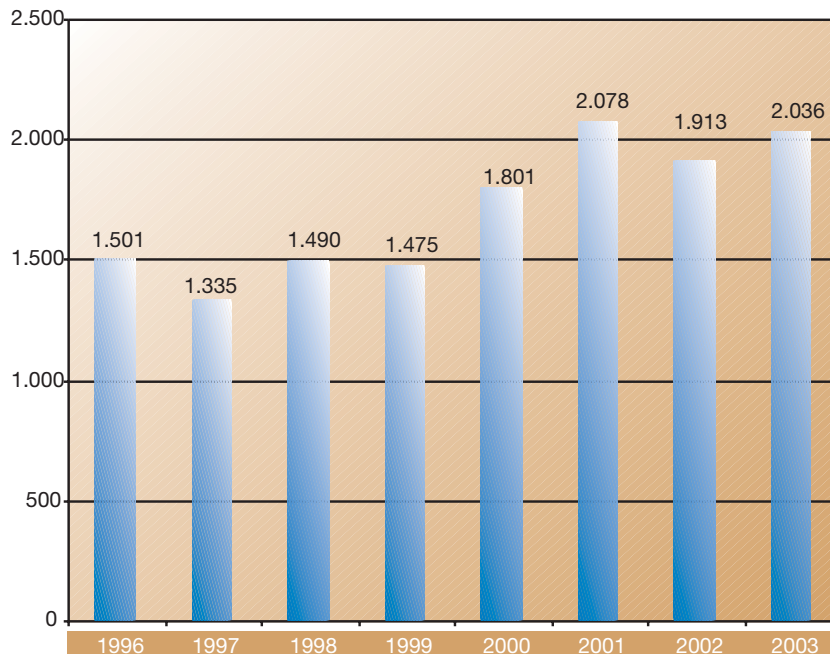
16.5. Evolution of the queries and complaints made to the Andalusian Ombudsman*. 1991-2003



SOURCE: Andalusian Ombudsman

*Since 1998 the queries made by other provinces to Andalusia have been included.

16.6. Evolution of the number of demonstrations in Andalusia. 1996-2003



SOURCE: Government Delegation in Andalusia

16.7. Courts in operation by province. 2003

	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Andalusia
High Courts									
Civil and criminal courts	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Appeal courts against administrative decisions	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3
Social and labour courts	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	3
Provincial courts									
Civil and criminal divisions	3	7	3	-	3	3	-	-	19
Civil divisions	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	4	9
Criminal divisions	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	4	10
Courts									
Courts of first instance	6	5	8	13	6	-	21	23	82
Magistrates' courts	5	4	7	8	4	-	19	21	68
First instance and magistrates' courts	15	44	19	18	12	28	32	32	200
Registry of births, marriages and deaths	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Deans' courts	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Criminal courts	3	10	4	7	4	3	10	13	54
Appeal courts against administrative decisions	2	5	3	3	2	2	4	7	28
Social and labour courts	3	6	4	8	3	4	10	11	49
Surveillance courts	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Juvenile courts	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	11
Justice courts	94	30	63	159	73	87	89	90	685

SOURCE: Regional Government Ministry of Justice and Public Administration

Judicial statistics of Spain. INE. This publication gathers annually, since 1959, with provincial detail, the activity of the courts of the different judicial fields, with exception of the courts for social affairs. The information extends to very diverse variables: number of cases,

sentences, types of crimes, punishments imposed, etc.

The information is collected in bulletins that, on a monthly, quarterly or biannual basis, are filled in by the courts.

16.8. Crimes according to nature by province. 2002

	Andalusia	Almería	Cádiz	Córdoba	Granada	Huelva	Jaén	Málaga	Sevilla	Spain
Homicide	1.282	130	287	81	149	46	45	278	266	6.726
Against freedom	155	26	28	9	13	5	6	45	23	753
Sexual offences	202	23	32	23	16	6	11	42	49	1.057
Failure to give assistance	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	24
Against a person's privacy	5	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	56
Against a person's honour/reputation	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	39
Domestic crimes	437	39	71	22	52	10	33	120	90	2.332
Against property	8.238	639	1.519	609	1.341	151	376	1.963	1.640	37.944
Against the environment	45	2	5	2	8	1	10	6	11	137
Collective security offences	15	-	3	3	1	1	-	6	1	78
Public health offences	2.230	181	940	51	160	71	65	556	206	7.406
Road traffic offences	4.778	313	753	439	842	76	348	1.028	979	28.201
Fraud and forgery	295	26	57	16	48	3	17	77	51	1.802
Against public administration	26	-	6	1	4	-	1	8	6	118
Against justice proceedings	667	28	121	56	88	13	42	150	169	3.303
Against the Constitution	11	2	3	-	-	-	2	4	-	86
Breach of the peace	887	57	177	49	97	18	26	303	160	3.584
Against peace and independence	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	33
Against the international community	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offences treated jointly	1.465	95	280	75	144	33	54	532	252	7.652
Not recorded	65	2	27	2	2	-	3	15	14	700
Total	20.813	1.564	4.311	1.438	2.966	434	1.040	5.142	3.918	102.031

SOURCE: INE. Judicial statistics of Spain

For more information:

- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. General Elections in Andalusia
- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Parliamentary Elections in Andalusia
- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Referendums in Andalusia
- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Local Elections in Andalusia
- IEA-Regional Government Ministry of the Home Office. Election Statistics in Andalusia
- Regional Government Ministry of Justice and Public Administration
- The Ombudsman of Andalusia
- Annual Memorandum of General Council of Judicial Power
- Annual Memorandum of Ministry of Work and Social Affairs
- INE. Judicial statistics of Spain
- Home Office. Statistical Yearbook

17

The great numbers of the Andalusian economy

The evolution of the great regional numbers (economic macro-magnitudes) is presented in this chapter: the gross domestic product, the gross value added, the remuneration of wage-earners and gross surplus of operation/mixed income, coming from the Regional Accounting of Andalusia (annually and quarterly) and from the Regional Accounting of Spain. Data of provincial distribution of the gross value added are also offered.

Likewise, the macroeconomic picture of Andalusia referring to 2001 is included, showing the different components of the gross domestic product at market prices from the angles of demand, supply and generation of income.

17.1. Evolution of the main macro-magnitudes. 1995-2001

(millions of euros)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999 ^a	2000 ^b	2001 ^c
Andalusia							
Gross domestic product at market prices ^d	58.384	60.190	63.616	67.013	70.430	73.684	76.513
Gross value added at basic prices ^d	53.521	55.225	58.305	61.282	64.366	67.154	69.793
Remuneration of the workforce	25.902	27.667	28.953	31.127	33.684	36.521	39.343
Gross operating surplus/Mixed income	27.253	28.639	30.917	32.889	35.642	38.719	41.915
Spain							
Gross domestic product at market prices ^d	437.787	448.457	466.513	486.785	507.346	528.714	543.746
Gross value added at basic prices ^d	403.516	412.974	428.583	445.909	463.475	482.538	496.732
Remuneration of the workforce	218.493	231.028	245.977	263.640	282.986	306.094	327.045
Gross operating surplus/Mixed income	181.266	192.230	202.588	213.650	225.067	241.443	261.312

SOURCES: IEA. Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-2001
INE. National accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002

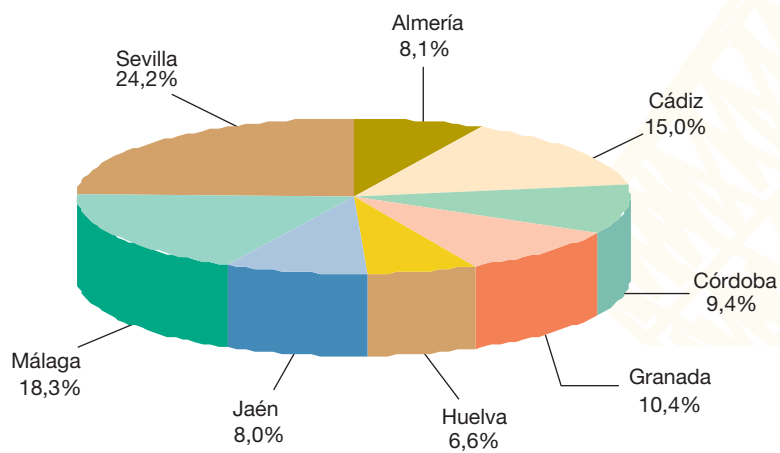
^aProvisional data for Andalusia and final for Spain.

^bProvisional data for Andalusia and Spain.

^cAdvanced data for Andalusia and provisional for Spain.

^dConstant prices of 1995.

17.2. Provincial distribution of the regional gross value added at basic prices. 2001* (percentage)



SOURCE: INE. Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002

*Advanced data.

Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002. INE. This is a set of charts and tables whose aim is to give a systematic and comparable vision of the economic activity of the Spanish regions. The INE has elaborated the Regional accounting since 1980, and recently it has

changed the base year to 1995. This publication is integrated in the European System of Accounts (SEC) and uses the definitions and standards established by this system.

Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-2001. IEA. With the Input-Output framework referring to 1995 (MIOAN-95) the elaboration of the System of Economic Accounting of Andalusia begins. This system integrates the Annual regional accounting of Andalusia whose objective is to know the main economic magnitudes of the different branches of activity in Andalusia and their

evolution, as well as to allow the comparison of results with those obtained in other territorial areas.

This study adopts the methodology of the new European System of Accounts (SEC-95), effective in the European Union.

17.3. Andalusian macro-economic table. 2001*

(current prices)

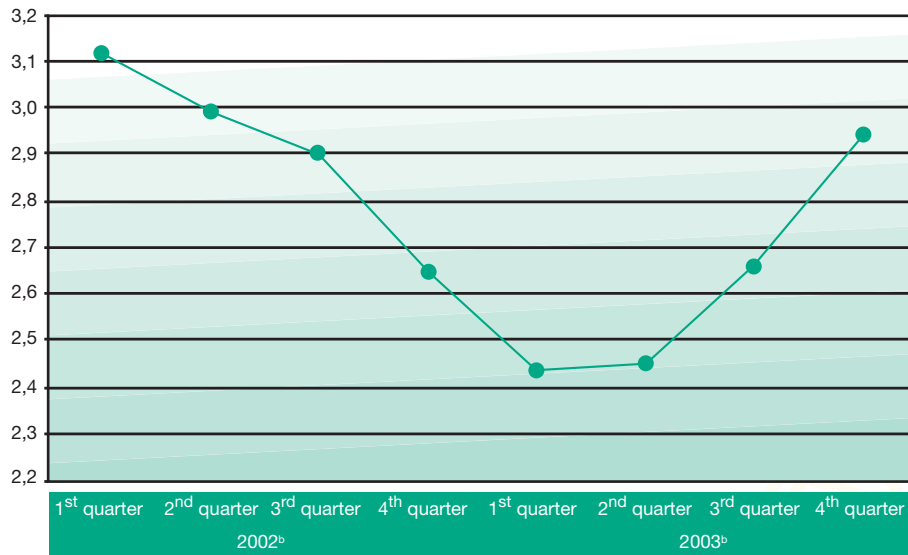
	Thousands of euros	%
Demand		
Final domestic consumption expenditure	72.675.682	86,43%
Individual domestic consumption expenditure	56.558.224	67,26%
Expenditure in individual consumption of public administrations and non profit making institutions at the service of homes	10.488.747	12,47%
Collective consumption expenditure	5.628.711	6,69%
Gross capital formation	25.423.082	30,23%
Domestic demand	98.098.764	116,66%
Foreign balance	-14.011.020	-16,66%
Gross domestic product at market prices	84.087.744	100,00%
Offer		
Total gross value added at basic prices	75.781.816	90,12%
Gross value added of the primary sector at basic prices	4.691.506	5,58%
Gross value added of the industrial sector at basic prices	11.765.025	13,99%
Gross value added of the construction sector at basic prices	8.696.091	10,34%
Gross value added of the services sector at basic prices	53.490.761	63,61%
Indirectly measured financial intermediation service	-2.861.567	-3,40%
Net taxes on products	8.305.927	9,88%
Net taxes on products excluding VAT	2.180.478	2,59%
VAT	6.125.449	7,28%
Gross domestic product at market prices	84.087.744	100,00%
Income		
Remuneration of workforce	36.521.493	43,43%
Gross operating surplus	30.555.017	36,34%
Mixed incomes	8.163.545	9,71%
Net taxes on products and imports	8.847.688	10,52%
Gross domestic product at market prices	84.087.744	100,00%

SOURCE: IEA. Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-2001

*Advanced data.

Gross Domestic Product at market prices (GDPmp) = Gross Value Added (GVA) at basic prices + Indirectly measured financial intermediation service + Net taxes on products excluding VAT + Value Added Tax (VAT) = Remuneration of workforce + Gross operating surplus + Mixed incomes + Net taxes on production + Other net taxes on production = Final domestic consumption expenditure (Individual domestic consumption expenditure + Expenditure in individual consumption of public administrations and non profit making institutions at the service of homes + Collective consumption expenditure) + Gross capital formation + Goods and services exported at market prices - Goods and services imported at market prices.

17.4. Evolution of the rate of inter-annual growth of the gross domestic product at market prices^a in Andalusia. 1st quarter 2002 - 4th quarter 2003 (constant prices of 1995)



SOURCE: IEA. Regional quarterly accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995

^aCíclic-tendency.
^bAdvanced data.

17.5. Growth of the gross domestic product^a and its components^b. 2002-2003 (constant prices of 1995)

	Nominal growth 2002-2003 (%)	Real growth 2002-2003 (%)
Agricultural and fishing sector	-4,4	-7,4
Non agrarian gross value added at basic prices	7,3	3,2
Industrial sector	5,3	2,6
Construction	13,5	7,4
Services sector	6,6	2,6
Gross value added at basic prices	6,6	2,3
Gross domestic product at market prices	7,0	2,6

SOURCE: IEA. Regional quarterly accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995

^aCíclic-tendency.
^bAdvanced data.

For more information:

- IEA. Annual regional accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995. Series 1995-2001
- INE. National accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002
- INE. Regional accounts of Spain. Base 1995. Series 1995-2002
- IEA. Regional quarterly accounts of Andalusia. Base 1995